

THE NAPANEE

Historical Society

Vol. LVI) No 18 - E J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA-FT

THE DOMINION BANK

Head Office, Toronto
Sir Edmund B. Osler, M.P., President W. D. Matthews, Vice-President
C. A. Bogert, General Manager

Capital Paid Up \$6,000,000 Reserve Fund \$7,000,000

Savings Department

Place your savings in the Bank.
Interest paid on deposits of \$1.00 and upwards.

NAPANEE BRANCH: F. COTTLE, Manager.

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

Capital Paid up.....\$7,000,000
Rest and Undivided Profits... 7,250,984
Total Deposits.....72,177,029
Total Assets.....96,361,363

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid.
Farmers' Business Solicited and General Banking Business transacted.

Napanee E. R. CHECKLEY Mgr.
Branch.

Yarker Branch. R. M. MACPHERSON, Mgr.

PAUL'S BOOKSTORE

THE RUSH FOR

Wallpaper

Is Now On.

Everyone is delighted with our stock both as regards quality and prices.

I would like to suggest to our many town customers that they shop every day, either before noon or after four o'clock, and if possible any day but Saturday.

Our many rural customers cannot get to town early and they must go home early, so that we try to serve them while they are here. Our town customers will realize that they can be served more satisfactorily when we are not so rushed as during mid-day and Saturday. If you must come in the noon hours come along. We'll be glad to see you.

We have a splendid stock of PAINTS, MOULDINGS, SHADES, and other housecleaning necessities.

ADMINISTRATRIX' NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the estate of Cynthia Frink, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 121, of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1914, Section 56, and amending Acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Cynthia Frink, late of the Township of Ernestown, in the County of Lennox and Addington, Widow, deceased, who died on or about the 6th day of February, A.D., 1917, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid to John English, Napanee, Ontario, Solicitor for Bertha Snider, Administratrix of the estate of the said Cynthia Frink, deceased, on or before the 1st Day of May, A.D., 1917, their christian and surname, addresses and descriptions, with full particulars of their claims or demands duly verified, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 1st Day of May, A. D., 1917, the said Administratrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which she shall then have received notice, and will not be responsible for the said assets, or any part thereof so distributed, to any person or persons of whose claims or demands she shall not have received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

JOHN ENGLISH,

Solicitor for the said Administratrix

Dated this 28th day of March, 1917. 17d

WE WANT

SCRAP IRON

OF ALL KINDS

-at-

NAPANEE IRON WORKS

WE PAY

75c. Cash per 100 Pounds

for Cast Iron Scrap. Delivered at our works.

Correspondingly HIGH PRICES paid for Brass,

War Summary of The Latest Events

On the outskirts of St. Quentin the Anglo-French troops are pressing forward. Wednesday the French outflanked the St. Quentin defences by driving the Germans out of dominating positions to the south and southeast of the doomed town. A position of great importance, extending through the villages of Grugies, Urvillers and Moy, was captured.

North of the Folie Farm, in the same sector, the French advance was so rapid and their attack proved so irresistible that the Germans cleared out in great haste from three lines of trenches. The fighting was carried on during a blinding snowstorm, but, despite the muddy condition of the ground the pressure on the new German line was never relaxed. Along the whole front between the Somme and the Oise the Germans are fighting desperately to retain their ground, yielding reluctantly and stubbornly to superior forces.

The fighting north of the Folie Farm was short, sharp and decisive. The Germans, surprised by the weight and dash of the French assault, were thrown into confusion and bolted for safety, leaving their wounded behind. Three howitzers and several of the German aircraft fell into the hands of the French. The trenches were well protected by wire entanglements, but these proved of no avail when the French troops hurled themselves against the German position. At the southern bend of the line the guns are heavily engaged in the region of Margival and Lafaux.

The German official report admits the French advance at St. Quentin, but describes it as "a violent reconnoitring attack," and states that the German troops abandoned the positions "step by step," making the French pay in "sanguinary sacrifices" for the ground gained.

Enemy aviators bombarded Monastir with asphyxiating gas bombs on Sunday last, according to an official Serbian report received in London. Forty-seven persons were killed and twenty-nine wounded, mostly women and children. Many houses were destroyed. Monastir was the bait that was dangled before Bulgaria. The Serbs, aided by the French, were assigned the difficult task of wresting Monastir from the Bulgars. In the west of the Vardar the road to Monastir is mountainous, but the advance to Monastir brings the Serbian army under Prince Alexander within sight

ODESSA.

Fred Caton has sold his Henderson, Murvale, and ing to Belleville to reside present.

Robert W. Anglin, who business for some time has moved his family there reside on Queen street.

The many friends of were pleased to see him ab to business again, having from an attack of pneumonia. George Lee, who has be for some time, is improvin Albert Timmerman, Kin a few days with friends las Miss Kate Kenyon is vi E. H. Robertson, Violet.

DENBIGH

Our public roads are no most impassible condition. service, which has generall satisfactory, has unavoid somewhat irregular, and over our roads is almost

All the young men from ity who during the winte played in some lumber can tance, have arrived home

Herbert Warlich, who h played in a machine shop er, has also arrived to ass father, P. Stein, who has very good health for some his farm work.

Frank Blackly is away on some important busine

Mr. M. R. Reid, of Sha I.P.S., paid an official vi schools of this vicinity la

Harry John and Ephria Douglas, spent last week-e day visiting relatives here took home with him a lo toes, of which fortunately scarcity here, though the been nearly all disposed

Mr. John Convey, of Patrick, is visiting friend Mines, and called on a fe friends here passing throu lage.

Most of our farmers hav ped their sugar bushes an gathering and boiling do

The Denbigh-Griffith mai changing carriers with the month, Arthur Cranshaw tained the contract for th instead of A. Lockwood, carrier.

THE SUREST MOTH DE WALLACE'S Cedar Fla moths, cockroaches, ants sects. 25c. the package, LACE'S Drug Store Limi

WILTON.

Rain seems to be the c day. It makes everything lie spring. The robins uous as ever.

The Presbyterian Church undergoing some repairs, been thoroughly renovated fine appearance.

the noon hours come along. We'll be glad to see you.

We have a splendid stock of PAINTS, MOULDINGS, SHADES, and other housecleaning necessities, and in

WALLPAPER
We Excel.

PAUL'S BOOKSTORE

RAISE CALVES WITHOUT MILK
BOOKLET FREE

Every Farmer, Dairyman, Cattleman, in fact, everyone who owns cows will profit greatly by reading it.

"Milkless Calves" is the title of a booklet which tells how anyone can raise or veal three or four healthy calves at the cost of one brought up on cow's milk. It shows how you can raise your own best milkers and increase the milk production of your herd—how to veal calves quickly and economically on

Ryde's Cream Calf Meal
BEST FOR CALVES

—the most successful milk substitute on the market—the standard of perfection. Thousands of farmers have used it and nothing else for years. It is not a stock food—it's a complete food that has been definitely proved the best for rearing calves. Guaranteed to give results. A trial is convincing.

FRED. A. PERRY,
Dundas Street,
NAPANEE, ONTARIO.
Opposite Campbell House.

Springtime means Kodak time. Increase the pleasure of your summer outings this year with a Kodak. Kodaks and supplies are sold in Napanee only at WALLACE'S Drug Store Limited.

livered at our works.

Correspondingly HIGH PRICES paid for Brass, Copper, Babbett, Lead, Etc.

5111-

FARM HELP WANTED

Farmers wishing help during the coming season are invited to apply to Mr. G. B. Curran, District Representative of the Ontario Department of Agriculture, Napanee, who has been appointed a Representative of the Ontario Government Public Employment Bureau. Each farmer applying must fill out a card stating the kind of labor they require, wages they are willing to pay, and other information. A large number of farm laborers in United States, returned soldiers, city men and high school boys are available.

WORK WANTED.

Men or women wanting work in Munition Factories, etc., are invited to fill out cards and these will be forwarded to the Zone Bureau, Ottawa. All kinds of help is wanted. Apply to

MR. G. B. CURRAN,
Napanee, Ontario,
Over Merchants Bank

Bicycles.

Our new stock of bicycles is now in. We have a splendid assortment at various prices. Place your order early.
W. J. NORMILE.

Four thousand German soldiers have crossed the line into Holland, seeking food, according to frontier reports. They have been interned at Zwolle.

Monastir from the Bulgars. In the west of the Vardar the road to Monastir is mountainous, but the advance to Monastir brings the Serbian army under Prince Alexander within sight of their native land. It was hard and difficult country in which to fight, but it suited the Serbs. The value of Monastir to the Allies is not so much strategical as political. Its possession was one of the prizes of war for Bulgaria. Its loss will do much to dishearten the Bulgarians, as they now see all the advantages of an alliance with the Central Powers vanishing into nothingness. Artillery and rifle engagements took place north of Monastir on Wednesday.

British merchant vessels sunk by enemy submarines for the week ending April 1st, and including two boats not reported in the previous week, numbered eighteen vessels of sixteen hundred tons and over. Of British vessels under sixteen hundred tons thirteen were sunk in the same period. Vessels unsuccessfully attacked by submarines numbered seventeen. Six fishing vessels fell a prey to the enemy. The failure of the enemy to blockade the British coast is shown by the sailings to and from British ports, which reached a grand total of 4,680 vessels of all nationalities. In addition to the merchant vessels sunk, the British Admiralty reports the loss of a mine-sweeper, which struck a mine on Tuesday. Twenty-four of the crew are reported missing.

On the Canadian front operations are still of a minor character. Night and day the guns pound the enemy trenches and communications, and almost nightly raids take place. Since Sunday last seven raids have been carried out. There is no respite for the enemy. During one of the night raids, says the Canadian War Records' weekly reports, a famous regiment, whose identity is not disclosed, entered the enemy's lines and damaged his dugouts and organization. In a second raid the Canadians drove a German post from a crater, and from this vantage point inflicted heavy losses on the enemy by bombarding them with the bombs they had abandoned in the crater. The Lewis machine gun plays an important part in some of these minor engagements. The enemy's counterattacks are weak. In no case during the past week has a German raiding party entered the Canadian trenches.

The British are pressing forward to the west and north of St. Quentin. The enemy shows no disposition to retire from the town. Wednesday the Germans launched a fierce counter-attack against the British west of St. Quentin in an effort to recover the six guns which the British captured the previous day. Hand-to-hand fighting took place around the six German guns, which the enemy succeeded in reaching. Clubbed rifles were used when the hand grenades gave out, and after a fierce fight at close quarters the British drove the enemy back and dragged the guns to a place of safety. It was a fight after the British soldiers' heart. The total prisoners taken numbered 270, including eight officers.

On the Belgian front field and trench artillery are engaged night and day around Dixmude, the Ferryman's House and Hetsas. The German guns shelled Ramscapelle.

A British mission will visit the United States to discuss with the

s as ever.
The Presbyterian Church undergoing some repairs, been thoroughly renovated, fine appearance.
Re-opening services were Sunday, April 1st, and on very social time was had, of addresses and music.
Many of the farmers a maple syrup. The occasion help to fill the buckets. I at the small sum of \$1.50 Like everything else, a few added for war tax.

The Mission Band Concert decided success, thirty-one ing realized.

The Wilton Dramatic Club play, called "Home Ties," day evening, April 4th.

Then we have Easter, hol are very much needed,, all of a rest.

Mrs. Lorne Storms was c phone on Sunday morning the sad news that her f. Thos. Thompson, had colla street in Kingston on Satu noon and expired in a few His home was in Inverary. very prosperous farmer. M has the sympathy of her r here. Mr. and Mrs. Storm once for the much grieved

Mr. Frank Ward suffered stroke on Tuesday morning ent writing he is some bet

Mr. Cole, of this place, v few weeks in the hospital been stricken again, and t turn again. We hope he w able to come back home.

Miss G. Wemp, Florid spent Sunday at Jas. Lewi

Rev. Scott, Napanee, pr cellent sermons, both mc evening, in the Presbyteri April 1st.

Mr. Clark Walker lost cow from black leg on Wed

Miss Moore, teacher, will ter under the parental ro ley.

Your Old Wheel.

May be made as good small expense. Bring it to will put it in first class cond have a full supply of parts, and fittings.

W. J. NO

Government at Washington close co-operation between and the Allies. The report from the Westminster Gaze is in close touch with George Government. In a Wednesday which lasted th Senator La Follette at Wilson Cabinet for espec cause of the Allies. The s described by Senator Will followed, as "pro-German, pro-Vandal, and anti-Presi Congress and anti-America this stinging rebuke La F the chamber, keeping with distance of the speaker.

War between the United Germany forced all grain ions upward on the Chica Wednesday. For future d wheat the price soared to than double the market pr of peace. There was great over the war when the w opened, and prices for fut ies at once broke the war

Have you tried c Green Tea? None JUDSON'S C

APRIL 16 Monday

New Issue of the Telephone Book.



- ☐ Copy for the next Telephone Directory closes on the above date!
- ☐ Order your telephone **now**, so that your name will be in the new issue!
- ☐ Report changes required to our Local Manager **to-day**.

The Bell Telephone Co. of Canada.



NEE EXPRESS

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

WEDNESDAY—FRIDAY, APRIL 6th, 1917

ODESSA.

ton has sold his farm to O. J. Murvale, and intends to reside for the

W. Anglin, who has been in or some time in Kingston, his family there, and will Queen street.

ny friends of John Jones ed to see him able to attend again, having recovered lack of pneumonia.

Lee, who has been very ill time, is improving slowly. Immermau, Kingston, spent with friends last week.

te Kenyon is visiting Mrs. erson. Violet.

DENBIGH

lic roads are now in an al- sible condition. Our mail ich has generally been very y, has unavoidably become irregular, and other traffic roads is almost nil.

young men from, this vicin- uring the winter were em- some lumber camps at a dis- e arrived home again.

Warlich, who has been em- a machine shop in Kitchen- o arrived to assist his step- Stein, who has not been in health for some time, with work.

lacker is away in Toronto mportant business.

R. Reid, of Sharbot Lake, id an official visit to the this vicinity last week.

ohn and Ephraim Byers, of pent last week-end and Sun- g relatives here, and each with him a load of pota- which fortunately there is no re, though the surplus has y all disposed of.

Convey, of Mount St. is visiting friends at Ruby l called on a few of his old e passing through our vil-

our farmers have now tap- sugar bushes and are busy and boiling down sap.

igh-Griffith mail route is arriers with the end of this thur Cranshaw having ob- contract for the next term A. Lockwood, the present

EST MOTH DESTROYER. E'S Cedar Flakes destroy ckroaches, ants and all in- the package, at WAL- Drug Store Limited.

WILTON.

ms to be the order of the akes everything look quite r. The robins are as numer-

byterian Church has been t some repairs, and having oughly renovated, has a very rance.

TOWN COUNCIL

Council Chamber,
April 2nd, 1917.

Council met in regular session on Monday evening.

Reeve Graham, Acting-Mayor pre- sided.

Present—Councillors Steacy, Spen- cer, Hunter, Gibbard and Robinson.

The minutes of the last regular meeting were read and confirmed.

Mr. D. Davis appeared before the council complaining that owing to his cellar being flooded, caused by the blockage o the West Street sewer, he and his family were compelled to remove from his home. The stench made his home uninhabitable.

The Streets Committee were instru- cted to take immediate action to relieve the situation.

A letter of thanks was received from the relatives of the late T. G. Cars- allen for flowers and kindness shown.

Mr. H. Loucks, resident at the corner of Robert and Thomas street, was before the council with a com- plaint that water was leaking into his cellar from the sewer on Robert Street.

Referred to the Streets Committee, and Clerk to investigate and report.

A communication was read from Mr. G. F. Ruttan, on behalf of his client, Mr. Ernest English, claiming the sum of \$200.00, or thereabouts for the death of his horse, and the destroying of his cutter and harness, by reason of his horse running away and being hit by a C. N. R. passen- ger train. The runaway was caused by the upsetting of the cutter in a pitch hole just near the Selby road crossing over the C. N. R. tracks.

Referred to the Streets Committee to investigate and report at the next session of council.

A communication was read from Corp. N. B. Calhoun, offering his services as night constable for the Town of Napanee, at a salary of \$50 per month.

Referred to the Police Committee to report.

The Board of Education in their requisition to the council for funds for the schools for 1917, asked for \$9020.00 for Public Schools and \$5338.00 for the Collegiate Institute.

The Streets Committee were instru- cted to report at next meeting of council, what streets they consider necessary to sprinkle, and as in what way the costs of said sprinkling shall be collected.

The Streets Committee were instru- cted to advertise for tenders for town supplies, etc., for the year 1917.

ACCOUNTS

The following accounts were order- ed paid:

E. Kelly.....	\$ 1 00
S. Lindsay.....	1 00
Bell Telephone Co.....	6 25
Wallace's Drug Store.....	10 70

Overland

MOTOR CARS

True Economy

Choose that car which will best serve your needs within your means.

This constitutes true economy in the purchase of an automobile.

There is integrity of value in every one of the cars in the Willys-Over- land line,—the most comprehensive line of cars ever built by any one producer.

For most families we think the Light Four represents just the right combination of the practical with the luxurious, to result in lasting satis- faction.

Light Four **\$930.**

Light Six **\$1380.**

Lennox Automobile & Motor Boat Company, 'Phone 234.
NAPANEE, ONT.

ALL MOTOR BOAT AND AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES

G. F. RUTTAN, K. C.

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.

Office—Merchants Bank Chambers, Napanee.

Money to loan.

Telephones—Office 93, Residence 152.

U. M. WILSON,

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public, Crown Attorney, Clerk of the Peace.

PHONES—Office 46, residence 125.

OFFICE—Dundas Street, Napanee.

19-t-f.

DR. A. B. EARL

EAST STREET, NAPANEE

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, AND ACCOUCHEUR

20-tf

H. W. SMITH

(Successor to W. D. MacCormack)

Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.

OFFICE—Centre Street.

'Phone 61.

31

DR. W. A. ASHLEY

DOXSEE & CO.

Continues their Dis- play of Spring

MILLINERY

An exhibit of unusual beauty is ou display of fine French and American Models, with a col- lection of adaptations and crea- tions from our own designing organization, which makes our displays a true representation of the latest and newest ideas in Fashionable Millinery in adapt- ing our prices suitable to present conditions.—We are prepared to meet the demand for popular prices.

NEW BLOUSES — In Silk, Crepe de Chene, etc.

NEW NECKWEAR—

See our New Crest Veil, always a touch of distinction to the

terian Church has been some repairs, and having fully renovated, has a very nice.

services were held on the 1st, and on Monday a time was had, consisting of music.

he farmers are making The occasional showers the buckets. It is selling at \$1.50 per gallon. ing else, a few cents are a tax.

n Band Concert was a ss, thirty-one dollars be-

*Dramatic Club gave a "Home Ties," on Wednesday, April 4th.

ay Easter holidays which h needed,, all being glad

Storms was called to the nday morning to receive s that her father, Mr. son, had collapsed on the gston on Saturday after- pired in a few seconds. s in Inverary. He was a ous farmer. Mrs. Storms oathy of her many friends id Mrs. Storms left at much grieved home.

Ward suffered a slight esday morning. At pres- e is some better.

of this place, who spent a the hospital last fall, again, and had to re- We hope he will soon be back home.

Wemp, Florida teacher, at Jas. Lewis'.

, Napanee, preached ex- ns, both morning and the Presbyterian Church,

Walker lost a valuable ick leg on Wednesday last. y teacher, will spend Eas- e parental roof at Ches-

el.

ade as good as new at e. Bring it to us and we first class condition. We apply of parts, tires, tubes

W. J. NORMILE.

at Washington plans for ration between America es. The report emanates stminster Gazette, which touch with the Lloyd nment. In a speech on which lasted three hours, Follette attacked the inet for espousing the Allies. The speech was Senator Williams, who "pro-German, pro-Goth, and anti-President, anti-anti-American." Under rebuke La Follette left, keeping within hearing he speaker.

en the United States and ced all grain and provis- on the Chicago market For future deliveries of rice soared to \$2.02, more the market price in days here was great excitement r when the wheat market prices for future deliver- broke the war records.

ou tried our 30c a P None better. IDSON'S Grocery.

The following accounts were referred to:	
E. Kelly.....	\$ 1 00
S. Lindsay.....	1 00
Bell Telephone Co.....	6 25
Wallace's Drug Store.....	10 70
F. W. VanDusen.....	1 00
J. J. Haines.....	9 00
Hydro-Electric Commission ..	
Fire Alarm.....	20 83
Disposal Works.....	50
Town Hall.....	5 8
Fire Hall.....	1 08
Light at Fennel's corner.....	50
H. Warner Park.....	50
F. Barrett.....	1 85
U. M. Wilson.....	10 00

The following accounts were referred to Committees with power to act: F. E. VanLoven, \$14.10, Poor and Sanitary; F. E. VanLoven, \$45.25, Fire, Water and Light; P. Gleeson, \$17.75, Fire, Water and Light; Hydro Electric, \$234.17, Fire, Water and Light; Madole Hardware Co., \$9.20, referred to Reeve Graham.

County Council is Critized

Box stoves using wood as fuel are not approved of by Chief Justice Falconbridge as a means of heating a court-room, and in a judgment rendered Monday at Osgoode Hall, his Lordship refers to this heating system in the court room for Lennox and Addington as an illustration of his contention that the county administration is not altogether efficient. Having established this premise, the Chief Justice directs that a trust fund for distribution or use in charitable purposes be administered by a trust corporation, and not by the County Treasurer. The case concerned the will of Reuben Daniel Schermehorn, of Richmond Township, who, by his will of Sept. 20th, 1916, disposed of \$35,000 of an estate of \$63,000 in specific bequests and left the remainder of the estate to be used for charitable purposes. Among the charitable purposes to which his executors might contribute he suggested patriotic funds or gifts to Belgian relief, and causes of the Allies.

The executors applied to Chief Justice Falconbridge for advice as to whether gifts to the Children's Aid and for a house of refuge for Lennox and Addington would come within the provisions of the will. His Lordship answered the question in the affirmative and directs that the money for the Society go to a trusts corporation instead of passing through the County Treasury. He remarks:

"I understand the reluctance of the Society to having its money filtered through the County Treasury, and I cheerfully accede to this request. I do not suggest any idea of misappropriation, but I had in argument and by the evidences of my own senses, a vivid notion of the unprogressive methods of the County Council. The court room is heated by two box stoves and the process of throwing in sticks of wood, stirring the fire, and banging the stove door forms a pleasing accompaniment to the argument of counsel. The halls are absolutely unheated. If one official has to go to the office of another in cold weather it is necessary for him, so I am told, to put on his outer garments as if to go out to another building. There is no House of Refuge in the county. The poor people are shipped to Kingston and taken care of there. The County of Lennox and Addington pays something to Frontenac therefor. This is, no doubt, an economical arrangement for Lennox and Addington"—Mail & Empire, Toronto.

Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.
OFFICE—Centre Street.
Phone 61.

DR. W. A. ASHLEY

DENTIST

who for the past four years has given Deseronto three days a week, will discontinue his visits, and in future will occupy the late Dr. Wartman's rooms over the Merchants Bank, Napanee. 51-3-m

TO THE FARMER

Stop! Look! Listen!

If you are going to have a sale it will pay you to phone or write E. L. AMEY, the leading auctioneer, Verona, Ont., or Napanee office, at J. E. Madden's law office, John street. 52-3-m-p

FOR SALE--Good Heavy Farm Horse, cheap. Apply to WM. BARNES, Napanee. 17a

FOR SALE--A number of houses and lots in town, and also a number of desirable farms. Apply to T. B. GERMAN. 42-4

BABY CARRIAGE FOR SALE--Nice Carriage, in first-class condition. Apply to MRS. GORDON, Bridge St. West. 16-b

SEED OATS FOR SALE--Secured two first prizes in standing field competition. MARK HAWLEY, R. R. No. 7, Napanee 16-b

PARTIES--Having houses or parts of houses, rooms or flats to rent, would confer a favour by communicating with NAPANEE IRON WORKS. 16-b

FOR SALE--On easy terms, a nine roomed brick house, with all modern conveniences. Good barn, hen house and garden. Apply to MRS. F. H. CARSON. 15c

FOR SALE--On easy terms. One Seed Store on Dundas Street; one Store House and Evaporator, on Water Street. Apply to Thos. Symington. 61f

WANTED TO PURCHASE--A farm of about 75 acres, near Napanee. Give detailed description and exact location. State very lowest Cash Price. Apply to Box 622, Express Office Napanee. 16cp.

FOR SALE--House, 9 Rooms in good repair. Good well water and other modern conveniences. Situated south of Mr. M. P. Graham's residence, South Napanee. Apply T. B. GERMAN. 12h

ORGAN FOR SALE--In first class condition. Would make good organ for country church. Uxbridge make--solid walnut case. Apply to MRS. JOHN POLLARD, Dundas Street, Napanee. 52

FARM FOR SALE--In Township of Richmond, 3rd Concession, four miles from Napanee. For particulars, apply to G. B. JOY, at Joy & Son's Brick and Tile Factory, near R. R. Bridge, Napanee, Ont. 40cf

FARM FOR SALE--75 or 80 acres, pt. lot 33, 3rd concession Township of Camden. All good land, seed to hay and pasture. 2 wells, good fences. Apply to E. A. BEARD, Napanee, or S. W. SWITZER, Deseronto. 31tf

WANTED--First Class Seed Potatoes. 20 bushels of Extra Early Eureka, and 10 bushels of Canadian Standard Late Potatoes. Parties having these Potatoes for sale, please correspond with MR. G. B. CURRAN, Agricultural Office, Napanee, Ontario. 17a

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

prices.
NEW BLOUSES—In Silk, Crepe de Chine, etc.
NEW NECKWEAR—
See our New Crest Veil, always a touch of distinction to the styles shown here.

The Leading Millinery House

NORTHERN CROWN BANK

Head Office—Winnipeg.

Capital (authorized)..... \$6,000,000
Capital (paid up)..... 1,431,200
Reserve..... 715,600

DIRECTORS.

President, Sir D. H. McMillan, K. C. M. G.
Vice-President, Capt. Wm. Robinson.
Jas. H. Ashdown, W. R. Bawli, A. McTavish Campbell, Sir Douglas Campbell, K. C. M. G.; E. F. Huichings, John Stovel.
General Manager, Robt. Campbell.
Supt. of Branches, L.M. McCarthy.

Money transferred by telegraph or mail and Drafts issued on all parts of the world in any Currency.

Collections made in all parts of Canada and in Foreign Countries at minimum cost.

R. G. H. TRAVERS,
Manager Napanee Branch.

Notice

Owing to change in business I find it necessary to have all outstanding accounts paid in at once. And all future accounts must be settled at least every month.

We carry a full line of choice GROCERIES, FLOUR, FEED, SALT, HAY, STRAW—CORD WOOD and CUT WOOD—which will be sold at Bottom Prices.

S. CASEY DENISON.

Centre Street, North. Phone 101

NOTICE!

Effective Monday, March 26th

the following changes in train times will be made.

Train No. 9 (Ex. Sunday)

Leave—Napanee, 6 a.m.; Deseronto, 6.20 a.m.; Belleville, 7 a.m.
Arrive—Trenton, 7.20 a.m.
For further particulars consult R. E. McLEAN, Station Agent; or E. McLAUGHLIN, Town Agent. 16b

CANADIAN NORTHERN

The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD.

EDITOR and PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

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Works

ALL KINDS OF GRANITE AND

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put Into Handy and Attractive Shape for the Readers of Our Paper — A Solid Hour's Enjoyment.

WEDNESDAY.

Germany is said to have made another offer of a separate peace to Russia.

John Coleridge, a resident of Ingersoll for over 60 years, died at his family residence there.

Sir Robert Borden and his colleagues lunched with King George at Buckingham Palace.

Agitators are attempting to kindle a counter-revolution in Russia, and have tried to incite mobs to massacre.

Ezra Phelps, a well known resident of Brantford Township, fell dead while helping a neighbor to saw wood.

Two British destroyers are reported lost in the channel; one struck a mine and the other collided with a steamer.

The Grand Dukes and Imperial Princes of Russia have signed an address declaring their loyalty to the new Government.

The Copeland Brewery of Toronto has closed down. The management claims to have lost money steadily since prohibition became law.

A washout on the G. T. R. near Ottawa caused the death of Engineer W. G. Campbell of Depot Harbor. Fireman E. Kemp was seriously injured.

A special ship will be used next month to carry back Canadian women and children stranded in England since unrestricted U-boat warfare became effective.

More than 2,000 Germans, who have been working in the oil fields at Tampico and Vera Cruz, have been dismissed by the oil companies. They are without employment.

A despatch to Reuters from its Athens correspondent states that Greece has presented a note to Italy, insisting upon the withdrawal of Italian troops from Epirus to Avlona.

The Danish Government has not replied to the enquiries from Washington regarding the admission of armed American merchantmen to Danish ports, but the indications are that it will follow the example of Holland in barring them.

THURSDAY.

Hester How night school, Toronto, for recently-arrived foreigners, has large enrollment.

After May 1 Canadians crossing into the United States will be subject to an \$8 head tax.

New Provincial legislation provides for increased taxation on the profits of mining companies.

The Railway Commission declines during the war to put a maximum length on freight trains.

A bridge on the Intercolonial Railway near St. Germain, Que., collapsed owing to pressure of ice.

The British have defeated a large Turkish force, capturing 900 men, including the staff officers, and are advancing on Jerusalem.

The Ross rifle factory was formally taken over on behalf of the Dominion Government by General Sir



ductors in Canada. They wear uniforms, with military caps, short skirts, and leggings.

SATURDAY.

The French recaptured the positions in Champagne lost two days ago.

Sir Edward Carson says, "German hopes of starving us are quite illusory."

There are forty American prisoners captured by Hun raiders now in Germany.

Dr. David H. Browne, widely known in Canada as a metallurgist, died in New Jersey.

The trial of the charges of bribery against the Chatham aldermen have been commenced.

Railroad workers will help till the farms in Manitoba, thus aiding the relief of labor shortage.

Russian Socialists are urging the Germans to take action to bring about a revolution, thus making possible a "peace without victory."

It is stated that many of the Doukhobors now in Western Canada wish to return to Russia since the revolution.

Russia has issued a manifesto to the people of Poland telling them that they will be allowed to decide their own form of government.

The steamship Germanic, the last of the Northern Navigation Company's steamers that made the Mackinac Island trip famous, has suffered the fate of predecessors, and was burned to the water's edge while lying at the G.T.R. dock at Collingwood.

Brand Whitlock, the American Minister to Belgium, and the members of the American Relief Commission will shortly leave Brussels on a special train for Switzerland, according to Reuters' Amsterdam correspondent, who quotes Berlin advices as his authority.

MONDAY.

Seeding has commenced in southwestern Ontario.

Great Britain's revenue in the past year showed great increases.

Toronto's Customs returns for the fiscal year ended March 31 broke all records.

Austrian troops were expelled from positions by the Russians on the latter's West front.

Every officer in the 109th Regiment, Toronto, has offered to serve in any capacity, it is announced.

Judgment was given in favor of Mrs. Taylor in the big legal battle for the Don Valley Brick Works.

The largest party of disabled soldiers that has yet returned to Toronto reached the city yesterday, numbering 132.

Canadian Trade Commissioner

MORE VILLAGES

Heavy Blows Fall on burg Line.

French and English Air Steady Progress, and St. Quentin and Laon guarded as Certain—Hun reported to Be Applying the City.

LONDON, April 3.

wedges driven into the G. north and south of the base city of St. Quentin its evacuation in the near

Despatches from British dents on the western front that the Germans have a large part of St. Quentin explosives. They add the mans have looted all the from private houses, must picture galleries. It is according to these advices, cathedral up to the present been damaged.

The city is menaced by onus onward sweep of Fle Haig's troops south from and an equally determined advance in force upward and Guiscard. The rail which these two armies in the last few days threatens St. Quentin on. An improvement in the resulted in a tremendous the intensity of the fighting the line.

The British have swept more than three miles of mile front toward the city French were battling also for the same goal, and forces have penetrated the permanent German defense. On Saturday the British villages and towns, including important centre of Verm others were Heudicourt, Marteville, and Soyecourt. Following the capture of the British forces made progress east of that point prisoners and machine rested for the night.

Heavy fighting took place west of St. Quentin, re the capture by the British of Savy. Later, Br attacked Savy wood, about from the village and only from St. Quentin, and occupied position.

The official report from headquarters in France records these successes, and the capture by the British of Savy, lying further from Epehy and Peziere.

The Times in an editorial "British troops advanced a little more than two miles outlying streets of the Quentin. Our men are Quentin than the French still held up rather less miles south. A few west of St. Quentin and Laon seemed tant goal, but now there hopes that both places will into possession of the A impression is reviving that may not offer desperate before St. Quentin. This confirmation in the stores which are noticed within Even if found in ashes of St. Quentin would be the highest importance, for the railway centre is also

ALL KINDS OF GRANITE AND MARBLE MONUMENTS

Some kinds of Granite are very scarce during war time, and we would advise early purchase while the Stock is Large.

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Or if you wish to take boarders or have places to rent, now is the time to place your Classified Ad.

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IT PAYS TO VACCINATE.

All government tests prove without doubt that it surely pays every farmer to vaccinate. Fresh vaccine "in sealed tubes" as recommended and used by the government. For sale at WALLACE'S DRUG STORE LIMITED

TILE.

Full stock of drain tile from 2 1-2 to 8 inch., also chimney brick—Napanee Brick Yard.

Turkish force, capturing 400 men, including the staff officers, and are advancing on Jerusalem.

The Ross rifle factory was formally taken over on behalf of the Dominion Government by General Elliott, Master-General of Ordnance.

An airplane fire patrol is to be inaugurated in timber limits owned by Ellwood Wilson in the St. Maurice valley, Quebec, returned aviators to be engaged.

A Vienna telegram says Emperor Charles has left for Berlin, where he will confer with the Kaiser on the subject of relations with the United States.

Arthur Free, in the counties jail at Brockville awaiting trial on the charge of murdering Mrs. Hattie Hill at Seeley's Bay on March 2, committed suicide by hanging in his cell.

Sir George Foster had a conference with representatives of shipbuilding interests with a view to speeding up construction of vessels ordered through the Imperial Munitions Board.

Rev. Wm. Peer, a widely-known Baptist clergyman and latterly working in the northern part of Peterborough county in connection with the Presbyterian Church, died at Norwood.

Sir Edward Kemp, Minister of Militia, is investigating the truth of the cable report that Mr. McPherson, a British member, said the wet canteen was introduced in Canadian camps in England at the request of Canadian authorities.

FRIDAY.

British and French war chiefs visited the Italian front.

Teuton attacks on the Roumanian front were repulsed by the Russians.

The Murray Government in New Brunswick yielded up the seals of office.

A Japanese warship was reported sunk by a German raider in the South Pacific.

Military drill is to be taught in Toronto technical and high schools, on the order of the trustees.

Russian workmen appealed to those in Germany and Austria to throw off the yoke of autocracy.

Miss Mary Boyle of Hamilton, 91 years of age, was fatally burned while attempting to light a gas stove.

A Toronto grand jury submitted a request for prescription to Judge Coatsworth, who will forward it to Ottawa.

General Logie urged the militia to join the defence force, as the only defence the country would have shortly.

T. A. S. Hay, C.E., for seventeen years City Engineer, and a prominent citizen of Peterboro, died at the age of sixty-eight.

Sir Adam Beck charged that the water illegally taken from the Niagara River by the Ontario Power Co. had brought the company a revenue of \$360,000.

Pte. James Fletcher of Brantford, previously reported missing, is now reported to have been buried alive, but dug out alive after being underground four days.

Dye from his stocking infecting a bruise on his heel three weeks ago caused the death from blood-poisoning of a fourteen-year-old son of Philip Herbert, Hyde Park, Ont.

Major-General F. L. Lessard, Inspector-General of Forces in Eastern Canada, is to take the military direction of the recruiting in Quebec Province for Lieut.-Colonel the Hon. P. E. Blondin's battalion.

Four Moose Jaw street cars were run with women conductors yesterday. It is believed this is the first time women ever have served as con-

The largest party of disabled soldiers that has yet returned to Toronto reached the city yesterday, numbering 132.

Canadian Trade Commissioner Beddoe reports that Canada could capture much New Zealand trade, if not too busy on war orders.

No appreciable results have followed the extension of time for signing the National Service registration cards, which expired Saturday.

N. W. Campbell, B.A., thirty-one years Inspector of Public Schools in Grey county, died suddenly while getting ready to go to church at Durham.

The Manitoba Patriotic Fund does not require this year any more subscriptions from individuals, having received sufficient for all expected outlay until the end of the year.

Large copper deposits on the shore of the Arctic Ocean were reported by Dr. R. M. Anderson, commander of the Stefansson expedition, in an address to the Royal Canadian Institute.

TUESDAY.

Fanny Helyer, a young Clinton girl, fell dead on the street on her way home from the Collegiate.

When the Hun airmen bombed the French hospitals on the Macedonian front twenty Bulgar prisoners were killed.

Edward A. Simmers, a German-American aged 67, has been arrested for threatening the life of President Wilson.

The late Dr. George Christian Hoffman, of Ottawa, former assistant director of the Geological Survey of Canada, left \$50,435 to the Salvation Army as an expression of his sympathy with their work.

A special despatch from Reuter's correspondent in Hong Kong, says that the Chinese community there has resolved to contribute one million dollars a year to the Imperial Government of Great Britain for the duration of the war.

Lord George Wellesley, great-grandson of the victor of Waterloo, and fourth son of the present Duke of Wellington, arrived in Toronto, and will report to Lieut.-Colonel Hamilton Merritt for attachment to the Canadian branch of the Royal Flying Corps.

During a severe rain and electric storm yesterday near St. Thomas the roof of a large barn at Talbotville was swept away by the wind, and it landed on the top of the house of Fred Knight, breaking every window pane in the house and tearing a large hole in the roof.

An accident occurred on the C. P. R. about two miles from Blyth yesterday afternoon, when Mr. James Coulter, a man about 70 years of age, was instantly killed while walking on the track by a passenger train. He was very deaf, and it is supposed did not hear the train.

Mrs. Margaret Blake, widow of the late Hon. Edward Blake, died yesterday at the residence, 449 Jarvis street, Toronto, in the 33rd year of her age. Mrs. Blake was a daughter of the Rt. Rev. Bishop Cronyn, the first Bishop of Huron. She was married to the late Mr. Blake in 1858.

His Tender Spot.

Hokus—That fellow Closedist doesn't know what it means to be sensitive. You can't hurt his feelings. Pokus—Did you ever try pinching him in the nocketbook?—Town Topics.

GET IT AT

WALLACE'S

which are noticed within. Even if found in ashes t of St. Quentin would be a the highest importance, fo railway centre is also a which several main road Wherever the ultimate f line be, if there really is s we are still engaged in m tions along the whole f which the Germans are r

FIGHTING NEAR A

Canadians Report Capti markable Prisoner

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS

FRANCE, April 3, via There has been stiff fight wide front south-east of day, and the last strong villages held by the Germa of the so-called Hindenburg crumbling. These out been held with the greater especially Croisilles, where tent fighting has been go the past week. The reasc mans are holding these li with so great determinatio pears, because their retreat hurried to a much grea than they expected.

A striking feature of fighting was that in some tured villages the British co-operated splendidly in counter-attacks.

The Germans were forced on six field guns, and prisoners were taken during which indicates that the casualties must have been

The Canadians on Mon remarkable German prisoner matter of fact he was a d came over the top with longings, including a safet extra pair of boots and a man cigars. The cigars h ed among the Canadians i line trench and they thojoyed the smoke. They if he intended to return t after the war, and the pr emphatically he was not, going to Chicago.

Friendly to Allies

LONDON, April 3.—' was expressed here Sund informed quarters that a time of the war has t greater possibility of a Swedish agreement than This is the result, it is d the defeat of the most a German elements in Swed

More Rioting in B

LONDON, April 3.— from Rotterdam to The says: "According to i reaching The Hague fro previously found accurat disturbances have taken pl in during the past week, oa Thursday or Friday."

A Sweeping Victo

LONDON, April 3.—E sand Turks were killed an in the British victory act a force of 20,000 Ottor Gaza, Palestine, Chancell Exchequer Bonar Law d the House of Commons l ternoon. He read a tele General Murray comma British expeditionary forc ing the battle fell "just complete disaster to the e sufficiency of British wa alone preventing a conti the attack. The British less than 400 men in the

VILLAGES TAKEN

ows Fall on Hindenburg Line.

d English Are Making Progress, and the Fall of itin and Laon Are Res Certain—Huns Are Reo Be Applying Torch to

April 3. — The two en into the German line south of the important t St. Quentin may force on in the near future.

s from British correspond western front report rmans have destroyed a f St. Quentin by fire and They add that the Gerooted all the treasures houses, museums, and eries. It is believed, ac these advices, that the p to the present has not ed.

is menaced by a vigor sweep of Field Marshal s south from Peronne ally determined French force upward from Ham d. The rate of speed two armies have shown st few days seriously t. Quentin on three sides. ment in the weather retremendous increase in of the fighting all along

sh have swept forward hree miles over a sevenward the city, while the e battling along headed e goal, and both allied penetrated very close to ent German defence line. the British took five towns, including the imre of Vermand. The Heudicourt, Steemille, and Soyecourt; and folcapture of Heudicourt, forces made considerable t of that point, capturing d machine guns, and e night.

hting took place Sunday Quentin, resulting in by the British of the vil7. Later, British troops y wood, about a mile age and only two miles entin, and occupied that

al report from British s in France, which resuccesses, announces also by the British of Ven further north, and eiziere.

s in an editorial says: ops advanced to a point than two miles from the eets of the city of St. Our men are nearer St. n the French, who are p rather less than four

A few weeks ago St. Laon seemed a very dist now there is strong oth places will soon pass ion of the Allies. The s reviving that the enemy er desperate resistance entin. This belief finds in the stories of fires oticed within the city. ad in ashes the capture in would be an event of mportance, for the great

CRUSHING THE TURKS

Sultan's Troops Are Trapped in Mesopotamia.

The Russians Have Been Co-operating With the British, and the Enemy Can Hardly Hope to Escape — Enveloping Movement Was Tried Against Gen. Maude but Ended in Defeat.

LONDON, April 3.—A series of Turk defeats and retreats in Mesopotamia is chronicled in official reports from General Maude, breaking the silence of the last fortnight. The Turkish army in Persia and one army in Mesopotamia seem inextricably caught in the British-Russian trap, though the force defeated at Kut has now been reinforced, and has attempted not only a stand 35 miles north of Bagdad, but the envelopment of a British force, with the result that the Turks were defeated and put to flight. This fighting was on Thursday.

The reports cover fighting in several separate, yet related, sectors, which are, roughly, the right, centre, and left wings of General Maude's northward advance. The right wing is east of the Tigris, north-east of Bagdad. The centre is as, ride the Tigris, 35 miles north of Bagdad; the left is on the Euphrates, west of the Tigris, many miles north-west of Bagdad.

Between the advancing right wing and the Russians pressing to join with it on the Persian border two Turkish armies are being squeezed. To-day's report shows that less than sixty miles now separates the advance guard of the British and Russians. Another Russian army has crossed into Mesopotamia from Persia, 125 miles north of this region, and is rapidly closing the only line of retreat of the Turks. The Moslems can only turn and fight, their backs to the wall, or be surrounded and forced to surrender.

The British right wing last Friday, March 23, took the large town of Sheraban, on the River Diale, 60 miles north-east of Bagdad, and only thirty miles from the Persian border. They then pushed on beyond the town to a range of hills called Jebel Hamrin, and towards a town only twenty miles south of Khanikin. Khanikin is midway between the Russians and British, and at Khanikin the two retreating Turkish armies are expected to meet. The Russians are still held up at Paltak pass, forty miles from Khanikin.

The British centre has come in contact with the Turkish army that retired up the Tigris and has now received reinforcements which Constantinople announced had been sent when Bagdad fell. The British have occupied two rich and productive areas here.

The British left, which had remained stationary until Bagdad fell, has driven the Turks back many miles up the valley of the Euphrates toward the city of Hit, on that river, more than 100 miles north-west of Bagdad.

All indications point to the proximity of decisive fighting in Mesopotamia and on the Persian frontier, in which the final blows will be dealt to the Turkish armies in that region.

WILL JOIN THE ALLIES

United States Officially Enters the War.

President Wilson Delivers Militant Message, and Congress Passes Resolutions Giving Government Power to Employ All Resources Against Germany to Bring Conflict to Successful Conclusion.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—President Wilson Monday night urged Congress assembled in joint session to declare a state of war existing between the United States and Germany.

In a dispassionate but unmeasured denunciation of the course of the Imperial German Government, which he characterized as a challenge to all mankind and a warfare against all nations, the President declared that neutrality no longer was feasible or desirable where the peace of the world was involved; that armed neutrality had become ineffectual enough at best, and was likely to produce what it was meant to prevent, and urged that Congress accept the gauge of battle with all the resources of the nation.

"I advise that the Congress declare the recent course of the Imperial German Government to be in fact nothing less than war against the Government and people of the United States," said the President; "that it formally accept the status of belligerent which has thus been thrust upon it, and that it take steps not only to put the country in a more thorough state of defence, but also to exert all its power and employ all its resources to bring the Government of the German Empire to terms and end the war."

Immediately after the President left the capitol, the Senate and House re-convened and an identical joint resolution was introduced in both houses, declaring the existence of a state of war, and directing the President to employ all the resources of the country to carry on war against the Imperial German Government and bring the conflict to a successful conclusion.

Because of opposition to the measure by Senator Stone, chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, the resolution was introduced in the Senate by Senator Martin of Virginia, the Democratic floor leader. Representative Flood, chairman of the Foreign Affairs Committee, introduced it in the House.

The resolution follows: "Joint resolution declaring that a state of war exists between the Imperial German Government and the Government and people of the United States and making provision to prosecute the same.

"Whereas, the recent acts of the Imperial Government are acts of war against the Government and people of the United States.

"Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, that the state of war between the United States and the Imperial Government, which has thus been thrust upon the United States, is hereby formally declared, and

"That the President be, and he is hereby authorized and directed to

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

TORONTO, April 3.—The Board of Trade official market quotations for yesterday:

Manitoba Wheat (Track, Bay Ports). No. 1 northern, \$2.15½, nominal. No. 2 northern, \$2.05½, nominal. No. 3 northern, \$1.96½, nominal. No. 4 wheat, \$1.96½, nominal. Manitoba Oats (All Rail, Delivered). No. 2 C.W., 76½c. No. 3 C.W., 74½c. Extra No. 1 feed, 74½c. No. 1 feed, 73½c. American Corn (Track, Toronto). No. 3 yellow, \$1.33½, subject to embargo.

Ontario Oats (According to Freight Outside). No. 2 white, 69c to 71c, nominal. No. 3 white, 68c to 70c, nominal.

Ontario Wheat (According to Freight Outside). No. 2 winter, per car lot, \$1.88 to \$1.90. No. 3 winter, per car lot, \$1.86 to \$1.88. Peas (According to Freight Outside). No. 2, nominal.

Barley (According to Freight Outside). Malt, \$1.21 to \$1.23. Buckwheat (According to Freight Outside). Buckwheat, \$1.34.

Rye (According to Freight Outside). No. 2, \$1.53 to \$1.55. Manitoba Flour (Toronto). First patents, in jute bags, \$9.50. Second patents, in jute bags, \$9.10. Strong bakers', in jute bags, \$9.10.

Ontario Flour (Prompt Shipment). Winter, according to sample, \$8.80, in bags, track, Toronto: \$7.45, bulk seaboard, export grade.

Millfeed (Car Lots, Delivered, Montreal Freight, Bags Included). Bran, per ton, \$38.

Shorts, per ton, \$40 to \$42. Middlings, per ton, \$43 to \$45. Good feed flour, per bag, \$2.70 to \$2.80.

Hay (Track, Toronto). Extra No. 2, per ton, \$11.50 to \$12. Mixed, per ton, \$8.50 to \$11.

Straw (Track, Toronto). Car lots, per ton, \$7 to \$7.50.

Farmers' Market. Fall wheat—\$1.88 to \$1.90 per bushel. Goose wheat—\$1.88 per bushel.

Barley—Malt, \$1.23 per bushel. Buckwheat—Nominal.

Rye—According to sample, nominal. Hay—Timothy, \$12 to \$14 per ton; mixed and clover, \$9 to \$11 per ton.

Straw—Loose, \$8 to \$9 per ton.

WINNIPEG GRAIN MARKET.

Winnipeg, April 2.—Wheat closed 2½c up for May, 2½c up in July and October. Oats gained 1c in May and ½c in July and October. Barley was up 1½c. Flax gained 1½c to 2½c.

A strong market developed from the weak opening on the damage reports from the south. The Winnipeg trade had no great breadth of tone, but a scarping business and some spreading took prices higher in sympathy with the strong southern markets. Seaboard advices told of no great demand for wheat, tho the U. S. Government was credited with buying some Manitoba No. 3. Cash demand was fair, with spreads unchanged.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.
May	193½	189½	193½
July	190½	187	190½
Oct.	158	157	157½
Oats—			
May	66	64½	65½
July	64½	64	64½
Oct.	58½	58	58½
Flax—			
May			272½
July			275½

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

J. P. Bickell & Co. report:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—					
May	156½	199½	195½	199½	194½
July	165½	168½	164½	167½	164½
Sep.	151½	155	151½	154½	151½
Corn—					
May	119½	122½	118½	122½	118½
July	118	120½	117½	120½	117½
Sep.	115½	118½	115½	118½	115
Oats—					
May	62½	64½	62½	64	62½
July	59½	60	59	59½	58½
Pork—					
May	34.75	34.90	34.75	34.75	34.50
July	33.55	34.00	33.55	34.00	33.60
Lard—					
May	19.95	20.30	19.95	20.27	20.12
July	20.25	20.42	20.12	20.40	20.27
Ribs—					

tin would be an event of importance, for the great tre is also a point at al main roads radiate. the ultimate Hindenburg here really is such a line, engaged in mobile opera- the whole front from Germans are retreating."

ING NEAR ARRAS.

Report Capture of Remarkable Prisoner.

HEADQUARTERS IN April 3, via London.—been stiff fighting along a south-east of Arras Mon- he last strongly fortified d by the Germans in front alled Hindenburg line are These outposts have with the greatest tenacity, Croisilles, where intermit- has been going on for eek. The reason the Ger- olding these last villages at determination is, it ap- use their retreat has been a much greater extent expected.

ing feature of Monday's s that in some of the cap- es the British and French plendidly in suppressing acks.

nans were forced to aban- ded guns, and nearly 200 ere taken during the day, cates that the German must have been heavy. adians on Monday took a German prisoner. As a act he was a deserter and the top with all his be- cluding a safety razor, an of boots and a box of Ger- he cigars he distribut- he Canadians in the front and they thoroughly en- smoke. They asked him ed to return to Germany ar, and the prisoner said ly he was not, but was Chicago.

riendly to Allies.

April 3.—The belief sed here Sunday in well uarters that at no other war has there been a ssibility of an Anglo- reement than at present. result, it is declared, of of the most active pro- ements in Sweden.

Rioting in Berlin.

April 3.—A despatch rdam to The Daily Mail ording to information he Hague from sources found accurate, further s have taken place in Ber- the past week, presumably y or Friday."

Sweeping Victory.

April 3.—Eight thou- were killed and wounded ish victory achieved over 20,000 Ottomans near stine, Chancellor of the Bonar Law declared in of Commons Monday af- He read a telegram from lurray commanding the editionary forces, declar- ttle fell "just short of a laaster to the enemy," in- of British water supply enting a continuation of The British forces lost 00 men in the battle.

which the snail snails will be deat to the Turkish armies in that region. The fate of the two Turkish armies caught between the British and Russian armies seems sealed, and unless the Turks on the Tigris have been very heavily reinforced and reorgan- ized their defeat should follow.

Shot His Brother.

COLLINGWOOD, April 3.—During a quarrel Saturday morning about 10 o'clock over the erection of a fence on a piece of practically valueless property on the lake shore on the western side of the town, Philip White shot his brother, Edward White, with a shotgun, inflicting such injuries about the face and neck that his life is despaired of. Immediately after the shooting Philip made away, and, successfully eluding the police, walked to Stayner, where he boarded the afternoon south-bound train. Chief Ross of the local police notified the authorities of the surrounding towns to be on the watch for the man, with the result that he was taken into custody at Barrie last night, and will be brought back to Collingwood.

So far as the Police Department has learned, the shooting is the sequel to a series of quarrels between the brothers regarding their properties, which adjoin, and both of which have waterfronts of little or no value on the outer harbor.

Italian War Council.

ROME, April 3.—All the Cabinet Ministers held a War Council Sunday with the assistance of General Cadorna, who made an extensive report about the military situation and the perfect condition and efficiency of the army, both for defence and offence, the troops being in excellent spirits and anxious to come to a definite encounter with the Teutons.

Experts consider that the supreme command of the army has accomplished one of the greatest achievements of military organization, remaining during the severest winter in many years at altitudes varying from 5,000 to 11,000 feet, and maintaining the moral and physical energies of the men intact.

New Era Begins for Austria.

AMSTERDAM, April 3, via London.—Dr. Victor Adler, leader of the Austrian Social Democrats, says in The Vienna Presse:

"The Russian revolution has created a new situation in Europe. For Austria a new era has begun. Competition with free Russia will be hard, and Austria must prepare for it."

Philip White will come up for preliminary hearing this afternoon here, when he will be charged with shooting with intent to commit murder.

How's This P

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Hall's Catarrh Cure has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Cure for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Cure at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

"That the President be, and he is hereby authorized and directed to take immediate steps, not only to put the country in a thorough state of defence, but also to exert all of its power and employ all of its resources to carry on war against the Imperial German Government and to bring the conflict to a successful termination."

The resolution was referred to the Foreign Affairs Committees by both Houses, and adjournment until today followed soon afterward. Both committees meet this morning.

ARMED U. S. SHIP SUNK.

Aztec Victim of German Submarine Off Coast of France.

NEW YORK, April 3.—The American steamship Aztec, owned by the Oriental Navigation Co., the first armed ship to sail from an American port, was sunk Sunday by a German submarine, according to advices received here Monday night by the company from the United States consul at Brest, France.

The cable message gave no information as to the fate of the crew. There were 39 men aboard the vessel, 16 of them Americans.

A Paris cable says a French patrol picked up 19 of the crew of the Aztec and brought them to Brest. Twenty-eight men are reported missing and little hope is held that they can be saved, as the steamer was torpedoed at night while a heavy sea was running.

The Aztec was armed with two 5-inch guns, one forward and one aft. The crew of naval gunners on board was in command of a warrant officer.

The Aztec sailed from New York March 18 for Havre. She was commanded by Captain Walter O'Brien. Sixteen members of the crew were native-born Americans.

The Oriental Navigation Co., owners of the Aztec, also own the Orleans, one of the first American vessels to run successfully Germany's submarine blockade. The Aztec carried a full cargo of foodstuffs and general supplies valued at more than \$500,000.

A Mummy's Doll.

Among the ancient objects exhibited in the British museum is a doll more than 3,000 years old. When some archaeologists were exploring an ancient Egyptian royal tomb they came upon a sarcophagus containing the mummy of a little princess seven years old. She was dressed and interred in a manner befitting her rank, and in her arms was found a little wooden doll.

The inscription gave the name, rank and age of the little girl and the date of her death, but it said nothing about the quaint little wooden Egyptian doll. This, however, told its own story. It was so tightly clasped in the arms of the mummy that it was evident that the child had died with her beloved doll in her arms.

Remarkable.

"One of the astronomers claims that he has charted 60,000 new worlds."

"By George, it's remarkable!"

"Not so very when you consider the fact that he has the use of the largest telescope in the world."

"I wasn't thinking of that. What I consider strange is that with so many other worlds in existence the lady who is acting as stepmother for my children had to light on this one."—Chicago Herald.

July	20.2	20.12	20.12	20.12	20.12
Ribs	18.25	18.42	18.20	18.40	18.32
May	18.25	18.42	18.20	18.40	18.32
July	18.25	18.42	18.20	18.40	18.32

LIVERPOOL MARKETS

Liverpool, April 2.—(Closing.)—Tallow—Australian in London, 62s 3d. Turpentine—Spirits, 55s. Rosin—Common, 35s. Petroleum—Refined, 1s 2½d. Lard—oil—54s. Cottonseed oil—Hull refined, spot, 56s 6d.

CATTLE MARKETS

UNION STOCK YARDS.

TORONTO, Feb. 3.—Receipts of live stock at the Union Stock Yards yesterday consisted of 108 cars—1,942 cattle, 292 calves, 1,206 hogs, and 21 sheep and lambs.

Heavy steers—Choice, \$11.50 to \$11.75; good, \$10.75 to \$11.25. Butcher steers and heifers—Choice, \$10.75 to \$11.25; good, \$10.25 to \$10.50; medium, \$9.50 to \$9.85; common, \$8.50 to \$9.25.

Cows—Choice, \$9.50 to \$10; good, \$8.75 to \$9; medium, \$7.75 to \$8.25; common, \$6.75 to \$7.25.

Canners and cutters—\$5.50 to \$6.50. Bulls—Choice, \$10 to \$10.50; good, \$9.25 to \$9.75; medium, \$8.25 to \$8.75; common, \$7 to \$7.75.

Stockers and feeders—Choice, \$9.50 to \$10.25; medium, \$8.50 to \$9; common, \$7 to \$8.

Grass cows—\$6 to \$7.50. Milkers and springers—Best, \$90 to \$110; medium, \$66 to \$95; common, \$50 to \$60.

Lambs—Spring lambs, \$8 to \$14 each; yearling lambs, choice, 14c to 16c lb.; culls, 9c to 12c lb.

Sheep—Light, 10½c to 11c lb.; heavy, 8½c to 9½c lb.

Calves—Choice, 14c to 15c lb.; medium, 11c to 13c lb.; common, 6c to 8½c lb.; heavy, fat, 7c to 9½c lb.

Hogs—Fed and watered, \$16; weighed off cars, \$36.25. Less \$2.50 off sows, \$4 to \$5 off stags, \$1 off light hogs and \$2 off thin feeder pigs, and half of one per cent. government condemnation loss.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 2.—Cattle—Receipts, 16,000; market steady. Beefsteers, \$9.10 to \$12.95; stockers and feeders, \$7 to \$9.80; cows and heifers, \$5.50 to \$10.75; calves, \$9.50 to \$14.

Hogs—Receipts, 50,000; market steady; light, \$14.50 to \$15.30; mixed, \$14.75 to \$15.35; heavy, \$14.60 to \$15.40; rough, \$14.60 to \$14.75; pigs, \$10.50 to \$14.10; bulk of sales, \$15.10 to \$15.30.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 18,000; market weak. Lambs, native, \$12 to \$15.40.

EAST BUFFALO LIVE STOCK

East Buffalo, April 2.—Cattle—Receipts, 2860; active; shipping steers, \$9 to \$12.25; butchers, \$8 to \$11.50; heifers, \$6.75 to \$10.50; cows, \$5 to \$9.50; bulls, \$6 to \$9.50; stockers, \$7 to \$8; feeders, \$8 to \$8.75; fresh cows and springers, steady to strong, \$50 to \$110.

Hogs—Receipts, 9000; active and steady; heavy, \$15.80 to \$15.90; mixed, \$15.70 to \$15.85; yorkers, \$15.50 to \$15.75; light, \$13.25 to \$15; pigs, \$11 to \$13; roughs, \$13.90 to \$14; stags, \$11 to \$12.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 6800; lambs slow, others steady; lambs, \$12 to \$13.50; few, \$15.60; yearlings, \$11 to \$15.35; wethers, \$12 to \$12.75; ewes, \$6 to \$12; mixed sheep, \$11.75 to \$12.25.

Eliza Ginglow, the three-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Ginglow of St. Catharines, was drowned Saturday by falling into a raceway.

Discretion.

"What did yo' do, suh, when big Brudder Tump called yo' a liah?"

"Uh—well, suh," replied small Brother Slink, "as de gen'lman am six feet high an' weighs mighty nigh a ton, what could I do but move dat we make it noononimous?"—Exchange.

Asking the Impossible.

Bob—Perhaps we had better forget one another? Bess—Oh, I couldn't do that; I have so few things to laugh about—Puck.

Celebrity sells deently what we think she gives.—Eudie Souvestre.

Vivid stories of the suffering of the people of Poland and man yoke are told by M daughter of Rabbi I. Ro Toronto. Mrs. Zucker a year-old daughter succed ing away from Warsaw ber. They recently arriv York, and afterwards jo their home in Hamilton.

"Most of the Warsaw closed," said Mrs. Zucker view, "and many of the ers are working for a liv dlers and small merchan rich merchants left for fore the city was invade Germans. The great maj population is starving. tem is used in doling ou sities of life. Each perso to seven pounds of bread pounds of potatoes weel riots with loss of life day. Most of the rest closed. Thousands of st ple hang around the so struggling for bread and a day. Those fortunate secure a recommendation city council get free meal must pay five kopecks (meal.

"Clothing is very sc price of a plain overcoat (\$25). Bare-bodied peo everywhere. Instead of feet are covered with ra the Germans invaded body could walk on the 9 p.m. Offenders were imprisonment and fined of money."

"The population of W not believe in the since Teutonic proclamation re establishment of the dom," said Mrs. Zuck claim this was only a se cure recruits for the Teut Everyone earnestly hopes lies' victory and the tim land will come again u rule. All nationalities firmly decided not to e Polish army unless force

Mrs. Zucker had great securing permission to le She applied, but was ref to the fact that she was husband in Canada, an try. Finally she prese ments showing that her moved from Canada to States, and she was ther go. Before her departu sonal letters were carefu and sealed by the Geru When she left her house sieged by many neighb men, and children, all e ly, and prayed her to in can Jews about their "That was a real funera Zucker.

Picturesque Charact

James Duckworth, kn old miser of Sne'grove," his remains were taken resting place at Glen Wi days ago. The old felc on the farm where he years ago, and was found bed one bitterly cold Jar ing. The old man's sist years ago, and her bed in the same condition left it. His brother J had also been left un

FUR TRADE SHRINKS.

Due to Growth of Population and Fur Farming.

A hundred years ago, the fur trade might be said to extend over the whole length and width of what is now the Dominion of Canada. Fifty years ago, a large portion of Quebec, of Ontario, of the Maritime Provinces, a considerable section of Manitoba, and a portion of British Columbia had been reclaimed from the wilderness; its quota of furs had fallen off with the advance of civilization, and the territory from which furs were being drawn had been circumscribed to that extent. Yet the supply of furs still kept up. Why? Because increased population, better transportation facilities, greater and more general knowledge of the country, and more highly organized effort on the part of the trading companies, had made smaller the mesh of the trading net, and the country still available as a source of supply for fur was being dragged more carefully and more completely.

To-day, that area is still more circumscribed. The southern half of British Columbia, of Alberta, and of Saskatchewan, practically the whole of Manitoba, and all that portion of Ontario and Quebec which lie south of the height of land, have been taken out of the fur trading area proper. They have gained the stage where, if they are not given over to agricultural, mining, or other industries of civilization, they are in the half-way stage of their existence, neither fish, flesh, fowl, nor good red herring; neither a fur-trading wilderness nor a full-fledged civilization. Their villages are half-store, half-trading post; their inhabitants, half-pioneer-farmers, half-trappers and traders; they can no longer make their living from the fur trade, and they have not yet arrived at the point where the demands of their civilization will enable them to live without it.

It is beyond this area where the real fur trade is to be found. It is this still further circumscribed district that furnishes the raw material for the London fur market—that market which still levies an approximately equal tax to that of years past—but levies it on this restricted fur belt in lieu of, as formerly, the whole of Canada.

It stands to reason, then, that unless the fur-bearing animals are more prolific now than they used to be they must be having a harder fight for life and liberty than they did heretofore; and it is equally patent that they are not succeeding in that fight, since from a large section of country they have practically disappeared, and that from the remaining portion they are being caught in numbers, which show practically no diminution from the records of the time when the hunted area was one-third larger.

Another factor, however, has come into the situation of recent years. Fur farming, once thought to be the idle dream of impracticable theorists, has proved itself to be a commercial possibility. During the past few years fur farms unnumberable have been started, enormous amounts of capital have been sunk in the business, and some, at least, of these enterprises have proved and are proving immensely profitable. Fur farming is a business which not everyone can hope to succeed in. It requires special knowledge, special climate, situation, soil, and all kinds

Baseball Player At the Front

ALTHOUGH the names of athletes that have figured most prominent in the war reports from the Canadian front have been most those of oarsmen, Rugby, lacrosse, and hockey players, there is one outstanding exception to that rule. At least one exponent of the national game of the United States has been doing splendid work with the Canadian forces. Lieut. William O'Hara, former member of the Toronto baseball team of the International League and outfielder with the New York Giants of the National League, has returned to Toronto direct from the Somme on a brief leave of absence. "Bill," as he is popularly known, left the world of sport for the world of battle about eighteen months ago. He enlisted in the Royal Naval Air Service, completed his course at the Curtiss Aviation School with high honors, and went overseas. After several months in the aviation game, "Bill" transferred to an infantry battalion, going into France with the 24th. And now, after six months of continuous duty in the Ypres and Somme sections, exposed to the most severe gruelling that the Canadians have yet received, he is back, safe and sound, and in the pink of condition.

"Bill" set at rest many of the reports that have been in circulation concerning his activities at the front. The most persistent one—that he had been wounded and his eyesight affected—was stoutly denied by O'Hara. Another report that he had been taken from the infantry and placed in charge of a bombing squad was also declared to be erroneous. "I went into the 24th as a lieutenant in charge of a platoon," said "Bill," "and there I stayed until I was given leave of absence. I met many Toronto boys over there that I knew when they were engaged in different lines of sport in Canada. Art Disette, the old Parkdale football player, has made a great reputation for himself. He passed his examinations in the aerial service with high honors and developed into a high-class aviator. Jack McCamus, the old St. Michael's hockey player, is also doing splendidly. The Canadians are popular wherever they go, and are accorded the best of treatment."

During his first two months in the trenches O'Hara was stationed in the Ypres salient, and was within a few miles of the town of Ypres. Although the Canadians lost heavily in the salient fighting, they were successful in inflicting heavy losses on the Germans. "Bill" explained the method employed by the Germans in disseminating the deadly poisonous gas. The gas is contained in long, heavy cylinders and stationed about fifty yards apart along the front desired to be effected. When the wind blows in the proper direction small taps are opened, and the gas drifts toward the enemy in great dense clouds. The use of poisonous gas, however, has been discontinued to a great extent. There is always the possibility that the wind will change and the men using the gas will suffer accordingly.

"I do not think that the Canadians

LIGHT ON SALONIKI

Pen Picture of Street Scenes in the Quaint Greek City.

A MINGLING OF MANY RACES.

The Town Has a Slight Italian Flavor, and the Striking Costumes of its Varied Peoples Form a Complete Exhibition of Balkan Fashions.

A striking picture of street life in Saloniki, Greece, is given in a bulletin of the National Geographic society compiled from a communication to the society from H. G. Dwight.

"Somebody had told me that Saloniki was rather like Genoa," writes Mr. Dwight. "My first impression, therefore, was of a disappointing flatness not in the least comparable to the lofty air—the piled, bastioned, heaven scaling air—of the Italian city. Yet Saloniki scales heaven, too, in her more discreet manner.

"And there is even something faintly Italian about her. This is most palpable on the broad quay of the water front, especially when a veritable row of fishermen from the Adriatic are drying nets or sails under the sea wall, just as they do in Venice. The crescent of white buildings facing the blue bay would not look foreign in any Rimini or Spezzia.

"The White tower, which is the most conspicuous of them, might perfectly have been the work of an Italian prince. Indeed, a doge of Venice is said to have built the first edition of it, and Suleiman the Magnificent employed Venetians for his own.

"Look a little closer, however, and this Italian appearing town has unfamiliar details. The white campanili that everywhere prick up above the roofs of weathered red are too slender and too pointed for true bell towers. Then, as you land at the quay you perceive that the electric cars are labeled in strange alphabets. The cafes do not look quite as they should either.

"As for the people in them, a good many would pass without question. Just such slight and trim young men in Italy would sit at little tables on the sidewalk. Just such young women, rather pale and powdered as to complexion, rather dusky as to eyes and hair, would sit beside them. And you hear a good deal of Italian. But you hear more of other and less familiar languages. And those red fezzes are another note.

"A more striking note is afforded by numerous dignified old gentlemen taking their ease in their bathrobes, as it were, slit a little up the side and tied about the waist with a gay silk girdle. Over the bathrobe they usually wear a long, open coat lined with yellow fur, which guards them from the cold in winter and in the summer from heat. And none of them is without a string of beads, preferably of amber, dangling from his hand and giving him something to play with.

"Such an old gentleman should be accompanied by an old lady, who contributes what is most characteristic to the local color of Saloniki. The foundation

...a woman an old lady, who contributes what is most characteristic to the local color of Saloniki. The foundation of her costume is a petticoat of some dark silk and a white bodice crossed below her throat—a very thin bodice, cut very low at the neck and unstiffened by any such mail as western women arm themselves with.

"Over this superstructure the old lady wears a dark satin bolero lined with fur and two striped silk aprons, one before and one behind. The latter is caught up on one side, some corner of it being apparently tucked into a mysterious pocket. But the crown and glory of the old lady is her headdress, a sort of flat frame tightly wound about with a stamped or embroidered handkerchief and crowned with an oval gilt plaque set off by seed pearls. Whatever its color, this creation invariably ends in a fringed tail of dark green silk, also ornamented by a gilt or gold plaque of seed pearls hanging halfway down the old lady's back. In this wonderful tail she keeps her hair, of which you see not a scrap unless at the temples. And about her throat she wears strings and strings of more seed pearls.

"She is, this decorative, this often extremely handsome old lady, a mother in Israel. The old gentleman in the gaberdine is her legitimate consort, while many of the modernized young people at the cafe tables are their descendants—very many. A dozen different estimates of the population are given, varying according to the race of the informant, but they all agree on the point that Saloniki contains not far from 150,000 people and that more than half of them are Jews.

"To loiter among the booths of Saloniki's bazaar, to explore the busy squares and markets beyond it, to stroll in the crowded street of the Vardar or to idle among the coffee houses of its western end is to take in something of the Macedonian question.

"Tall Albanians, variously braided according to their tribes and wearing white skullcaps on one ear, stalk through the crowd with that lordly swing of theirs. Bulgarians, less lordly, but no less indifferent to the opinion of the world at large, mind their own business in brown homespun. Kilted Greek peasants in tight white trousers tasseled under the knee, booted Montenegrins with hanging sleeves, lend the scene an operatic air.

"Women in hats, women in kerchiefs, women in embroideries that you want to buy off their backs—and sometimes do—women in the Turkish domino, offer a complete exhibition of Balkan fashions."

One of the sublimest things in the world is plain truth.—Bulwer.

A Noble Family.

A Scottish-Canadian family's tragic sacrifice in the war became known on the departure from Granville Canadian Hospital at Ramsgate of Nurse Murray and her brother, Corporal Murray, who wore three gold stripes on his sleeve. They are the only surviving children of Colonel Murray, of Toronto, formerly of the Black Watch. Two of Colonel Murray's sons were killed at Ypres, two fell on the Somme, and the younger daughter was killed by a shell while a nurse at a Belgian clearing station.

Switzerland has 796,909 cows.

...farming is a business which is not everyone can hope to succeed in. It requires special knowledge, special climate, situation, soil, and all kinds of conditions must be carefully watched. It is also largely in the experimental stage. Large numbers of animals may be lost through the slightest deviation from the right plan of handling, and the right plan is still to a certain extent a matter of guess work.

Yet there is no doubt that fur farming has come to stay; that it will increasingly become a source of commercial supply for the fur trade of the world; and it is becoming evident that the fur farm will not always be confined merely to the more valuable classes of fur, that silver fox is not the only kind of fur it would be profitable to farm. But whether the supply of pelts from the fur farms, even under the most promising conditions, will ever enable the trade to overtake the high water mark of furs past, or to stem the gradually decreasing number of animals, is a question that no one familiar with the history of the trade and the manner in which it has been carried on would undertake to answer in the affirmative.

Wounded in the Heart.

After being twice wounded in the heart—once by a bullet and again by a dart from Cupid's bow—and the proud possessor of an iron cross, Marcell Belliveau, a Moncton and N. H. A. hockey player, has been invalided home. Belliveau was wounded in the heart at Courcellette in the attack on the famous sugar refinery. He was operated on and made a wonderful recovery. He received the iron cross after a hand-to-hand fight with a German colonel who was wearing it.

Belliveau married the nursing sister who looked after him in hospital. He exhibits the iron cross proudly to friends, and also a prayer book through which the bullet that entered his heart had bored.

WASHING THE DISHES.

Doing This Job Only Once a Day, It Is Said, Saves Time.

"The careful housekeeper will always resent the suggestion that once a day is often enough to wash dishes," writes Dr. H. Barnard in "Table Talk" in the National Food Magazine. "She cannot train herself to allow soiled plates and silverware to stack up from one meal to the next, for she has been taught that such actions are evidence of shiftless, slovenly housekeeping. As a matter of fact, along with many other notions which are fixed in the operation of the home, both time and energy are saved by cutting out two of the three daily dishwashing jobs."

Dr. Barnard goes on to recite the experience of one housekeeper who actually dared study the homely work of dishwashing. One week she washed dishes three times a day; the next week she washed each day's dishes altogether. She used the same number of dishes each day in both weeks. She found that it took her fifty-one minutes a day to wash dishes after each meal and forty-one minutes a day to wash them once a day.

This took account only of time, but there was a considerable additional saving in gas or fuel consumed by heating water once instead of thrice a day, to say nothing of the saving in soap.

...that the wind will change and the men using the gas will suffer accordingly.

"I do not think that the Canadians ever used gas in their attacks," said O'Hara.

"Bill" painted a graphic word picture of the immense tanks and their activities.

"If they could only make a little more speed they would be of invaluable assistance," he said. "They are gigantic steel cars that plod steadily along over everything. They are operated by five men and carry machine guns and 13-pounders. They drop into holes as big as an ordinary house, turn over on their sides, right themselves, and pull right out of the holes. They are heavily armored and will withstand ordinary gunfire, although a fair hit from German artillery would demolish them. A shell can burst within ten feet of them without doing any harm. They drop right into trenches, slip over on their sides, and the caterpillar wheels pull them out in great shape."

After two months at Ypres, "Bill" was moved over to the Somme, and during the past four months has passed through some of the most severe fighting of the war. The Canadians suffered especially heavy losses, but were successful in accounting for large numbers of Germans, and taking many prisoners. "The Allies are gaining ground every day," said O'Hara, "but it is slow work. It is certainly a battle of endurance. And when it comes to staying in the game right to the limit, none of them have anything on the Canadians."

While in London previous to his departure for Canada, "Bill" met Dr. M. M. Crawford, who is attached to the Orpington, Kent, Hospital. The doctor is in fine fettle, and although kept very busy, is enjoying his life. Colonel "Dick" Greer, Capt. Tom Flanagan, and other members of the Sportsmen's Battalion, were also encountered by Lieut. O'Hara during his stay in London. The Sportsmen have been broken up, and while some of the officers are in France, many still remain in England.

This splendid record indicates that a man can become proficient in the national game of the United States without losing his Canadian spirit.

Canadians May Form Regiment.

It is currently reported that in the event of the United States going to war with Germany a regiment of Canadians now living in the United States will be organized. This, it is said, could easily be accomplished, and would be a return compliment to any Americans who have enlisted in the Canadian forces for overseas service.

Power in Australia.

The Australian State of Victoria is electrifying its railroad system at an expense that eventually will exceed \$29,000,000.

Brush Made of Sponge.

A recently patented sanitary shaving brush has a sponge instead of bristles, and the handle is made to contain soap.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears
the
Signature of

Wm. D. Galt

...in the same condition as left it. His brother Jas had also been left unto many years in the lo house, while his own of canopied bed was the on furniture adorning the n vate apartment with its i webbed ceiling. When stable Horses, of Brampt gated, the mattress of crumbled under his hands to turn it over, while he an account book contain \$800 in notes, many of t as far back as 1870, and A bank book showing \$3 old man's credit in the Bank was found under th Scotch newspapers were s the side of the bed, and box, among screws and pieces of string were for mortgages, indicating th ceased must have been v 000 at least. His 250-aci miles west of Brampton, been touched by the plo years or more.

Fighting Boy Sco

At a conservative es tween 3,500 and 5,000 C Boy Scouts are on active G. Hammond, Provincia of the Boy Scouts, recei Mr. Hammond has jus from a trip to England, as representative of the General Council and saw ex-scouts working in E fighting in France under tions. They are doing work in England in the office and department, an on the east coast of Engl forget it was a sea scout Hammond, "who gave the ing of the presence of G ships off Scarborough." Mr. considers the Canadian England are doing spler but he does not think an go to England unless r work, for there is lots I "I can't think though th dian woman goes over th that resolve," he said.

Bishop Fallon's C

In refusing to make a appeal for the Red Cross tic Fund campaigns in t London on the ground t cheap, Bishop M. F. Fal Roman Catholic Diocese announced that he is give one-third of his net this purpose for the dur war, on condition that Londoners, whose incon \$3,000 a year, do likewise.

The Bank of Engl

By a loan to the Gove \$16,000,000 at 8 per ce on taxes, the Bank of En ed operations in 1694.

A Y. M. C. A. Witho

A donation of \$1,000 re California from the wi late Hon. James Young, smaller subscriptions, bri amount raised in the re C. A. campaign in Galt Galt has now the distincti the only city in Canada modern Y. M. C. A. build debt.

A New Highway
The Venezuelan Gover decided to build a high the republic 643 miles lor

FERING POLAND.

Woman Escapes From Lartred Country.

ories of the sufferings of of Poland under the Ger- are told by Mrs. Zucker, of Rabbi I. Rosenberg, of Mrs. Zucker and her six- aughter succeeded in get- from Warsaw in Decem- recently arrived in New afterwards journeyed to in Hamilton.

f the Warsaw factories are d Mrs. Zucker in an inter- many of the manufactur- rking for a living as ped- small merchants. All the ants left for Russia be- ty was invaded by the The great majority of the is starving. A card sys- d in doling out the neces- e. Each person is entitled ounds of bread and twelve potatoes weekly. Food loss of life occur every st of the restaurants are ousands of starving peo- around the soup kitchens, for bread and soup once hose fortunate enough to recommendation from the I get free meals. Others five kopecks (2½c) for a

g is very scarce. The plain overcoat is 50 Rs. are-bodied people are seen e. Instead of shoes their vered with rags. When ans invaded Warsaw no- walk on the streets after fenders were punished by ent and fined large sums

ulation of Warsaw does e in the sincerity of the roclamation regarding the ent of the Polish king- i Mrs. Zucker. "They was only a scheme to se- ts for the Teutonic armies. earnestly hopes for the Al- y and the time when Po- come under Russian l nationalities of Warsaw led not to enlist in the y unless forced to do so." ker had great difficulty in ermission to leave Poland. d, but was refused, owing that she was going to her Canada, an enemy coun- ally she presented docu- ving that her husband had n Canada to the United l she was then allowed to e her departure, her per- s were carefully examined by the German officials. left her house she was be- many neighbors, men, wo- children, all crying bitter- yed her to inform Ameri- about their sufferings. a real funeral," said Mrs.

sque Character Dead.

uckworth, known as "the f Sne'grove," is dead, and s were taken to their last ce at Glen Williams a few The old fellow was born m where he died, eighty and was found dead in his terly cold January morn- old man's sister died some and her bed remains still e condition as when she is brother James' couch een left untouched for

GOLDEN TWILIGHT.

In the twilight, golden twilight,
When the sun has bid good-night,
And its rays are still reflected,
As the orb has left our sight,
When all shadows have departed,
And the dew is falling fast,
When the stars begin to twinkle,
And a lurid light is cast,
When the birds have ceased to warble,
And have nestled for the night,
When the bullfrog's "chug" is strengthened
By the waning of the light,
'Tis the hour for calm reflection,
And all nature seems to rest,
For the day's turmoil is ended
After hours of strenuous test.
'Tis the hour of peace and quiet,
Leading up to full repose;
'Tis the time of relaxation,
Daylight fading as a rose.
'Tis a time for contemplation,
When life's work can be reviewed,
And the errors that have marred it
Can be studied and eschewed.
In the heyday of our manhood
Life is full of strength and power,
But life's twilight comes so gently,
We scarce feel the gloaming hour.
Twilight, twilight, golden twilight!
Waning days are drawing near;
Comfort and contentment follow
When life's sky is bright and clear.
—J. B. Rittenhouse.

THE COST OF WAR.

How Money Voted by the Dominion Is Spent.

In launching discussion of the resolution to provide \$500,000,000, Sir Robert Borden presented to Parliament a statement of Canada's war expenditure during the fiscal year and an estimate of such expenditures during the coming period.

Of the amount asked, the Department of Militia and Defence requires \$196,171,000, the Overseas Militia Department \$219,000,000, and the Naval Service \$17,500,000. In reference to this the Prime Minister's memorandum referred to "new ships and maintenance." The war expenditures proper provide for a total of \$433,000,000. The balance of the half billion may be devoted towards further assistance to Great Britain in financing war orders in Canada.

The detailed items for the land forces include pay and allowances for 400,000 troops, \$182,500,000; separation allowances, \$36,000,000; rations and subsistence, \$51,000,000; clothing and necessities, \$48,000,000; equipment and general stores, \$42,261,000; ammunition, \$16,750,000; small arms and machine guns and 80,000 Ross rifles and bayonets, \$5,666,000; forage, \$2,500,000; remounts, \$2,000,000; ocean transport, \$5,000,000; railway transport, \$3,000,000; engineer service, \$4,000,000; civil employes, \$2,900,000; recruiting, customs duties, funeral expenses, fuel, \$5,000,000.

The total expenditure by fiscal years since the war began has been: 1914, \$60,750,476; 1915, \$166,197,755; 1916 and 1917, up to January 30, \$216,901,822. Of the total expenditure for war during the present fiscal year the Militia Department had controlled \$209,213,000, the Naval Service \$5,775,000, and the Justice Department \$1,004,000.

The Prime Minister explained that after deducting the expenses already borne by Canada in connection with the maintenance of its troops, such as pay, etc., six shillings per man per day was the War Office estimate

AN EMBROIDERED CEILING.

It Once Graced the Chinese Imperial Palace at Peking.

One of the most beautiful and elaborate pieces of embroidery ever exhibited in New York was the ceiling of the council chamber of the imperial palace at Peking. This ceiling was formed of yellow silk of heavy quality that much resembled faille in the weave. The back was of a greenish blue, woven in a small diamond pattern. The total measurements of it all were twenty-one feet six inches long and nineteen feet six inches wide.

The design with which it was embellished was an imperial dragon in the center and four others, one in each corner. Encircling these a groundwork was formed of cloud pattern, and dispersed were small bats and other symbols. The cloud effect was worked out in blue and purple and the bats in pink. The dragons were largely gold work, and a threefold line of gold surrounded each part of the design.

The story of this ceiling and how it came to New York includes a small part of Chinese history and custom. It was in the imperial council chamber at Peking that the envoys of the various nations met in 1902 to settle the Boxer difficulties. At the close of the session a representative of the emperor courteously informed them that the contents of the chamber were considered profaned by the presence of foreigners and that they were therefore at liberty to divide among themselves the chamber's furnishings. In this manner the ceiling fell to the share of the American envoy.

HE KNEW A GOOD PLAY.

The Sagacious Canine Didn't Even Have to Read It.

One day I brought to my rooms in Twenty-third street a box of old manuscripts. Death and Trap, a bulldog and fox terrier, stood by and looked on idly while I as idly looked over the plays. Suddenly Trap flew at a heap of manuscripts and seized a printed book. We tried to get it from him. He dashed about the room, under and over the bed.

The landlady opened the door. Out went Trap, nearly upsetting my landlady. My brother Sam and I rushed after the dog. Trap headed down Twenty-third street direct to the Lyceum theater, play in mouth. In and out among cabs and cars, pedestrians and jehus, that wonderful dog went directly to the box office of the theater.

Frank Bunce, the business manager, beheld him. "What has he got there?" said he. "A play," said I. "Does he want me to read it?" said Bunce. "If you please," I replied. "Take it upstairs to Mr. Frohman," said the business manager.

'Twas done. Frohman read it. He accepted and produced it. The play had been written twenty years before for my father by Madison Morton and Robert Reece. They called it "Trade." Frohman christened it "The Highest Bidder." The play was a great success and started both Dan Frohman and myself on the waters of prosperity.—Edward H. Sothern's "The Melancholy Tale of a Dog."

ELDERLY WOMEN SAFEGUARDED

Tell Others How They Were Carried Safely Through Change of Life.

Durand, Wis.—"I am the mother of fourteen children and I owe my life to



Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. When I was 45 and had the Change of Life, a friend recommended it and it gave me such relief from my bad feelings that I took several bottles. I am now well and healthy and recom-

mend your Compound to other ladies."

—Mrs. MARY RIDGWAY, Durand, Wis.

A Massachusetts Woman Writes:

Blackstone, Mass.—"My troubles were from my age, and I felt awfully sick for three years. I had hot flashes often and frequently suffered from pains. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and now am well."

—Mrs. PIERRE COURNOYER, Box 239, Blackstone, Mass.

Such warning symptoms as sense of suffocation, hot flashes, headaches, back-aches, dread of impending evil, timidity, sounds in the ears, palpitation of the heart, sparks before the eyes, irregularities, constipation, variable appetite, weakness and dizziness, should be heeded by middle-aged women. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has carried many women safely through this crisis.

RIDING ON BUBBLES OF AIR.

Motoring Would Be Ideal If Tires Could Be Made Thinner.

In the whole mechanism of modern transportation there is nothing so paradoxical, nothing so daring in conception as these bubbles of air which we call tires. They are at once strangely nonsensical and strangely practical—nonsensical because they must endure great strains and yet are necessarily made of unendurable material; practical because nothing can match air as a shock absorber. From all the tales that we hear of tire costs and tire repairs, let it not be forgotten that motoring as we know it became possible because of the art of riding on bubbles of air had been discovered.

What happens when the old fashioned iron tired, wooden buggy wheel strikes a small stone in the road? It simply rises and the entire load resting on the wheel is lifted. There is loss of power—more work for the horse, for whenever you or a horse lifts a weight energy must be expended. What happens when an air tube strikes a stone? The tube is simply punctured in, as it were, momentarily! The wheel need not be lifted over the obstruction.

In order to secure this extraordinary result the air must have a chance to compress. If it were possible to build a tire with a wall as thin as a soap bubble's and yet so tough and elastic

his brother James' couch has been left untouched for years in the lonely brick like his own old-fashioned bed was the only piece of adorning the miser's prison with its thickly cobbling. When Chief Conkles, of Brampton, investigated the bed under his hands as he tried over, while he came upon a book containing nearly 100, many of them dating as far back as 1870, and quite fresh, showing \$39,600 to the credit in the Dominion found under the mattress. Newspapers were scattered by the bed, and in an old box were found several screws and nails and string were found several indicating that the bed had been worth \$100. His 250-acre farm, five miles from Brampton, has not been ploughed for 20 years.

Lighting Boy Scouts.

Conservative estimate, between 10 and 5,000 Canadian ex-servicemen are on active service, H. J. Provincial Secretary of Scouts, recently stated. He has just returned from England and France representative of the Canadian Council and saw scouts and working in England and France under all conditions are doing a wonderful job in the Government department, and as guards on the coast of England. "Don't say a sea scout," said Mr. "who gave the first warning of German warships." Mr. Hammond the Canadian women in doing splendid work, and not think anyone should land unless resolved to there is lots to be done. "I think though that any Canadian goes over there without a gun," he said.

Hop Fallon's Offer.

Offering to make an eloquent the Red Cross and Patriotic campaigns in the city of the ground that talk is hop M. F. Fallon, of the Catholic Diocese of London, that he is prepared to give of his net income to the for the duration of the condition that 100 other whose incomes exceed his, do likewise.

Bank of England.

Loan to the Government of £100 at 8 per cent, secured by the Bank of England starting in 1894.

I. C. A. Without Debt.

Loan of \$1,000 received from the widow of the James Young, and several subscriptions, bring the total loan in the recent Y. M. campaign in Galt to \$35,346. Now the distinction of being the first in Canada to have a Y. M. C. A. building clear of

New Highway.

The Government has begun a highway across the 643 miles long.

the maintenance of its troops, such as pay, etc., six shillings per man per day was the War Office estimate of the net cost of the Canadian soldier at the front, the total cost being nine shillings and sixpence. This six shillings was, therefore, the amount which Canada still had to pay. As for the equipment of the troops, that would belong to the Dominion after the war.

Hon. J. D. Hazen said that Canada was paying the 1,300 naval recruits who have been sent overseas.

Sir Robert Borden told Sir Wilfrid Laurier that the reason for the great increase in this year's war vote was the financing of Great Britain's munition purchases here.

The Opposition leader then asked how much of the war loan was being spent for the defence of Canada. The Government had purchased two submarines at the beginning of the war when danger threatened from the German navy. What was it doing to-day? He was assured by the Premier that the matter had been considered, both by the Government and the British Admiralty, and that the correspondence in connection with the matter would be submitted privately to Sir Wilfrid.

Enjoying Canadian Apples.

Hon. W. H. Hearst, Premier of Ontario, has received the following letter from the King's Canadian Red Cross Convalescent Hospital at Bushy Park, England: "I beg to convey to you, as representative of the Ontario Government, the sincere thanks of myself, the officers and men of this institution, for the splendid gift of 150 boxes of apples which arrived here Monday last. The patients are simply revelling in their deliciousness, and it is indeed good to witness the enjoyment they seem to get out of every bite." The letter is from Lieut.-Colonel H. R. Casgrain, officer commanding the hospital.

Operated Old Mill.

Every collection of Toronto views published in recent years contains a picture of the Old Mill on the Humber, one of the suburban beauty spots of the city. This scene has been painted and photographed thousands of times. It will surprise most persons to hear that the man who operated the old mill has just died at the age of 84 years. Jacob Atkinson owned and operated the historical old mill as a foundry back in the 60's of the last century, and it was finally burned down, having remained from that time the picturesque ruin like that it is to-day.

Cannot Poison Huns.

Careful investigation at the Berlin University has shown that covers for beer steins can contain as much as 35 per cent. lead without danger of poisoning consumers of the steins' contents.

To Aid the French.

A former Woodstock boy, Dr. Charles White, son of James White, has been appointed to go to France to take charge of all the voluntary relief work of the health service of the French War Department. Dr. White's appointment came from the Boston Committee of French Relief, and he will assume charge of the work of systematizing efforts of the French Government in stamping out tuberculosis among the soldiers in the camps and trenches. Dr. White is at present Medical Director of the Tuberculosis League Hospital in Pittsburgh.

and myself on the waters of prosperity.—Edward H. Sothern's "The Melancholy Tale of 'Me.'"

A Useful Storm.

Professor Cleveland Abbe, the American meteorologist, was generally credited with being the father of scientific weather forecasting. The possibility of predicting the weather was first considered at an international conference at Brussels in 1853, but the necessary impetus to the movement was given in 1854, during the Crimean war, by a violent storm in the Black sea, which caused havoc among the allied British and French vessels. One French warship was wrecked, and in consequence of this disaster the astronomer Le Verrier (the co-discoverer of Neptune, appropriately enough) was commissioned by the French government to investigate the meteorological conditions at the time of the storms.

Single File.

When the Indians traveled together they seldom walked or rode two or more abreast, but followed one another in single file. It has been thought by some that this practice resulted from the lack of roads, which compelled them to make their way through woods and around rocks by narrow paths. If this were the real reason for the practice, then we should expect to find that the tribes who lived in open countries traveled in company, as do whites. The true reason for journeying as the Indians did in single file seems to be a feeling of caste. This feeling was at the bottom of other customs of the Indians. It made their women slaves and rendered the men silent and unsocial. This peculiarity is Asiatic. How it has warped and disfigured Hindu life is well known. The women of a Chinese household are seldom seen in the street. The children, when accompanying their father, follow him at a respectful distance, in single file and in the order of their ages.

Poor John!

"Hello! Is this you, mother dear?" "Yes, Sue. What is it? Something awful must have happened for you to call me up at this!" "It's not so awful. But John, dear, hasn't been feeling well, and the doctor gave him pills to take every four hours. I've been sitting up to give them to him, and now it's about time for his medicine, but John has fallen asleep. Should I wake him?" "I wouldn't if I were you. What is he suffering from?" "Insomnia."

Smoking In Japan.

In Japan woman has smoked ever since tobacco was introduced and invariably used the pipe of metal with the tiny bowl holding only sufficient tobacco to provide half a dozen whiffs which was in universal use until the cigarette entered Japan with other western innovations.

His Excuse.

"Your honor, I frankly admit that I was exceeding the speed limit, but I was afraid of being late at court." "What was your business at court?" "I had to answer to a charge of exceeding the speed limit."

a fire with a wall as thin as a soap bubble's and yet so tough and elastic that it would both yield to blows and resist punctures and blowouts the ideal would be attained. One of the hardest technical tasks ever set was that of demanding from the rubber industry a tube which would hold air and which would also be resilient.

Air tires serve not only to make motoring luxuriously comfortable, but to protect the car itself. Were it not for them engines would not perform their work so efficiently; gasoline would not be so economically consumed; high speed would be unattainable; steering would not be so easy; shock would not be completely absorbed.—Waldemar Kaempffert in McClure's Magazine.

HE KNEW THE TURK.

So He Boldly Proceeded to Take the Law Into His Own Hands.

In his book, "Forty Years in Constantinople," Sir Edwin Pears tells the following story to illustrate the Turk's attitude toward foreigners:

I knew the Englishman of whom the story was told, and I persuaded him one day to give me his own version. He sued a man in the chief Turkish court that has jurisdiction over cases between Europeans and Turkish subjects. When the Turkish defendant came to tell his tale he spoke of the Englishman as a giauor, or infidel. The Englishman objected. Although the judges knew perfectly well that it is contrary to Turkish law to use such an epithet, they did not interfere, whereupon the Englishman said, "If you call me a giauor again I shall take the law into my own hands."

The Turk at once replied, "Well, you are a giauor."

The Englishman stepped across the floor three or four paces and gave the Turk a blow on the nose that startled him and the court. As the blood flowed freely, there was a great hubbub, and orders were given to arrest the Englishman. He was a big, powerful fellow, and instantly he smashed the stool on which he was seated and cried out that he would brain the first man who laid hands upon him.

Alischan, the dragoman who first told me the story, said that every one hesitated to attack the Englishman, and he, Alischan, was asked by the president to tell the aggressor that if he would apologize there would be an end of the matter.

"Apologize!" said the Englishman. "Not a bit of it. He insulted me, and I let him have it."

Alischan went back to the president and said, "This is the kind of an Englishman who won't stand an insult, and I can do nothing with him."

Thereupon the court ordered the proceedings to go on as if nothing had happened.

A Rousing Welcome.

"Anyhow," said the small man with the big set of books, over which he figured from early morn till late at night, "anyhow, there is one faithful friend at home that never fails to give me a rousing welcome."

"What friend is that?" asked the billing clerk, pausing to eat a sandwich while the boss wasn't looking.

"My old alarm clock," replied the small man dreamily.

SYMINGTON'S

Is the place to get the
Following Goods:

FEEDS

Cotton Seed Meal, Ruby Chop
Barley Feed, Cracked Corn,
Feed Wheat, Etc.

SEEDS

Timothy, Alsike, Clover, Alfalfa,
Flower Seeds, Lawn Grass, Etc.
Also Hen Supplies, Garden Seeds,
and Plants.

THOS. SYMINGTON,
NAPANEE, ONT.

50-11

REPRESENTATIVE WANTED!

at once for
NAPANEE
and District for

CANADA'S GREATEST NURSERIES.

Spring 1917 planting list is now
ready.

Splendid list of hardy CANADIAN
GROWN Fruit and Ornamental Stock,
including McINTOSH RED APPLE,
ST. REGIS EVERBEARING RASPBERRY,
and many other leaders.

New Illustrated Catalogue sent on
application.

Start now at best selling time.
Liberal proposition.

STONE & WELLINGTON,

The Fonthill Nurseries
(Established 1837)
TORONTO, ONT.

SUBMARINE LOSSES HIT GERMANY HARD

In discussing the German submarine warfare with the Associated Press to-day, Archibald S. Hurd, well known writer on naval subjects, said: "Admiral von Capelle (German naval minister,) struggling against adversity and aware of the contempt in which the new methods of warfare have brought the service to which he belongs, has endeavored to cheer his fellow countrymen and mislead and terrorize neutrals. What would the world have thought had he mentioned the number of submarines which have been lost in the matter of only two months, stated the capital they represented and given the casualties?"

"There is still a tendency to speak of German submarines as boats and sometimes they are referred to as little boats. In fact, the larger of them are as big as the men of war which the Germans themselves have been in the habit of describing as cruisers. Their displacement ranges from over 800 to 1200 tons, and the outlay for construction runs from 200,000 to 300,000 pounds each. The crew of each vessel number 30 men or upwards.

COST ENEMY DEARLY.

"Submarines, in proportion to their size, are the most expensive ships ever built. Consequently, these losses impose a heavy drain on German finances, material resources, skilled labor and manpower.

"If salvation is to come to Germany in time to rescue her from her doom, it must come soon and, as is confessed, her submarine piracy is 'the only means.' So the German naval secretary has been forced to make a further effort to represent the piracy campaign on the 40,000,000 tons of shipping of the allies and neutrals, as a success which has realized 'all expectations.' In contrast with the total tonnage quoted above, he gives inflated figures for the February depredations, and conceals the number of submarines which have gone to that bourne from whence no pirate vessel ever returns."

COAL.

On account of the scarcity of coal and money we have decided to sell coal for cash only. 50-11

F. E. VANLUVEN.

BUGGIES! BUGGIES!

We have just received a car load of the "Old Reliable," "McLaughlin" and "Canada Carriage" Buggies, in all the latest styles. Call in and look them over while you have a good variety to choose from.

C. A. WISEMAN.

Napanee.
15-c

Gold of the Rand.

It is said that during the last ten years the Rand has produced more gold than was produced by the entire world in the first half of the nineteenth century and that its production today is approximately two-fifths of the total output of the world.

The Pessimist's Notion.
"He's a pessimist."

LIFT YOUR CORNS OFF WITH

Tells how to loosen a toe
or callus so it lifts
without pain.

You reckless men and women are pestered with corns and at least once a week invite death from lockjaw or blisters are now told by a Cincinnati to use a drug called freezone the moment a few drops fall to any corn or callus the sore is relieved and soon the entire corn, root and all, lifts off with the fingers.

Freezone dries the moment applied, and simply shrivels the corn without inflaming or even the surrounding tissue or skin. A bottle of freezone will cost at any of the drug stores, but it will rid one's feet of even soft corn or hardened callus. A druggist hasn't any freezone it at any wholesale drug house.

Women's Patriotic Society and Red Cross

Through the "U. E. Loyalty League," I.O.D.E.



A generous donation to the Chapter were received from the members of the School of the Church of Magdalene, a cheque for the contribution of \$10.00 being by the Treasurer of the School. We beg to express appreciation and sincere thanks for their kind assistance. stand from Mr. Coleman's should we in the future, any donation to Major, H. McGreer for his work in line, the donors would be know that their gift had for this purpose. We are indebted to the following for most kindly contributions of \$5.00 each to our funds for above mentioned object: Miss Rennie herewith to convey grateful thanks to Mr. J. Mr. J. E. Madden, Dr. A. Mr. C. A. Wiseman.

One of our very faithful workers has recently been disposed, and we understand very well. Nevertheless, Miss Rennie goes on with her knitting, having taken out a quantity of wool last Saturday. We sincerely hope, now that spring days are with us, Miss Rennie will rapidly improve and feel quite herself again.

Miss Rennie has been here a long time, both through illness, and in other ways, and we appreciate Miss Rennie's help.

Back to BICYCLES

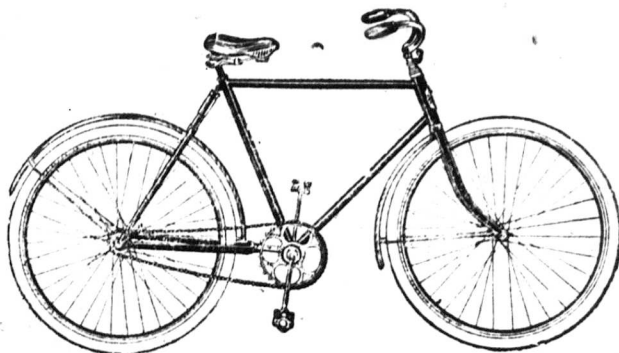


**Everybody Ought to
Ride a Bicycle
This Spring.**

It's healthy, it's handy, and this is the year to save money. It has been proved that it is cheaper to ride a Bicycle than to wear out shoe leather.

NOW IS THE TIME

To Pick Out Your Favorite Bicycle.



How is your old wheel. Can we put it in good repair for you? We have tires, rims, saddles and everything you might need for your old wheel. Or we will trade you for a new one.

might need for your old wheel. Or we will trade you for a new one.

Our Repair Department is fully equipped with tools and machinery for repairing Bicycles, and our long experience enables us to guarantee perfect satisfaction. Bring in your wheel and let us put it in First-Class Condition for you.

Auto Tires and Supplies.

W. J. Normile



GIVE YOUR WIFE ONE

THOUSANDS of wives and daughters run their own Ford cars. They use them for shopping, calling, attending the theatre, taking the children for a run in the country or to school.

The Ford is as easy to operate as a kitchen range, no knowledge of mechanical details being necessary. Inexpensive to operate. A woman can call around town all afternoon or take a 25-mile spin in the country, at the minimum of cost for gasoline, oil, wear on tires, etc.

You couldn't give "her" a present she would appreciate more than this beautiful, modern car, with its stream-line effect, tapered hood and crown fenders.

Ford

Runabout - \$475	Town Car - \$780
Touring - - 495	Sedan - - 890
Coupelet - 695	F. O. B. Ford, Ontario.

W. J. NORMILE,

Dealer,

Napanee, Ont.

Ford Motor Company
OF CANADA, Limited

The Pessimist's Notion.

"He's a pessimist."

"Yes. Nothing's as good as it might be, and everything is worse than it ought to be."—Detroit Free Press.

Observe your enemies, for they first find out your faults.—Antisthenes.

A Crying Grievance.

A Montreal politician of some years ago, in discussing party matters with Mr. S. L. Kydd, editor of The Gazette, declared in a tone of deep conviction: "The trouble with the Conservative party in this town is that it's run by a little clique." Then, in a voice which betrayed indignant resentment and positive sense of injustice, he added: "And 'm not in it."



The Red Cross S

Lieut. Colonel Noel Marsh onto, writes us the following:

"Re Ambulance, No. 1 above, which was donated by Cross workers of the County and Addington, I am pleased to state, that in a report just from France, the Ambulance the period, from the first thirty-first of January, calling cases and 109 sitting trust this report is satisfied.

We are confident that all kindly donated towards the ambulance, will be pleased to above report.

The ladies of Sillsville thanks for the assistance already given us, and we are to learn that a number of be able to help us through mer months.

A box, containing 63 sets as, was forwarded to her last week.

A kind letter has been received from the Rev. Mr. Coleman, M.A., a cheque for ten dollars from day School of St. Mary Church, and wishing our success.

At the March meeting of the Aid Society of the U.E.L. Church, Adolphustown, a motion passed to donate \$34.25 to the Red Cross. We feel deepened the Ladies' Aid for their success.

A donation of money is a fully acknowledged from Mrs. Napanee.

The Executive Committee in the Council Chamber on April 7th, at 2 p.m., after held our usual work meeting.

We acknowledge with thanks from Mrs. Chas. VanAlstyne, Valley, the result of an Sofa Cushion. This kindness is appreciated.

Mr. Andrews, Principal ofburgh High School, is preparing honor roll for the school, so that there are 65 or more of recent years, serving in of our country's defenders.

CORNS OFF WITH FINGERS

to loosen a tender corn
as it lifts out
without pain.

men and women who
with corns and who have
a week invited an awful
lockjaw or blood poison
by a Cincinnati authority
called freezone, which
a few drops are applied
or callus the soreness is re-
lief the entire corn or cal-
lall, lifts off with the fin-

tries the moment it is ap-
plied shrivels the corn or cal-
lusing inflaming or even irritating
ing tissue or skin. A small
sezone will cost very little
e drug stores, but will posi-
ne's feet of every hard or
hardened callus. If your
n't any freezone he can get
olesale drug house for you.

Patriotic Service and Red Cross Work

"U. E. Loyalist" Chap-
ter, I.O.D.E.



donation to the funds of
were received last week
members of the Sunday
Church of St. Mary
cheque for the handsome
of \$10.00 being sent in
asurer of the Sunday
beg to express our deep
and sincere thanks to all
aid assistance. We under-
Mr. Coleman's letter, that
in the future, be giving
n to Major, the Rev. A.
for his work in the front
tors would be pleased to
their gift had been used
pose. We are also much
the following gentlemen
ndly contributing the sum
a to our funds, preferably
mentioned object. We de-
to convey our very
unks to Mr. J. L. Boyes,
fadden, Dr. Milsap and
Viseman.

very faithful and valued
recently been quite in-
nd we understand is not
ll. Nevertheless, Mrs. Kil-
on with her wonderful
ving taken out quite a
wool last Saturday.
ly hope, now that the fine
are with us, Mrs. Kil-
rapidly improve, and soon
erself again.

ie has been helping us for
both through her knit-
other ways, and we ap-
Rennie's help very much,

RURAL SCHOOL FAIRS.

Eleven Rural School Fairs will be
held in Lennox and Addington County
this year. Over 120 schools and 2400
children will grow plots or raise chick-
ens on their home farms. The seeds
to be distributed are as follows:
O.A.C. No. 72 Oats; O.A.C. No. 21
Barley; Marquis Wheat; Canadian
Standard Late Potatoes; Early Eur-
eka Potatoes; Longfellow Flint Corn;
Golden Glow Ensilage Corn; Golden
Bantam Sweet Corn; Long Red Man-
gles; Purple Top Swede Turnips;
Asters (for girls only.)

Each school is requested to choose a
variety of plots, for this season. If
too many children choose Potatoes,
when the School Fair is held there
may be 50 children showing potatoes,
and only 10 prizes, and many children
cannot get a prize; while in grain,
corn or roots perhaps there are only
six to ten children showing in each
class, and every child gets a prize.
For this reason each school is asked
to take as far as possible, the same
number of each kind of crop.

Three children in each school, who
also have a plot, can take a setting of
Rhode Island Red eggs, for which
they pay 25 cents. These eggs cost
the Department 60 cents per setting.
Children or families who got eggs last
year cannot get them this year, if
other children in the school wish them.
If more than three children in a school
wish eggs, they can buy them from
children who got eggs in previous
years, and have pens mated. Nearly
5000 eggs were distributed to school
children last year, or 408 settings, and
more will be sent out this year.

Cash prizes will be given for the
produce exhibited by the school child-
ren at the School Fairs, and also for
the chickens. In addition cash prizes
will be paid for produce raised on
large plots by children in previous
years. Thus children, who got grain
or potatoes last year or even the year
before, may plant their seed and show
a bushel of their produce at the School
Fair. Special prizes will also be given
for chickens raised by children, who
obtained eggs in 1916 or previously.

Over \$500 in cash prizes will be dis-
tributed to rural school children in
Lennox and Addington County this
year. The seeds and eggs will be
distributed after the Easter holidays.

WOOL GROWERS, ATTENTION!

The Ontario Department of Agri-
culture have made arrangements to
market any farmer's wool through the
Ontario Sheep Growers Association.
All the wool will be shipped to Guelph.
Mr. G. B. Curran, District Repre-
sentative of the Department of Agri-
culture, Napanee will have charge of
all wool shipped from Lennox and
Addington County. Farmers who in-
tend to market their wool this way
should read the following instructions
sent out by Mr. R. W. Wade, Sec-
retary, Ontario Sheep Breeders As-
sociation, Parliament Building, Tor-
onto, Ont.

"If you wish to market your wool
through this Association, fill in care-
fully the application form and return
same to this office before April 23rd,
1917. These application forms may be
secured from the office of the District
Representative.

You will notice that the Association
has made a charge of 5 cents per fleece.
This charge is to cover the following
expense:— Insurance on wool, cost of
twine and wool sacks, cartage at
Guelph and the labor involved in
handling the wool. The grading is
done free of charge by officials of the

ALASKA'S LONG SPUR.

The Aleutian Islands Chain Over a
Thousand Miles in Length.

Few persons are aware that the
shortest route from San Francisco to
Japan is by way of Alaska. Nearly
a thousand miles are saved to vessels
trading with the orient by coasting
along the Aleutian islands rather than
following the Hawaiian route.

The Aleutian islands, more than 150
in number, which extend in a chain
east and west for more than a thou-
sand miles, are inhabited by the rem-
nant of the Aleuts. Their war of the
revolution closed just as the Ameri-
can Revolutionary war began. So pa-
triotic were the Aleuts, so brave in
their struggle for independence, that
they succumbed to the Russians only
after a conflict of nearly fifty years,
and then simply because the race was
almost exterminated in the struggle.

While the Aleutian islands must
eventually form an important link in
the commerce between the United
States and the orient, other islands
link our country with the vast empire
to the north. In the narrow Bering
strait lie two little islands, one occu-
pied by Russia, the other by the Uni-
ted States, so that citizens of the two
great nations live on respective islands
within a few miles of each other.

Evening Schools.

Evening schools owe their existence
to the Rev. Thomas Charles, who about
1811 set up one at Bala, Wales, which
proved to be quite successful. In 1839
or 1840 the English Bishop Hinds
strongly recommended such schools for
poor adults, who, on account of en-
forced labor, had no chance to secure
an education. The idea was taken in
hand by the British privy council in
1861, and from that date evening
schools began to be considered seri-
ously. At the present time they are
numerous throughout Great Britain,
America and many other leading na-
tions.

Censored Remarks.

Mrs. Bacon—I heard you talking to
yourself while you were taking your
bath, John. That's a bad custom. Mr.
Bacon—I wasn't talking to myself; I
was talking to the soap. I slipped on
it and fell.—Yonkers Statesman.

Obliged to Leave Early.

"Daughter, your new beau doesn't
remain very late. The last one used
to hang around until the milkman
called."

"Well, you see, dad, this one is a
milkman."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Flaming Swords.

"Flaming swords" were swords with
a way or flamboyant edge, generally
used for state purposes. The dukes of
Burgundy carried swords of this sort,
and they were worn in England till
the reign of William III.

BLACKLEG VACCINE—FRESH

OUTBREAK OF BLACKLEG

Blackleg has broken out in several
vicinities. You cannot be too parti-

WESTERN CANADA NEEDS

Thousands of Men for
Spring Seeding

Steady Employment,
Good Wages.

LOW FARES IN EFFECT

For tickets and information apply to
R. E. McLEAN, Station Agent; E.
McLAUGHLIN, Town Agent, or write
R. L. FAIRBAIRN, General Passen-
ger Agent, 68 King St. E., Toronto.

CANADIAN NORTHERN

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and
TOBACCO STORE.

We think we can please you.
TRY US.

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc
PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

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ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
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FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Next Wallace's Drug Store
Napanee
Strictly Private and Confidential. 39

JOHN T. GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

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National Breweries Limited
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INDIA PALE ALE
CROWN STOUT
PALE BITTER ALE
DOUBLE STOUT
MALT EXTRACT

Dawes

EXTRA INDIA PALE ALE
BLACK HORSE ALE
EXTRA STOUT
BLACK HORSE PORTER
Lagers - KINGSBEER CLUB SPECIAL
HOMEBREW

EKERS'

In other ways, and we appreciate Rennie's help very much, that of Miss Hazel Parks, tting for us, and brought a pair of socks two weeks urday. Another kind friend o a most interested and orker, has, within the past out 51 hospital night- 51 gauze pyjamas, and we ondingly grateful to this helper. Others are helping ions of old cotton, linen, ag and so forth, as well as assistance, so that all are "bit" in various ways. room is open as usual day and Saturday after- all friends and workers received.

Red Cross Society

donel Noel Marshall, Tor- es the following: bulance, No. 9239. Re- ch was donated by the Red- ers of the County of Len- ddington. I am pleased to in a report just received e, the Ambulance has, for from the first to the of January, carried 332 and 109 sitting cases. We report is satisfactory." onfident that all who so- oted towards the Ambul- be pleased to read the rt, as of Silsville have our the assistance they have en us, and we are pleased at a number of them will help us through the sum- s. ontaining 63 sets of pyjam- awarded to headquarters tter has been received from r. Coleman, M.A., enclosing r ten dollars from the Sun- of St. Mary Magdalene d wishing our Society fur- arch meeting of the Ladies' y of the U.E.L. Methodist olphustown, a motion was onate \$34.25 to the Napa- oss. We feel deeply indebt- Ladies' Aid for this hand- on of money is also thank- wledged from Mrs. Judson. ative Committee will meet ncil Chamber on Saturday, at 2 p.m., after which will usual work meeting and wledge with thanks \$15.55 has. VanAlystine, Pleasant result of an autograph on. This kindness is great- ed.

ews, Principal of the New- School, is preparing an for the school, and finds are 65 or more ex-pupils ears, serving in the ranks try's defenders.

Guelph and the labor involved in handling the wool. The grading is done free of charge by officials of the Dominion Live Stock Branch. The clerical work, printing, postage, stationery, etc., will be paid for by the Ontario Department of Agriculture.

All Provinces but Ontario have been selling wool co-operatively for a number of years, and they have usually made the following charges for this work:—\$1.00 membership fee, 1 cent a pound for the handling of the wool, and the shipper paid the freight to the grading depot. You will, therefore, see that the Ontario wool grower is given an opportunity to have his wool graded and marketed at considerable less expense than the wool grower in other Provinces.

To show the confidence that the wool growers in the Western Provinces have in this system of marketing wool, the Western Wool Growers' Associations are this year renting a warehouse in Ontario, paying the freight from the west to Ontario, in order that their wool may be graded and marketed in this Province.

We are sending wool sacks and twine to the District Representatives in order that all men making application to this office of the District Representatives, will be able to secure twine for the tying of their fleeces and also have the privilege of the loan of put wool sacks for the shipping of their wool. In the case of a County where there is no District Representative, twine and sacks will be sent direct from this office. The freight rates on wool to Guelph is forty cents per hundred pounds.

Automobile Tires.

We have just received a full line of tires made by the best makers. We are prepared to fit your car with tires at any catalogue prices, and guarantee satisfaction.

W. J. NORMILE.

Blackleg has broken out in several vicinities. You cannot be too particular in procuring fresh Vaccine. It's every farmer's duty to vaccinate the young stock and keep this much dreaded disease out of his locality. At WALLACE'S DRUG STORE you can procure the government standard Vaccine FRESH in sealed vials. No order too small or too large. We take care of quite a few club orders. Also the new one hand injector that never loses a pill—WALLACE'S, Napanee.

BECKERS

INDIA PALE ALE
PORTER

BOHEMIAN LAGER

The above goods are all full strength and are supplied to consumers direct from the Brewery ONLY in localities where no licensed traders reside.

10-3

The Gibbard Furniture Co'y. [Limited.]

SPRING House Cleaning TIME

We have taken advantage of purchasing a large stock of

IRON BEDSTEADS to sell from \$4.00 UP.

Our MATTRESSES are made for us specially from **\$4.50 Up** to the SPECIAL KING FELT at **\$10.50**. All lines at special extra low prices.

We are specializing on QUARTERED OAK BUFFETS. Our prices are from \$6 to \$8 less than any prices in Ontario.

Don't forget we have DEVENPORTS from **\$15 to \$45**, extra fine line.

Our Stock is kept up-to-date, and we are offering Special Inducements to our patrons.

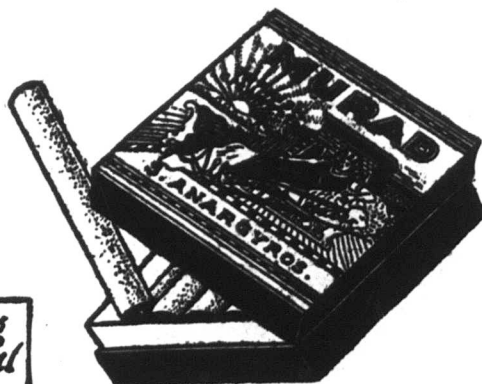
The Gibbard Furniture Co'y.

MURAD CIGARETTES



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FIFTEEN CENTS



Everywhere Why?

Finest Quality

Letter From Pte. Johnston

To the Editor of the Express:—

Dear Editor:—I am very sorry to say that I have not read your paper for over twelve months now. But I presume it is my own fault, having been moving about the country quite a lot during this period of time. And also neglecting to inform you of the different changes in my address. I hope on my return to France again, to receive an occasional copy of my home town paper.

By this letter I presume you will gather that I am at present in England.

I just want to show you a little of the rough usages a man from the front gets. I came over here from France on November 24th, 1916, on leave, which was for ten days. On my arrival in England, I was feeling quite sick, owing to our bad trip across the Channel, partly, and being

in bad health before I left France. Coming over from that warring part of the world, we had a bad sea to contend with, although it is only a small body of water to cross over. Our channel steamer, being one of the old paddle models, did not make things any better. The ship was more under the water than it was on top, and her decks were awash nearly all the time while crossing. Although we had to stand in a foot of water almost continually, we did not mind, as we knew we were going to the dear old place called Blighty. It took us one and a half hours to cross. The majority of us were sick, which as regards myself, helped to hasten the time, which was unavoidable, to putting me in a comfortable bed, which I had not been in for months. But to make a long story short, I was there for nearly five weeks. The first sickness I have had since my joining the Army. At any rate, I had to summon medical attention. There was no military doctors in the place I was staying in, so I called for a civilian doctor. After his first visit to me while in bed, and my time drawing near for my return to France again, he told me that I was unfit to return to the front, in my present state of health. With that I notified the closest military officer, in regard to my illness. He then called for my doctor's certificate to say that I was in bed and could not return, which the doctor sent him. Finding my case to be in order, he wired to a Military Hospital at —, asking them what they should advise him to do. They wired back asking if my case was serious, so the Captain of the Drill Hall at the place, sent word to the doctor who attended me, asking if I could be moved to this hospital. My doctor's answer was, "he is in too serious a condition to move at present, and would be better where he is for a while." Finally the Hospital authorities consented that I should stay where I was. They then notified Capt. Taylor, who reported my case, to send word to the Canadian Record's Office, and to the Canadian General Headquarters, London, which he delayed in doing until the twenty-fifth of December, 1916. By him not fulfilling the order given him, and letting it go for such a length of time, I was reported as a deserter from His Majesty's Forces, while on Active service in France. During this time the drill hall was notified again as regards me, to see if I had left for France. Finding me still where I was just reported from, they reported it to General Headquarters, London. In the course of a day I was notified by Capt. Taylor, to return to France, immediately. This being an army officer's order, and one which I have never failed once to carry out, I started for the "Glory Hole" again. The time it took to catch my train, was the longest I had been outside the door, for going on five weeks, but I went. My doctor handed me a certificate again, stating that I was unfit to go, and if I did go, I was to travel no more than fifty miles. But disregarding this certificate, I went farther, as far as London. Again I was sick on the train, in making the journey to London, and more, I could hardly walk, not being on my feet for nearly five weeks. On arrival in London I found it necessary to go to a hospital. I found one alright, called the Endell street hospital, all lady doctors and nurses, the only man being a "surly"

me. The following morning I was up for "Orderly Room," the first time in all my thirty months of service in the army. The officer had to remand my case again, as he had no papers to try me from, and ordered me back to the guard room again. Well, I went alright, but I knew he could not do as he was doing, so I asked to see the O. C. of the Depot. Well they saw in a moment, that if they would allow me to see the O. C. I perhaps would make a little trouble. Therefore I was refused an interview with the O. C., but as I demanded it, they had no other alternative than to grant me my demands. On the same day at twelve o'clock I was to see the O. C. I saw him eventually, and explained my case to him, and laid my complaint, as regards being kept in the guard room without having any charge against me. Finally we drifted on again to my case, and after having it fully explained, decided that I was quite justified in laying my complaint, and ordered my immediate release.

Pending the arrival of my papers, so as to see if my explanation corroborated with my papers, (these papers were four to five days arriving.) I was ordered before the O. C., and remanded again for further evidence, which took another six days. On arrival of this evidence from London, I again went before the O. C. This time he could not handle the affair, on account of my case being cleared up once, although he never told me of this, but I found it out through other military channels. So I was temporarily dismissed.

Days passed by, until one morning I was notified that I was to attend a board of inquiry into my case, on that morning at ten o'clock. Well, it lasted for three hours. Being my own case, and no one but myself for evidence, I was called upon to state what I knew "about my own case." At any rate, being my own witness, in my own case, I could say nearly anything I liked, as long as it favored me in my affairs. Time was drawing on for dinner so I was asked to brief my statements as much as possible, as two more witnesses had to be sworn in to testify in my case. At the same time they only knew what I had related, and made their evidence up out of the statements that I had made. I signed my name and was told to see the president of the board again at 2.30 p.m. I did, and after nearly six weeks of Red-tape, and finding that I was quite clear, he handed me a paper, stating that my case was dismissed from the board as it could not be proved that I was a deserter, and by my medical certificates I was clear. The trouble was the fault of Capt. Taylor neglecting to report me to the G. H. C., London. I think, in fact I am sure, that although there are others in this camp from the front, I am the only one here, who has completed such a long term out there. Still for all that, the old service man, and I am entitled to call myself that now owing to this war, gets no consideration of his services.

In a few days I am off from here again, to rejoin my old unit in France. I was promised another leave before my return to France, and after making application for same, they refused it.

I am not one who wants to return to France, but I can safely say that I have not got a "Flat Heart" and

THE WEEK IN THE LEGISLATURE

AN IMPORTANT VOTE

All the English Liberals from Mr. Rowell down voted government on the latter's point a Commission to take of the Ottawa Separate Schools if it neglects or refuses to school laws. Five French were the only ones to vote measure.

Mr. Rowell said that Council had rendered its the Ottawa School cases, declaring Regulation 17 to the other declaring the 1 whereby the control of Separate Schools was transferred Government Commission to The Privy Council's decision accepted by all concerned. that the Ottawa School B obey the law and he thought their duty to do so. Alt Rowell did not think that ment's proposed method with the matter now was the surest way of securing the of the law, yet since they the responsibility of introducing would not put anything in the government giving full policy as he fully agreed to should be obeyed.

Both Mr. Rowell and Ministe hoped harmony maintained between the

INCREASE IN NICKEL

A great increase in the the province which should lieve somewhat the pressure taxation, comes as a dire the campaign carried on by in the legislature since 1911 taxation of the International Company. Mr. Rowell, and Mr. Dewar with others have been fighting for this now it is coming. It is estimated that under the new taxation, if the Act follows of the commission's report national Nickel Company pay the province this year million dollars in taxation the paltry \$40,000 a year have been paying and which government was allowing to until the Opposition force.

The new Government is only nickel mines, but all concerns whose annual profits \$10,000. The tax is raised with a sliding scale of 1 for every five million of annual profits.

EDUCATIONAL

Fads in the educational sphere with the children vince securing an adequate fundamental subjects, we by Wm. MacDonald, Lib for North Bruce. He tuention particularly to the examination papers i of the questions which I quired of the pupils was, paint the wild carrot in the not have the children, MacDonald, "taught to p "A more practical questi gested, "would oe to drav the Attorney-General wit the ground." Another e question asked was: "Dr geese that gabbled o "What goose," demand Donald, "put that on the then he turned to the Mh ection and said. "Why

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They deaden sound, resist heat and cold, retard fire, resist shocks or strains, do not crack, chip or deteriorate with age.

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Our \$3.00 Strap Wrist!
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F. CHINNE



NAPANEE TRAIN SERVICE.

Corrected to Date.

TRAINS LEAVE.

For **TORONTO** and intermediate stations. Connecting at **TRENTON** for **PICTON** 5.40 a.m., 4.10 p.m.

For **TRENTON** and **TORONTO**: 2.32 a.m., 5.40 a.m., 4.10 p.m.

For **BROCKVILLE JUNCTION**, **SMITHS FALLS** and **OTTAWA** 3.30 a.m., 2.50 p.m.

For **OTTAWA**, connections at **Yarker** for **TWEED**, and connections at **Harrowsmith** for **KINGSTON** 2.50 p.m.

For **DESERONTO**, **TRENTON** and **PICTON** 2.32 a.m. 5.40 a.m. 4.10 p.m.

TRAINS ARRIVE.

From **TORONTO** and intermediate stations 3.30 a.m., 2.50 p.m., 10.30 p.m.

From **PICTON** and intermediate stations 2.50 p.m., 10.30 p.m.

From **COE HILL** and intermediate stations 2.50 p.m.

From **DESERONTO** 3.30 a.m., 2.50 p.m., 10.30 p.m.

From **SYDENHAM** and intermediate stations 2.32 a.m., 4.10 p.m.

From **TWEED** and intermediate stations 4.10 p.m.

From **BROCKVILLE JUNCTION**, **SMITH FALLS**, **OTTAWA** 2.32 a.m., 4.10 p.m.

For tickets, rates, folders and other information apply Depot Agent, R. E. McLean or Town Agent, E. McLaughlin.

sures, the only man being a "surly" Regimental Sergt. Major. The doctor took my temperature and put me to bed, saying that on the following morning I should be able to go on my way to France, and on my arrival there should report to another hospital. When morning came this "Cold footed" R. S. M. came to have a look at my leave warrant. I produced it, also my medical certificates, which he actually ignored, and finished by telling me I was an absentee from France that my certificates were all a bluff, and I was trying to get out of going back.

In the meantime I had done twenty-two months in France, and he had never been there at all.

On finding my warrant was overdue, as I admit it was, he went to the telephone and wired for the Canadian Military Police, (these fellows being another mob of cold footed fellows,) to come and take me, as I was an absentee. They came, alright, thinking at the same time they would do their utmost to push me, so as to try and make a name for themselves, so as to hold down their "Bomb Proof" jobs in the city of London.

So they took me to 48 Bedford St., London, C. M. Police Headquarters. I was charged with being an absentee from France. They tried my case in Civil Court before they could do anything with me. The court discharged my case, as according to the papers which I carried, I was alright.

From there I was taken to Shorncliffe on the coast, south England, to await a military procedure in my case. In the meantime I had another set of clearance papers sent to Shorncliffe, which prevented them from taking action against me while there.

I was kept at Shorncliffe for a period of thirteen days. Then another order came in from the Provost Marshall to move me closer to London again, where I am at present.

On my arrival there, of which no one knew of my coming, no papers being sent with me, I reported to the Field Officer of the day and explained my case to him. He said, by what I related of my experience, I was to go in the "Guard Room" until morning, so as to give them time to find out what they were going to do with

**A few Second Hand Cars
For Sale. Prices Low.
W. J. NORMILE.**

I have not got a "Flat Heart" and "Frost in my shoes" as the majority around here have got. No I have been out there once, and done my bit, and as I have to go again, I will go. But, believe me, the "Upper Dogs" are having their days now. They can not always have this.

When the war is over, and some of us, who are at present the "Under Dogs" return to Canada, then for our Day.

It is not that we have to be the Under Dogs as it is called in the army, instead of the "Men," who done the worst work at the beginning. But it is, that we would not use such dirty methods as they use now-a-days, against our fellow comrades.

Hoping that this will not take up too much of your time in reading, Dear Editor.

I remain,

AN OLD NAPANEE BOY.

5692—Signlr. R. R. Johnston.

One of Jerrold's Retorts.

Very tart was Douglas Jerrold's retort to a would be wit who, having fired off all his stale jokes with no effect, exclaimed:

"Why, you never laugh when I say a good thing?"

"Don't I?" said Jerrold. "Only try me with one!"

You cannot dream yourself into a character; you must hammer and forge yourself one.—James Anthony Froude.

Dufferin's Warning Dream.

There are many stories on record of the warning dream. The late Lord Dufferin when in Paris dreamed that he was in a hearse being conveyed to a cemetery. A few days later as he was about to enter a hotel elevator he was startled to observe that the attendant was the living reproduction of the driver of the hearse in his dream. He stepped back, and the lift went up without him. Before it had reached the top of the building some breakage took place in the mechanism, and the lift crashed down to the bottom, every one in it being killed.

Too Much Music.

Street singing is an especially Neapolitan institution, and when for the first time one hears beneath his windows the more often than not off key versions of the snappy, lilting, inexpressibly infectious Neapolitan songs he is enchanted and throws pennies freely. After a week or so of it as a steady diet, day and night, he inclines much more toward heavy crockery.—National Geographic Magazine.

FORD CARS.

We have still a few Cars to sell at present prices. Place your order at once. **NAPANEE BICYCLE AND AUTOMOBILE WORKS.**

LADIES!

Don't throw away your last year's straw hat because it is dingy and faded. A 25c. bottle of "Colorite" will make it good as new. Eleven colors to choose from at WALLACE'S Drug Store, sole agents for Napanee.

cation and said, "Why n wings of these jackasses questions on the papers?"

"You mean the ears" called Carter, and everybody laughing teaching of such stuff," called MacDonald, "is good for world or the next."

On the same evening Mr scored another hit with r Government House. The is cutting off a grant of \$ has given for several years road in North Bruce; hundred dollars" he said, gal rug for Government not a cent for the farmers. Seven hundred dollars for Government House an for the farmers of Malabe curtains for the ball-room ment House and not a c farmers of Malabel." And on, contrasting item after treatment accorded to House and to the farmers

NEW REGISTRATION

A complete change in the getting voters on the list; incial elections is embodied ernment's bill to include w and soldiers who are away homes. In the counties c ince a board, consisting of a sheriff, a clerk of the Co and the Crown Attorney, sponsible for the appointn umerators for each townsl the names of all voters. man of legal age, who is a ject or who becomes such, titled to vote.

NOTES.

Racetrack gambling is live issue. Lambert Wi member for South Esse pealed to Hon. Mr. McGa action against the evil. T Record says McGarry shot Several amendments to ance Act designed to str law are being worked out government and the Oppo. The government rejecte lution of J. C. Elliott, M West Middlesex call f secession of combines.

Where Men Wear C

The traveler in India is see that men wear combs i much more than women do lese gentieman wears wh as the circular comb and s mental back comb of torto gather his curly locks to wears a full beard also, but must trim his own beard lowed to wear the circular —Exchange.

Bad Color Scher

"The man I am engaged terribly wild, but is going a new leaf."

"Don't put your trust in color scheme. Rosy futu grow on a purple past."

Sure Thing!

Mrs. Exe—Dear, what d when you get a notice for that your account is over —In the case of a man it he is married.—Boston Tra

**Children
FOR FLETCHER
CASTO**

EVERYTHING IN

LUMBER

Lath, Shingles, Cedar Posts, Stakes, Wall Board and Interior Finish for Buildings.

**Clear Cedar for
Boats.**

Let us figure on your plans and specifications.



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Telephone 53.
Napanee, Ont.**

EEK IN THE LEGISLATURE.

IMPORTANT VOTE.

English Liberal members to vote against the bill to apportionment to take the place of a Separate School Board, as or refuses to obey the law. Five French members only ones to vote against the

Rowell said that the Privy Council rendered its decision on the School cases, one of them legislation 17 to be valid and declaring the former Act the control of the Ottawa schools was transferred to a Commission to be invalid. Council's decision should be of all concerned. He hoped the Ottawa School Board would do so. Although Mr. Rowell did not think that the government's method of dealing with the matter now was the safest or of securing the enforcement yet since they had taken the liberty of introducing it he put anything in the way of the government giving full effect of its fully agreed that the law be obeyed.

Rowell and the Prime Minister hoped harmony would be between the races.

SE IN NICKEL TAXES.

increase in the revenue of which should tend to relieve the pressure of other taxes as a direct result of the carried on by the Liberals since 1915 for heavier of the International Nickel

Mr. Rowell, Mr. Carter, Stewart with other members fighting for this change and coming. It is roughly estimated under the new system of the Act follows the basis of the commission's report, the International Nickel Company will have to convince this year, nearly a million in taxation, instead of \$40,000 a year which they were paying and which the government was allowing them to pay. Opposition forced the issue. Government bill affects not mines, but all mining companies. Annual profits exceed a tax is raised from 3 to 5%, a scale of 1% additional five million dollars extra fits.

EDUCATIONAL FADS.

The educational system interested the children of the province in an adequate training in all subjects, were discussed at a meeting of the Liberal member Bruce. He turned his attention particularly to the regulations on nation papers in art. One of the regulations which had been rehearsed to pupils was, "Draw a wild carrot in flower." "Why the children," asked Mr. Bruce, "taught to pull them out?" "A rhetorical question," he suggested, "to draw a picture of a carrot." "Another example of a fad," he said, "draw the noisy gabbled over the pool." "Nonsense," demanded Mr. Macdonald, "that on the paper?" And he turned to the Minister of Education, "Why not clip the nose of the fad?"

A CITY OF SILENCE.

Conditions That Make Santa Cruz de la Sierra Noiseless.

Amid gusts of Scotch mist and under heavy skies we drifted inertly into a sand paved, silent, tropical city street, past rows of languid stares, and on the last afternoon of the year, with Cochabamba (a town in the center of Bolivia) 335 miles behind us, we sat down dripping and sunburned in the central plaza of Santa Cruz de la Sierra.

The capital of all the vast tropical department of eastern Bolivia owes its fame largely to its isolation. Far away one hears much of it; once there, he finds little. Like the eminent men of many secluded corners of South America, it is important only through the exceeding unimportance of its neighbors.

It is a city of silence. Not only its bare feet, but its primitive ox carts make not a sound in the sand streets. There is no industry to add its strident voice, and every street fades away at each end into the trackless, whispering, jungled montana.

In this rainy season, which begins in earnest with the new year and lasts through April, it had many muddy pools and ponds, along the edges of some of which the streets crawled by on long heaps of the skulls of cattle, bleached snow white by the sun.

The larger ponds were almost lakes and carried the mind back to Kandy, Ceylon. Frequently the streets were flooded deep for an hour or more until the thirsty sand had drunk up the tropical deluge. For these eventualities the town has a system of its own. At every street corner four rows of weather blackened piles protrude a foot or more above the sand, and along these stepping stones the shod minority passes from one roofed sidewalk to another.

The houses invariably consist of a large room, by day opening directly on the porch sidewalk, though the best of them are rather bare in appearance, despite a small forest of frail cane chairs, black in color, as the best provided Cruceno family is not rich by our standards.—Henry A. Franck, in Century Magazine.

Had No Time to Spare.

The stage was all set in the Ritz-Carlton hotel for the presentation of a magnificent sixteenth century cabinet to Thomas A. Edison. It was a copy of a piece carved for Louis XII. of France, which Mr. Edison had admired while in France. At the appointed hour the inventor was absent. A telephone call to his home in Orange, N. J., elicited the laconic reply: "I'm too busy. Ship it over here."

Superfluous.

The Beauty—Don't you think that a husband should occasionally tell his wife that she's beautiful? The Beast—Nope! Wholly superfluous. If she is beautiful she knows she is, and if she isn't beautiful she thinks she is.

Boosting.

"That man says your wife has the most beautiful hair of any woman in the city."

"He's trying to work up trade."
"Does he deal in hair lotions?"

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WRIGLEY'S

THE PERFECT GUM

Let us make you acquainted with the new, luscious flavour—



It's all that the name suggests!

Wrigley quality—made where chewing gum making is a science.

Now three flavours

Chew it after every meal



Get it wherever confections are sold

Sealed Tight—Kept Right!

MADE IN CANADA

The Flavour Lasts

turned to the Minister of Education said, "Why not clip the these jackasses who put such is on the papers?" mean the ears" called out Sam and everybody laughed. "The of such stuff," concluded Mr. ald, "is good for neither this the next."

same evening Mr. MacDonald nother hit with references to nent House. The government g off a grant of \$500 which it n for several years to a country North Bruce; "Fourteen dollars" he said, "for a Done- for Government House and nt for the farmers of Malabel; undred dollars for a comode ernaent House and not a cent armers of Malabel; \$445 for s for the ball-room of Govern- ouse and not a cent for the of Malabel." And so he went rasting item after item of the nt accorded to Government nd to the farmers of Bruce.

REGISTRATION SCHEME.
plete change in the method of voters on the lists for pro- ections is embodied in the gov- 's bill to include women voters iers who are away from their In the counties of the prov- ard, consisting of two judges, a clerk of the County Court Crown Attorney, will be re- e for the appointment of en- rs for each township to put on es of all voters. Every wo- legal age, who is a British sub- cho becomes such, will be en- vote.

NOTES.

ack gambling is still a very e. Lambert Wigle, Liberal for South Essex again ap- o Hon. Mr. McGarry to take gainst the evil. The Windsor ays McGarry should resign. d amendments to the Temper- designed to strengthen the being worked out between the ent and the Opposition. overnment rejected the reso- J. C. Elliott, M. P. P. for Middlesex call for the pro- of combines.

here Men Wear Combs.

aveler in India is surprised to men wear combs in their hair re than women do. A Cinga- leman wears what we know ular comb and a very orna- ack comb of tortoise shell to ds curly locks together. He full beard also, but his servant m his own beard and is al- wear the circular comb only. ge.

Bad Color Scheme.

nan I am engaged to has been wild, but is going to turn over af." put your trust in such a bad heme. Rosy futures seldom a purple past."

Sure Thing!

ix—Dear, what does it mean u get a notice from the bank r account is overdrawn? Ere case of a man it means that ried.—Boston Transcript.

**Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
ASTORIA**

the city."
"He's trying to work up trade."
"Does he deal in hair lotions?"
"No; he sold her the hair."—Hous-
ton Post.

THE FAVOURITE LASTS

JP 11

TO INVESTORS

**THOSE WHO, FROM TIME TO TIME, HAVE FUNDS REQUIRING
INVESTMENT MAY PURCHASE
AT PAR**

DOMINION OF CANADA DEBENTURE STOCK

IN SUMS OF \$500 OR ANY MULTIPLE THEREOF.

Principal repayable 1st October, 1919.

Interest payable half-yearly, 1st April and 1st October by cheque (free of exchange at any chartered Bank in Canada) at the rate of five per cent per annum from the date of purchase.

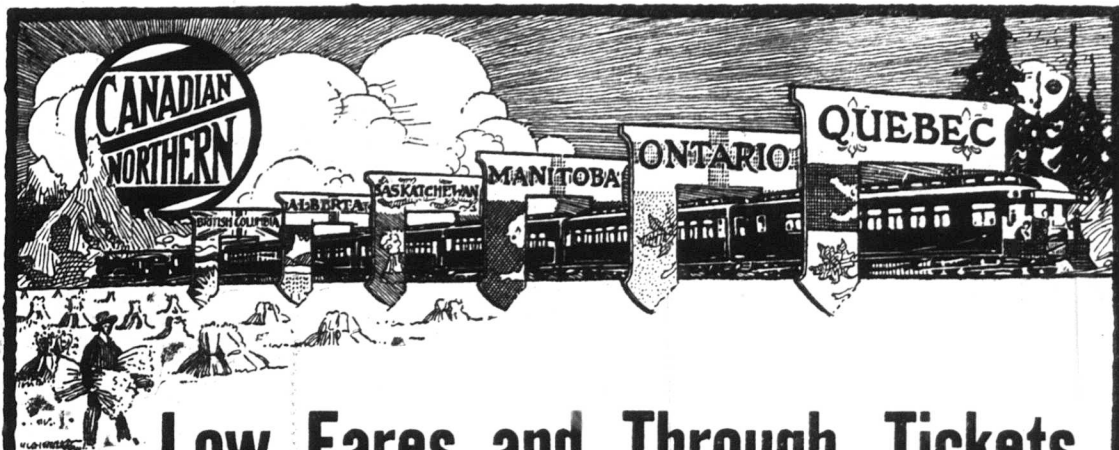
Holders of this stock will have the privilege of surrendering at par and accrued interest, as the equivalent of cash, in payment of any allotment made under any future war loan issue in Canada other than an issue of Treasury Bills or other like short date security.

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A commission of one-quarter of one per cent will be allowed to recognized bond and stock brokers on allotments made in respect of applications for this stock which bear their stamp.

For application forms apply to the Deputy Minister of Finance, Ottawa.

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OCTOBER 7th, 1916.



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VIA CANADIAN NORTHERN

Inside the Lines

By **EARL DERR BIGGERS**
and
ROBERT WELLS RITCHIE

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Interruption came suddenly from the stage. The manager, in shirt sleeves and with hair wildly rumped over his eyes, came prancing out from the wings. He held up a pudgy hand to check the orchestra. Hundreds about the tables rose in a gust of excitement, of questioning wonder.

"Herren!" The stage manager's below carried to the farthest arches of the Winter Garden. "News just published by the general staff: Russia has mobilized five divisions on the frontier of East Prussia and Galicia!"

Not a sound save the sharp catching of breath over all the acre of tables. Then the stage manager nodded to the orchestra leader, and in a fury the brass mouths began to bray. Men climbed on table tops, women stood on chairs, and all—all sang in tremendous chorus:

"Deutschland, Deutschland über alles!"

The night of July 26. The scene is the table cluttered sidewalk before the Cafe Pytheas, where the Cours St. Louis flings its night tide of idlers into the broader stream of the Cannebiere, Marseilles Broadway—the white street of the great Provençal port.

Around the news kiosk at the Cafe Pytheas corner a constant stream eddied. Men snatched papers from the pile, spread them before their faces and blundered into their fellow pedestrians as they walked, buried in the lanky columns. Now and again half naked urchins came charging down the Cannebiere, waving shimplaster extras above their heads—"L'Allemagne s'arme! La Guerre vient!" Up from the Quai marched a dozen sailors from a torpedo boat, arms linked so that they almost spanned the Cannebiere. Their red tasseled caps were pushed back at cocky angles on their black heads, and as they marched they shouted in time: "A Berlin! Hou—hou!"

The black shadow of war—the first hallucinations of the great madness—gripped Marseilles.

For Captain Woodhouse, just in from Berlin that evening, all this swirling excitement had but an incidental interest. He sat alone by one of the little round tables before the Cafe Pytheas sipping his boc, and from time to time his eyes carelessly followed the eddying of the swarm about the news kiosk. Above his attention would come back

was marked by the wolves. Dances in smoke wreathed rooms slackened when Capper lurched in, found a seat and ordered a drink; dock rats drew aside and consulted in whispers. When Capper retreated from an evil dive on the very edge of the Quai, Woodhouse, waiting by the doors, saw that he was not the only shadower. Close against the dead walls flanking the narrow pavement a slinking figure twisted and writhed after the drunkard, now spread eagling all over the street.

Woodhouse quickened his pace on the opposite sidewalk. The street was one lined with warehouses, their closely shuttered windows the only eyes. Capper dropped his stick, laboriously halted and started to go back for it. That instant the shadow against the walls detached itself and darted for the victim. Woodhouse leaped to the cobbles and gained Capper's side just as he dropped like a sack of rags under a blow from the dock rat's fist.

"Son of a pig! This is my meat; you clear out!" The humped black beetle of a man straddling the sprawling Capper whipped a knife from his girdle and faced Woodhouse. Quicker than light the captain's right arm shot out; a thud as of a maul on an empty wine butt and the Apache turned a half somersault, striking the cobbles with the back of his head. Woodhouse stooped, lifted the limp Capper from the street stones and staggered with him to the lighted avenue of the Cannebiere, a block away. He hailed a late cruising fiacre, propped Capper in the seat and took his place beside him.

"To La Vendee, Quai de la Fraternite!" Woodhouse ordered.

The driver, wise in the ways of the city, asked no questions, but clucked to his crowbar. Woodhouse turned to make a quick examination of the unconscious man by his side. He feared a stab wound. He found nothing but a nasty cut on the head, made by brass knuckles. With the wine helping, any sort of blow would have put Capper out, he reflected.

Woodhouse turned his back on the bundle of clothes and reached for the malacca stick. Even in his coma its owner grasped it tenaciously at mid-length. Without trying to disengage the clasp Woodhouse gripped the wood

CHAPTER IV.

22 Queen's Terrace.

JUST before the Castle Claire raised the breakwater of Alexandria came a wireless, which was posted at the head of the saloon companionway:

Germany declares war on Russia. German flying column reported moving through Luxemburg on Belgium.

The fire was set to the grain.

Upon landing Captain Woodhouse's first business was to go to a hotel on the Grand square, which is the favorite stopping place of officers coming down from the Nile country. He fought his way through the predatory hordes of yelling donkey boys and obsequious dragomans at the door and entered the palm shaded court which served as office and lounge. Woodhouse paused for a second behind a screen of palm leaves and cast a quick eye around the court. None of the loungers there was known to him. He strode to the desk.

"Ah, sir, a room with bath overlooking the gardens on the north side—very cool." The Greek clerk behind the desk smiled a welcome.

"Perhaps," Woodhouse answered shortly, and he turned the register around to read the names of the recent comers. On the first page he found nothing to interest him, but among the arrivals of the day before he saw this entry: "C. G. Woodhouse, Capt. Sig. Service; Wady Halfa." After it was entered the room number—210.

Woodhouse read right over the name and turned another page a bit impatiently. This he scanned with seeming eagerness, while the clerk stood with pen poised.

"Um! When is the first boat out for Gibraltar?" Woodhouse asked.

"Well, sir, the Princess Mary is due to sail at dawn day after tomorrow," the Greek answered judiciously. "She is reported at Port Said today; but, of course, the war!"—Woodhouse turned away.

"But you wish a room, sir—nice room with bath, overlooking!"

"No."

"You expected to find a friend, then?"

"Not here," Woodhouse returned brusquely and passed out into the blinding square.

He strode swiftly around the statue of Mehemet Ali and plunged into the bedlam crowd filling a side street. With sure sense of direction he threaded the narrow alleyways and bystreets until he had come to the higher part of the mongrel city, near the Rosetta gate. There he turned into a little French hotel, situated far from the disordered pulse of the city's heart. A sort of pension it was, known only to the occasional discriminating tourist. Maitre Mouquere was proud of the anonymity his house preserved and abhorred poor, driven Cook's slaves as he would a plague. In his Cap de Liberte one was lost to all the world of Alexandria.

Thither the captain's baggage had been sent direct from the steamer. After a glass with Maitre Mouquere and a half hour's discussion of the day's great news Woodhouse pleaded a touch of the sun and went to his room. There he remained until the gold of sunset had faded from the

HIS HEART B AFFECTED

"Fruit-a-tives" Soon I This Dangerous Con

632 GERRARD ST. EAST, T

"For two years, I was a Acute Indigestion and Gas Stomach. It afterwards att Heart and I had pains all over so that I could hardly move. I tried all kinds of Medicine of them did me any good.

decided to try "Fruit-a-tives" bought the first box last J now I am well, after using boxes. I recommend "Fruit-a-tives" to anyone suffering from Indi

FRED J. CA

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial At all dealers or sent postpaid a-tives Limited, Ottawa.



"My office hours are from

in his visitor's speech—just quickly glossed over. But st maintained standing in his for tude of annoyance.

"Was the sun, then, too ho mit you to come to my hous regular office hours? At nig no patients—positively none."

"The sun—perhaps," Wood piled guardedly. "But as I just to arrive today from B and your name was strongl mended to me as one to con case such as mine!"

"Where was my name recor to you and by whom?" Dr. K rupted in sudden interest.

Woodhouse looked at him. "In Berlin—and by a friend o he answered.

"Indeed?" The doctor step from the doors and motioned tor into the consultation room

"So a friend—a friend in B you to consult me, eh? Be long way from Ramleh, espe these times. Greater physi I live in Berlin. Why?"

"My friend in Berlin told were the only physician w help me in my peculiar troub perceptibly the accenting of t ates in Woodhouse's speech gr marked; his voice took on a character. "By some specia life even has been set to end

...tables before the late Ryneas sipping his boc, and from time to time his eyes carelessly followed the eddying of the swarm about the news kiosk. Always his attention would come back, however, to center on the thin shoulders of a man sitting fifteen or twenty feet away with a wine cooler by his side. He could not see the face of the wine drinker. He did not want to. All he cared to do was to keep those thin shoulders always in sight. Each time the solicitous waiter renewed the bottle in the wine cooler Captain Woodhouse nodded grimly, as a doctor might when he recognized the symptoms of advancing fever in a patient.

So for two days, from Berlin across to Paris, and now on this third day here in the Mediterranean port, Woodhouse had kept ever in sight those thin shoulders and that trembling hand beyond the constantly crooking elbow—not a pleasant task. He had come to loathe and abominate the very wrinkles in the back of that shiny coat. But a very necessary duty it was for Captain Woodhouse to shadow Mr. Billy Capper until the right moment should arrive. They had come down on the same express together from Paris. Woodhouse had observed Capper when he checked his baggage, a single shoddy handbag, for La Vendee, the French line ship sailing with the dawn next morning for Alexandria and Port Said via Malta. Capper had squared his account at the Hotel Alcees de Melhan, for the most part a bill for absinth frappes, after dinner that night and was now enjoying the night life of Marseilles in anticipation evidently of carrying direct to the steamer with him as his farewell from France all of the bottled laughter of her peasant girls he could accommodate.

Woodhouse, who watched, noted only one peculiarity in Capper's conduct. The drinker nursed his stick, a plain, crook handled malacca, with a tenderness almost maternal. It never left his hands. Once when Capper dropped it and the waiter made to prop the stick against a nearby chair the little spy leaped to his feet and snatched the cane away with a growl. Thereafter he propped his chin on the handle, only removing this guard when he had to tip his head back for another draft of champagne.

Eleven o'clock came. Capper rose from the table and looked owlishly about him. Woodhouse quickly turned his back to the man and was absorbed in the passing strollers. When he looked back again Capper was slowly and a little unsteadily making his way around the corner into the Cannebiere. Woodhouse followed, snuitering. Capper began a dilatory exploration of the various cafes along the white street. His general course was toward the city's slums about the Qual. Woodhouse, dawdling about tree boxes and dodging into shadows by black doorways, found his quarry easy to trail, and he knew that each of Capper's sojourns in an oasis put a period to the length of the pursuit. The time for him to act drew appreciably nearer with every tipping of that restless elbow.

Midnight found them down in the reek and welter of the dives and sailors' frolic grounds. Now the trailer found his task more difficult, inasmuch as not only his quarry, but he himself,

length. Without trying to disengage the clasp Woodhouse gripped the wood



"Son of a pig!"

near the crook of the handle with his left hand, while with his right he applied torsion above. The crook turned on hidden threads and came off in his hand. An exploring forefinger in the exposed hollow end of the cane encountered a rolled wisp of paper. Woodhouse pocketed this, substituted in its place a thin clean sheet torn from a cardcase memorandum, then screwed the crook on the stick down on the secret receptacle. By the light of a match he assured himself the paper he had taken from the cane was what he wanted.

"Larceny from the person—guilty," he murmured, with a wry smile of distaste. "But assault—unpremeditated."

The conveyance trundled down a long spit of stone and stopped by the side of a black hull spotted with round eyes of light. The driver, scenting a tip, helped Woodhouse lift Capper to the ground and prop him against a bulkhead. A bos'n, summoned from Le Vendee by the cabby's shrill whistle, heard Woodhouse's explanation with sympathy.

"Occasionally, yes, m'sieu; the passengers from Marseilles have these regrets at parting," he gravely commented, accepting the ticket Woodhouse had rummaged from the unconscious man's wallet and a crinkled note from Woodhouse's. Up the gangplank, feet first, went the new agent of the Wilhelmstrasse. The one who called himself "captain in his majesty's signal service" returned to his hotel.

At dawn La Vendee cleared the harbor for Alexandria via Malta, bearing a very sick Billy Capper to his destiny. Five hours later the Castle Inner Castle Claire, for the Cape via Alexandria and Suez direct, sailed out of the old port, among her passengers a Captain Woodhouse.

day's great news Woodhouse pleaded a touch of the sun and went to his room. There he remained until the gold of sunset had faded from the mosque of Omar's great dome and all the city from Pharos and its harbor hedge of masts to El Mek's winked with lights. Then he took carriage to the railroad station and entrained for Ramleh. What South Kensington is to London and the Oranges are to New York, Ramleh is to Alexandria—the suburb of homes. There pretty villas lie in the lap of the delta's greenery, skirted by canals, cooled by the winds off Aboukir bay and shaded by great palms—the one beauty spot in all the hybrid product of east and west that is the present city of Alexandria.

Remembering directions he had received in Berlin, Woodhouse threaded shaded streets until he paused before a stone gateway set in a high wall. On one of the pillars a small brass plate was inset. By the light of a nearby arc Woodhouse read the inscription on it. "Emil Koch, M. D., 32 Queen's Terrace."

He threw back his shoulders with a sudden gesture, which might have been taken for that of a man about to make a plunge, and rang the bell. The heavy wooden gate, filling all the space of the arch, was opened by a tall Numidian in house livery of white. He nodded an affirmative to Woodhouse's question and led the way through an avenue of flaming hibiscus to a house set far back under heavy shadow of acacias. On every hand were gardens, rank foliage shutting off this walled yard from the street and neighboring dwellings. The heavy gate closed behind the visitor with a sharp snap. One might have said that Dr. Koch lived in pretty secure isolation.

Woodhouse was shown into a small room off the main hall, by its furnishings and position evidently a waiting room for the doctor's patients. The Numidian bowed and disappeared. Alone, Woodhouse rose and strolled aimlessly about the room, flipped the covers of magazines on the table, picked up and hefted the bronze Buddha on the onyx mantel, noted, with a careless glance, the position of the two windows in relation to the entrance door and the folding doors, now shut, which doubtless gave on the consultation room. As he was regarding these doors they rolled back, and a short, thickest man, with a heavy mane of iron gray hair and black brush of beard, stood between them. He looked at Woodhouse through thick lensed glasses, which gave to his stare a curiously intent bent.

"My office hours are from 2 to 4, afternoons," Dr. Koch said. He spoke in English, but his speech was hurried by a slight heaviness on the aspirates, reminiscent of his mother tongue. The doctor did not ask Woodhouse to enter the consultation room, but continued standing between the folding doors, staring fixedly through his thick lenses.

"I know that, doctor," Woodhouse began apologetically, following the physician's lead and turning his tongue

to English. "But, you see, in a case like mine I have to intrude—it was 'haf' and 'intrude' as Woodhouse gave these words—"because I could not be here during your office hours. You will pardon?"

Dr. Koch's eyes widened just perceptibly at the hint of a Germanic strain

marked; his voice took on character. "By some spe life even has been set to certain year, so sure is fate flected like myself."

"So? What year is it, die?" Dr. Koch's strange eyes—those eyes of glass gily in the shadow—seemed palely with a light all their tain Woodhouse, sitting white spray of the shade, looked up careless the stare.

"Why, they give me pleasure to enjoy myself," he answered a light laugh. "They say it is 'Nineteen thirty-two'!"

stepped lightly to the doors, trundled them back, assure himself nobody was in room, then closed and locked. He did similarly by a hidden the opposite side of the room Woodhouse had not seen. He pulled a chair close to and sat down, his knees alighting the other's. He spoke German.

"If your trouble is so serious you will die in 1932 I must examine you for—symptoms."

For half a minute the two eyed fixedly at each other. Woodhouse's right hand went slowly to his green scarab stuck in his coat, pulled the pin out, turned his fingers and by pressure the scarab to pop out of the pocket, setting holding it. The beetle lay in the palm of his hand, its back exposed. In the back of the beetle was a small piece of paper folded minutely. Woodhouse removed, unfolded it and showed it to the physician. The latter eyed it avidly, holding it close to his eyes and then spreading the light as if to read a secret mark. A smile struggled through the jungle of his beard. He took Woodhouse's hand and grasped it.

"Your symptom tallies with my diagnosis—1932," he began rapidly, days ago we heard from the strasse you would come. We expected you each day now. We have got word through to you at Gibraltar of the plan. We are waiting for you."

"Good!" Woodhouse commended was busy refolding the thin paper that had been his talisman, tucking it into the back of his coat. "Woodhouse—he is already in the tel Khedive; saw his name in the register when I landed from the ship this morning." Now the doctor was talking in familiar German.

"Quite so," Dr. Koch put in. "Your house came down from West yesterday. Our man up the river advised of the time of his arrival in the minute. The doctor's ticket for the Princess Mails for Gibraltar day after tomorrow at dawn."

No. 1932 listened to Dr. Koch's lining of the plot with secret. Only his eyes showed the acute alive to every detail.

"But Woodhouse—this British man who's being transferred to the Nile country to the Rock—has served there before? If he has when I get there—when I see Woodhouse of the signal service be embarrassed if I do not recognize him."

HEART BADLY AFFECTED

-tives" Soon Relieved Dangerous Condition

ERRARD ST. EAST, TORONTO.
 70 years, I was a victim of digestion and Gas In The It afterwards attacked my I had pains all over my body, could hardly move around. kinds of Medicine but none id me any good. At last, I try "Fruit-a-tives". I e first box last June, and well, after using only three recommend "Fruit-a-tives" suffering from Indigestion".
 FRED J. CAVEEN.
 x, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. ers or sent postpaid by Fruit- uted, Ottawa.



e hours are from 2 to 4."

ditor's speech—just a hin- ssed over. But still he re- unding in his former atti- oyance.

sun, then, too hot to ber- come to my house during ce hours? At nights I see —positively none."

—perhaps," Woodhouse re- ledly. "But as I happened ive today from Marseilles name was strongly recom- me as one to consult in a s mine?"

was my name recommended by whom?" Dr. Koch inter- udden interest.

se looked at him steadily. —and by a friend of yours," d.

' The doctor stepped back oors and motioned his vis- : consultation room.

end—a friend in Berlin told sult me, eh? Berlin is a from Ramleh, especially in t. Greater physicians than rlin. Why?"

ud in Berlin told me you only physician who could my peculiar trouble." In- the accenting of the aspir- dhouse's speech grew more s voice took on a throaty

"By some specialists my as been set to end in a cer- o sure is fate for those af-

"Seven years ago Woodhouse was there for a very short time," Dr. Koch explained. "New governor since then—changes all around in the personnel of the staff, I don't doubt. You'll have no trouble."

Silence between them for a minute, broken by the captain.

"Our friends at Gib—who are they, and how will I know them?"

The doctor bent a sudden glance of suspicion upon the lean face before him. His thick lips clapped together stubbornly.

"Aha, my dear friend, you are asking questions! In my time at Berlin the Wilhelmstrasse taught that all orders and information came from above—and from there only. Why?"

"I suppose in default of other information I may ask the governor to point out the Wilhelmstrasse men," Woodhouse answered, with a shrug. "I was told at Berlin I would learn all that was necessary to me as I went along; therefore I supposed"—

"Come, come!" Dr. Koch patted the other's shoulder with a heavy joviality. "So you will. When you arrive at Gib put up at the Hotel Splendide and you will not be long learning who your friends are. I, for instance, did not hesitate overmuch to recognize you, and I am under the eyes of the English here at every turn even though I am a naturalized English citizen—and of undoubted loyalty." He finished with a booming laugh.

"But Woodhouse—you have arranged a way to have him drop out of sight before the Princess Mary sails? There will be no confusion, no slip-up?"

"Do not fear," the physician reassured. "Everything will be arranged. His baggage will leave the Hotel Khedive for the dock tomorrow night, but it will not reach the dock. Yours"—

"Will be awaiting the transfer of tags at the Cap de Liberte—Mouquere's little place," the captain finished. "But the man himself—you're not thinking of mur!"

"My dear 1932," Dr. Koch interrupted, lifting protesting hands, "we do not use any such crude methods. They are extremely dangerous. The real Captain Woodhouse will not leave Alexandria—by sea, let us say—for many months, although I have no doubt he will not be found in Alexandria the hour the Princess Mary sails. The papers he carries—the papers of identity and of transfer from Wady Halfa to Gibraltar—will be in your hands in plenty of time. You"—

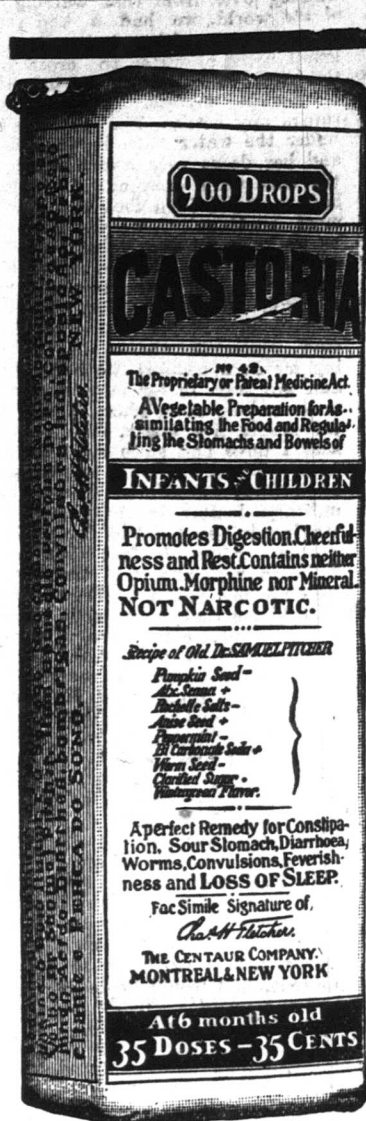
The doctor stopped abruptly. A hidden electric buzzer somewhere in the shadowed room was clucking an alarm. Koch pressed a button at the side of the operating chair. There was a sound beyond closed doors of some one passing through a hallway; the front door opened and closed.

CHAPTER V.

An Unwelcome Call.

"SOME one at the gate," Dr. Koch explained. "Caesar, my playful little Numidian—and an artist with the Bedouin dagger is Caesar—he goes to answer."

Their talk was desultory during the next minutes. The doctor seemed listless under the suspense of a pending announcement as to the late visitor. Finally came a soft tapping on the hidden door behind Woodhouse. The latter heard the doctor exchange whis-



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For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of

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In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

subject. I know nothing about your Wilhelmstrasse or your number. If I did not think you were drunk I'd have you held here, to be turned over to the military as a spy. Now, go before I change my mind."

Again the querulous protestation of Capper, met by the doctor's peremptory order. The captain heard the front door close. A long wait and Dr. Koch's black beard, with the surmounting eyes of thick glass, appeared at a parting of the folding doors. Woodhouse, the tiny thermometer still sticking absurdly from his mouth, met the basilisk stare of those two ovals of glass with a coldly casual glance. He removed the thermometer from between his lips and read it, with a smile, as if that were part of playing a game. Still the ghastly stare from the glass eyes over the bristling beard, searching—searching.

"Well," Woodhouse said lightly, "no need of an alibi evidently."

Dr. Koch stepped into the room with the lightness of a cat, walked to a desk drawer at one side and fumbled there a second, his back to his guest. When he turned he held a short barreled automatic at his hip. The muz-

words as they come out—brandy or wine breath? Can't you guess who he was?"

"I guess nothing."

"The target!"

At the word Louisa had used in describing Capper to Woodhouse Koch's face underwent a change. He lowered his pistol.

"Ach!" he said. "The man they are to arrest. And you have the number."

"That was Capper—Capper, formerly of the Belgian office—kicked out for drunkenness. One time he sold out Downing street in the matter of the Lord Fisher letters. You remember the scandal when they came to light—his majesty, the kaiser's, Kiel speech referring to them. He is a good stalking horse."

Koch's suspicion had left him. Still gripping the automatic, he sat down on the edge of the operating chair regarding the other man respectfully.

"Come, come, Dr. Koch; you and I cannot continue longer at cross purposes." The captain spoke with terse displeasure. "This man Capper showed you nothing to prove his claims, yet you come back to this room and threaten my life on the strength of a drunk-

some specialists may be set to end in a certain fate for those of myself."

at year is it, then, you Koch's strangely detached eyes of glass glowing dimly—seemed to flicker a light all their own. Cap-house, sitting under the y of the shaded incandescence up carelessly to meet

give me plenty of time myself," he answered, with 1. "They say in 1932"— thirty-two!" Dr. Koch itly to the closed folding led them back an inch to elf nobody was in the wait- en closed and locked them. lly by a hidden door on e side of the room which had not seen. After that chair close to his visitor n, his knees almost touch- r's. He spoke very low in

trouble is so serious that in 1932 I must, of course, 1 for—symptoms."

minute the two men look- each other. Woodhouse's went slowly to the big b stuck in his cravat. He pin out, turned it over in and by pressure caused the op out of the gold backed ing it. The bit of green the palm of his left hand, posed. In the hollowed beetle was a small square ded minutely. This Wood- ed, unfolded and passed ician. The latter seized it ing it close to his specta- d then spreading it against to read a secret water- nile struggled through the s beard. He found Wood- i and grasped it warmly. ptom tallies with my diag- g," he began rapidly. "Five e heard from the Wilhelm- would come. We have ex- each day now. Already we ord through to our friends r of the plan. They are you."

Woodhouse commented. He folding the thin slip of pa- l been his talisman and fit- the back of the scarab. —he is already at the Ho- ; saw his name on the n I landed from the Castle g." Now the captain was miliar German.

"Dr. Koch put in. "Wood- down from Wady Halfa Our man up there had ad- time of his arrival in Alex- e minute. The captain has e the Princess Mary, which altar day after tomorrow

listened to Dr. Koch's out- e plot with set features. es showed that he was e to every detail. Said he: dhouse—this British cap- e transferred from the e to the Rock—has he ever e before? If he has, why, there—when I am Captain e of the signal service—I will sed if I do not know the

den door behind Woodhouse. The latter heard the doctor exchange whis- pers with the Numidian in the hall- way. Finally, "Show him into the waiting room," Koch ordered. He came back to where the captain was sitting, a puzzled frown between his eyes.

"An Englishman, Caesar says—an Englishman, who insists on seeing me—very important." Koch bit the end of one stubby thumb in hurried thought. He suddenly whipped open the door of one of the instrument cases, pulled out a stethoscope and looked the two lit- tle black receivers into his ears. Then he turned to Woodhouse.

"Quick! Off with your coat and open your shirt. You are a patient; I am just examining you when interrupted. This may be one of these clumsy Eng- lish secret service men, and I might need your alibi." The sound of an opening door beyond the folding doors and of footsteps in the adjoining room.

"You say you are sleepless at night?" Dr. Koch was talking English. "And you have a temperature on arising? Hm'm! This under your tongue, if you please"—he thrust a clinical ther- mometer between Woodhouse's lips; the latter already had his coat off and was unbuttoning his shirt. Koch gave



"Much need—for an alibi—from you."

him a meaning glance and disappeared between the folding doors, closing them behind him.

Minutes slipped by. The captain still nursed the clinical thermometer. The mumble and muttering continued to sound through the closed doors. Suddenly the high whine of the unseen visitor was raised in excitement. Came clearly through to Woodhouse's ears his passionate declaration:

"But I tell you you've got to recog- nize me. My number's 1932. My tick- et was stolen out of the head of my cane somewhere between Paris and Alexandria. But I got it all right— got it from the Wilhelmstrasse direct, with orders to report to Dr. Emil Koch in Alexandria!"

Capper! Capper, who was to be be- trayed to the firing squad in Malta after his Wilhelmstrasse ticket had passed from his possession! Capper on the job!

Woodhouse hurled every foot pound of his will to hear into his ears. He caught Koch's gruff answer:

"Young man, you're talking mad- ness. You're talking to a loyal British

When he turned he held a short bar- reled automatic at his hip. The muz- zle covered the shirt sleeved man in the chair.

"Much need—for an alibi—from you!" Dr. Koch croaked, his voice dry and flat with rage. "Much need, Mr. 1932. Commence your explanation immedi- ately, for this minute my temptation is strong—very strong—to shoot you for the dog you are."

"Is this—ah, customary?" Wood- house twiddled the tiny mercury tube

between his fingers and looked un- flinchingly at the small, round mouth of the automatic. "Do you make a practice of consulting a—friend with a revolver at your hip?"

"You heard—what was said in there!" Koch's forehead was curious- ly ridged and flushed with much blood.

"Did you ask me to listen? Surely, my dear doctor, you have provided doors that are sound proof. If I may suggest, isn't it about time that you explain this—this melodrama?" The captain's voice was cold. His lips were drawn to a thin line. Koch's big head moved from side to side with a gesture curiously like that of a bull about to charge, but knowing not where his enemy stands. He blurted out:

"For your information, if you did not overhear: An Englishman comes just now to address me familiarly as of the Wilhelmstrasse. He comes to say he was sent to report to me; that his num- ber in the Wilhelmstrasse is 1932—1932, remember—and I am to give him or- ders. Please explain that before I pull this trigger."

"He showed you his number—his ticket, then?" Woodhouse added this parenthetically.

"The man said his ticket had been stolen from him some time after he left Paris—stolen from the head of his cane, where he had it concealed. But the number was 1932." The doctor voiced this last doggedly.

"You have, of course, had this man followed?" the other put in. "You have not let him leave this house alone?"

"Caesar was after him before he left the garden gate—naturally. But"—

Woodhouse held up an interrupting hand.

"Pardon me, Dr. Koch; did you get this fellow's name?"

"He refused to give it—said I would not know him, anyway."

"Was he an undersized man, very thin, sparse hair and a face showing dissipation?" Woodhouse went on.



"Your pardon, No. 1932."

"Nervous, jerky way of talking—fin- gers to his mouth as if to feel his

you come back to this room and threat- en my life on the strength of a drunk- ard's bare word. What his mission is you know; how he got that number, which is the number I have shown you on my ticket from the Wilhelmstrasse —you understand how such things are managed. I happen to know, howev- er, because it was my business to know, that Capper left Marseilles for Malta aboard La Vendee four days ago. He was not expected to go be- yond Malta."

Koch caught him up: "But the fel- low told me his boat didn't stop at Malta; was warned by wireless to pro- ceed at all speed to Alexandria for fear of the Breslau, known to be in the Adriatic." Woodhouse spread out his hands with a gesture of finality.

(To be Continued.)

AN OVERWORKED WORD.

This Writer Suggests That "Very" Be Given a Long Rest.

There is a word that once possessed a vigor and a power that is altogether lost, "Verily, verily"—"in truth, in truth." Now it is "very," and, though it still means "in truth," it has become so weakened by usage that it conveys no force whatever.

You meet men on the street and say, "It is a very fine day." What do you mean? Probably you mean, "How do you do?" What you have said is simply a salutation. But if you should say to me, "It is a fine day," you probably mean it is a fine day. That little word "very" has been so weakened, so frayed at the edges, that it harms rather than helps its companions.

So, gentle reader, I would say to you if I had arbitrary power over your speech, "This week I will allow you only two 'veries,'" and, though for a time such restraint may make you self conscious, yet it will force you to grope about for musty treasures in the store- house of your memory and furnish up old adjectives and adverbs, even drive you now and again to a careful appraisal of your best slang, and when this temporary self consciousness shall pass not only your vigor of speech, but your exactitude and clarity of thought will be the better for it. That is a gain that will be worth all the sacrifice.—Burgess Johnson in Century.

Do You Like Horehound?

Your grandfather did in the bygone days, when he was a little boy and his father did not mind how much he had, for it was considered "good for his sys- tem."

In Egypt the plant was called "bull's blood" and "eye of a star" and was one of those many plants that in those days were eaten to protect the person from poison.

Horehound, horseradish, coriander, lettuce and nettle are the five bitter herbs ordered to be eaten by the Jews at the feast of the Passover, and the first has had long service, as you can guess, for it is the seed of Horus—hore- hound—which the Egyptian priests ded- icated to the god of that name, though nobody knows how it came to get the ending "hound."—Exchange.

Shiloh The family remedy for Coughs and Colds. Small dose. Small bottle. Best since 1876.



Comrades!

If you cannot carry a rifle, you can serve your country on the farm.

"The plow is our hope," declared Right Hon. David Lloyd George, the Prime Minister of Great Britain. The tremendous significance of these words in the face of a world shortage of food must be a matter of concern to all. It points out the path of duty to men and boys unable to enlist in the army but capable of helping to increase production.

Help the farmer increase production

At this supreme hour when ample food production is one of the indispensable means of victory, the country faces a serious shortage of men and boys on the farms. The Department of Agriculture emphasizes the urgency of every man and boy taking to heart this splendid opportunity for patriotic service.

Boys Decide now to help in the war. If you are between the ages of 14 and 18, and have good term record, you can secure promotion at school by enlisting for farm service any time between April 20th and May 20th.

Parents are urged to encourage their boys to enlist for farm service. The physical and moral welfare of your boy will be advanced by a summer spent close to Nature; an interest will be awakened in an important industry of the country that will be a help to him in his whole future.

Men The Department appeals to retired farmers, to men following no occupation (retired), to business men who can spare at least a portion of their time, to all men who can arrange their affairs so as to help some farmer. Every man is invited to enlist for farm service.

Confer with your District Representative of the Department of Agriculture, or write or visit Ontario Government Employment Bureau, 15 Queen's Park, Toronto.

31

Ontario Department of Agriculture

W. H. Hearst, Minister of Agriculture

Parliament Buildings

Toronto

Making the Little Farm Pay

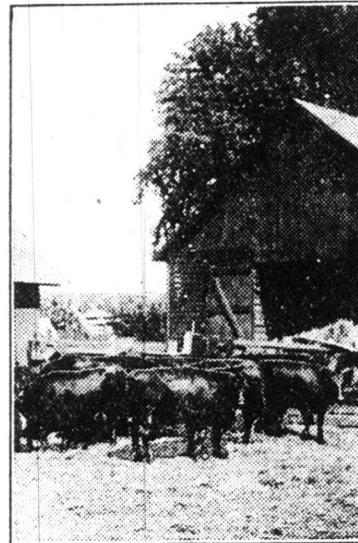
By C. C. BOWSFIELD

Owners of little farms succeed most surely when they aim to have acreage production, the quality of supplies and the prices obtained considerably above the average. This principle is applicable to all farmers, and owners of small places must adopt it before they can attain a fair success.

Perhaps all readers know of instances where some dairy owner has gained a reputation for producing milk under the most sanitary conditions possible in ordinary farming. In every such case the farmer is immediately able to add 50 or 100 per cent to the price of his milk. He doubles his income or nearly so without materially adding to his expense. It costs little extra to handle milk and butter in a nice way. Love for the work, careful methods and worthy ambition will give the desired results.

If the usual profit in a flock of hens is \$2 each above the cost of food the aim should be to increase egg production and the sale of broilers or other kinds of fancy poultry so that there will be a profit of \$3 or \$4 for each hen kept. This is to be accomplished by selecting pullets from the best laying mothers and by breeding up with full blooded males.

If the cows in a dairy herd are paying an average of \$100 a year make



THE STOCK MAY BE GRADUALLY IMPROVED.

an effort to raise it to \$200. Perhaps the quickest way to gain this end is by discarding all animals that fail to give five gallons of milk per day for the greater part of the year. The stock may be gradually improved by selection and breeding. It may be possible also to sell the milk or cream to particular customers who will pay double the usual rate.

When a farmer is located near a

In The Sp

Soldiers on the Ba

"There is no greater patriot than the soldier on the battlefield who battles with the enemy and makes it yield for the nations." We have in Canada of dominion in our resources make the power that comes from brute force and armament. If we know what we have and we will make others dependent.

The stomach is the center from which radiates our vitality, our fighting strength. The stomach turns the food we eat into nourishment for the blood stream. Dr. Pierce's Golden Discovery refreshes and tones the stomach walls. Removes the gases from the system.

The first day you start on reliable medicine, impure germs begin to separate and are then expelled through bowels and kidneys.

Get Dr. Pierce's Golden Discovery to-day from any medicine store. It is a powerful blood purifier.

Depend upon this grand remedy to give you the kind of blood that is clear, the mind alert, the vision sharp, ambition and energy in the body. Contains neither alcohol nor narcotics. Its ingredients are pure and printed on wrapper. The alternative extract made from native roots and herbs.

Sold by medicine dealers in tablet form, or send 50¢ for a trial box of tablets.

Send fifty cents (or stamp) for wrapping and mailing a Common Sense Medical Ad binding, 1008 pages, with contents.

NEW SPORT S

A Novelty Design
Meet the Winter W

Warm and light jersey figures largely in sport. This kilt skirt and half lei



Scientific

sometimes result from poor seed, winter freezing or pulling, or from fungous diseases. Attempts to thicken and improve such stands by any method of reseedling have usually proved unsuccessful. It is best in such cases to

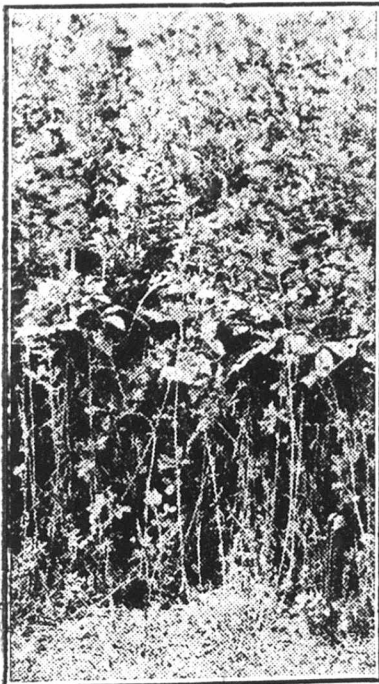
Scientific Farming

ON GROWING ALFALFA.

Treatment of Stand, Cutting, Maturing and Cultivation of the Plant.

H. L. Westover, forage crop investigator, bureau of plant industry, and H. B. Hendrick, assistant in agricultural education, states relations service, United States department of agriculture, make the following suggestions for handling alfalfa in the section east of the ninety-fifth meridian:

Spring and early summer seedings, unless the weeds threaten to choke out the young plants, should not be clipped until they are twelve to fifteen inches high and beginning to bloom. The cutter bar of the mower should be set high, as the alfalfa is likely to be injured if cut low. If the first cutting is light it may be left on the land as a mulch. If heavy enough to smother the alfalfa plants it should be removed. Late summer seedings will ordinarily need no further treatment until the following season, when three or four cuttings may be expected. The last cutting of a season in all cases should be early enough to permit sufficient growth for protection against



HARVESTING SO LONG DELAYED THAT NEW SHOOTS WILL BE CUT OFF AND THE STAND INJURED.

winter. When for any reason alfalfa turns yellow it should be cut immediately and removed from the field.

Very thin or patchy stands of alfalfa

reseeded by any method of reseeding have usually proved unsuccessful. It is best in such cases to plow and prepare the seed bed anew, after which the alfalfa should be sown again.

In general, alfalfa should be cut for hay when the young shoots at the bases of the plants first appear. If these new shoots become long enough to be cut off by the mower the new crop may be badly damaged. The blossoms often appear simultaneously with the new young shoots, but blossoms alone are not a safe guide to the time for cutting. The new shoots and the blossoms together must be the final guide in cutting alfalfa for hay.

The best way to cure alfalfa is to cock the hay soon after raking, leaving it in the cock until cured. In humid sections canvas covers to place over the cocks while the hay is curing are sometimes a good investment. Care should be taken to handle the alfalfa hay so as not to lose leaves, as these contain considerably more than 50 per cent of the feeding value of the hay.

Alfalfa hay when cured should be stored so that it will not become damaged and lose much of its feeding value. In humid climates especially it is economical to house alfalfa hay. If a barn or shed is not available for this purpose then at least a roof of some kind should be provided to protect the hay. When alfalfa is stacked the center of the stack should always be kept full and well packed during the whole time of building, and the top of the stack should be well covered with canvas, marsh hay or some kind of fine grass which will turn water, and then be weighted to resist the effect of the wind.

In many states of the section of country under consideration certain weeds come in during the growing season which make it impossible for alfalfa to hold its own for many years unless some means are used as a check for the weeds. Blue grass and crab grass are especially harmful to alfalfa in the areas where they grow abundantly. In such sections the cultivation of alfalfa fields has in some cases apparently been helpful.

The greatest need for cultivation is generally after cutting the first crop of hay of each season. Cultivation at this time will frequently destroy many weeds and will conserve moisture for the growth of the next crop. This cultivation of the alfalfa should take place as soon after cutting as possible and before the new shoots have made any considerable growth.

Long Chains Worn.

Long chains of various sorts are in fashion this winter. The woman who seeks individuality nowadays outnumbers the woman who merely follows the fashion—which means that most women try to find something just a little different in the detail of their dress than that of their friend and neighbor. So it is that there are a dozen and one different sorts of long chains to be found, each as interesting as the one before it.

Suede and Jersey.

Callot introduces a sensational new sport suit made up from a side plaited skirt of white silk jersey and a short coat of white suede. It is lined with Indian red silk jersey, and collars and cuffs of the kid are faced with the red.

the usual rate.

When a farmer is located near a good market the thing for him to do is to sell to a select trade. He can supply hotels and restaurants as well as private residences. When producers are too far from a good market to drive in regularly they should adopt a system of co-operative selling and hauling. A number working together can ship regularly a given quantity of produce to city consumers, and the latter can best handle the business by means of an organization of some sort.

A few wise farmers in a certain district of the corn belt receive \$2.50 to \$5 a bushel for all the corn they raise. They understand the selling end of farming as well as the producing end, and their grain is sold for seed.

Raise a first class article, whether grain, vegetables, chickens or pigs, and there will be no difficulty in finding people who want your product if you will let them know what you have and what you sell it for.

I have often seen men going from store to store with a tin bucket and an old rag sticking out under the cover asking the merchants if they wanted butter, and at every place they would be told that it was not wanted, when in fact those very merchants were getting print butter from other states. They knew the character of the butter in the tin buckets and did not want that sort. As with butter, so it is with all products of the farm. It is quality that makes the articles sell.

Conditions are right for money making by the agricultural class. It simply remains for the farmers themselves to develop methods of selling by which they can take advantage of the improved markets. The rapid growth of cities and the sharp demand for all kinds of produce are substantial evidence of this improvement.

How to Control Scale Insects.

Spraying fruit trees with lime-sulphur wash and with soluble oils controlled San Jose scale when properly applied, while powdered sulphur compounds gave promising results in experimental tests conducted by entomologists of the Ohio experiment station. Cure-alls were unsuccessful.

Little difference in effectiveness was noted between home boiled lime-sulphur and the commercial form mixed with seven parts of water and applied in early spring. Soluble oils mixed with fifteen parts of water are also recommended.

Powder sprays, as soluble sulphur compound and barium sulphur, gave variable results in killing the scale insects. The station experts do not discriminate against such materials, but say they should be used only in an experimental way.

Put Buttons In Salt.

Said an expert waitress lately: "I have noticed in cafes and different homes how angry looking one gets when the salt and pepper shakers don't work and their contents stick inside. Now it will surprise you how this works. Just put two large pearl buttons inside of each shaker, and when you go to shake it it will surprise you how easy it comes out. I also find if you put two spoonfuls of cornstarch to two pounds of sugar and mix together and then put what you want in your sugar bowl it will not lump together, and you will never notice there was starch in it."



JERSEY UP TO DAY

of maroon wool jersey with white stripes. The muffled collar is interesting fastenings of the coat.

TATTED EDGE

Directions For Medallions Scarf.

Use size 5 thread in ec. Presume you are using ring cover. Use shuttle and ball 5 p, separated by 2 d s, 3 turn work, chain 2, d s, 6 by 2 d s; turn work, join of ring and repeat. Here edge with medallion to n makes a very attractive scarf.

For Medallion (Using Ball)—P 5 ds, 1 p, 4 ds, 1 large p, 2 ds, 1 p, 4 ds, 1 close; turn work—ch 3 ds, p, 3 ds, turn work; P 5 ds, p, 5 ds, close; P 5 ds, 1 p, turn work, ch 3 ds, 1 p, 2 repeat three times; join end to first P—mode.

Edge—*P 1 ds, 1 p, 5 ds, p, 6 ds, 1 p, 6 ds, close; tu 3 ds, 1 p, 2 ds, 1 p, 3 ds, 5 ds, join to p on large ring P 5 ds, 1 p, 5 ds, close; turn tie. Ch 3 ds, 1 p, 2 ds, 1 p, work; P 5 ds, join to p on 7 ds, joint to third p, mod 5 ds, close; turn work, ch 2 ds, 1 p, 3 ds, turn work; to p, 5 ds, close; P 5 ds, 1 p, and tie, turn work; ch 3 ds, 1 p, 3 ds, turn work; P 6 small p; 6 ds, join to third 1st ring; 6 ds, 1 p, 5 ds, close; turn work, ch 3 ds, star.

For Dessert.

Orange Cream.—Take the yolk of one egg, one-fourth orange juice, one tablespoon cook in double boiler until stirring all the time to keep pure smooth. Remove from strain and pour into the w egg, which has been beaten until creamy. This quantity mustard cups.

Children FOR FLETCHER CASTO

SHILOH
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, and heals the throat and lungs. 25 cents.

The Spring

on the Battlefield.

no greater patriot—not even on the battlefield—than the attles with the stubborn soil t yield for the support of the Ve have in Canada a power in our resources that will wer that comes with strategy, and armament, insignificant. hat we have and use it wisely, e others dependent upon us. ach is the center of the body radiates our vitality, strenu- ighting strength. A healthy ns the food we eat into nour- the blood stream and the . Pierce's Golden Medical efreshes and tones up the lls. Removes the poisonous he system.

day you start to take this icine, impure germs and accu- gain to separate in the blood n expelled through the liver, kidneys.

Pierce's Golden Medical Dis- y from any medicine dealer; ful blood purifier and tonic.

pon this grand remedy to give l of blood that makes the skin nd alert, the vision keener and on and energy into the entire tains neither alcohol nor nar- ingredients are made public l on wrapper. It's a pure xtract made with glycerine roots and herbs.

medicine dealers in liquid or , or send 50 cents to Dr. alids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., x of tablets.

cents (or stamps) to pay for nd mailing a copy of the nse Medical Adviser, in cloth 8 pages, with color plates.

W SPORT SUIT.

lovely Designed to the Winter Weather.

ad light jersey cloth still gely in sporting garments. irt and half length coat are



A "SUFF" COLLEGE

Would Be Voters Will Train Wom- en to Speak.

IS TO BE NO "PINK TEA."

Miss Byrns, a New York Lawyer, Is Starting Up State Schools to Teach Women How to Be Spellbinders and Good Canvassers.

A peripatetic suffrage college is the latest move in the 1917 votes for women campaign. The object, says Dean Elinor Byrns, one of New York's active women lawyers, is to seek out local talent and train it for the task of converting the voters of the districts to woman suffrage.

In January Miss Byrns opened her first suffrage college at Buffalo. The original plan was to devote five days to this institution, but so many of the students were found to be women from



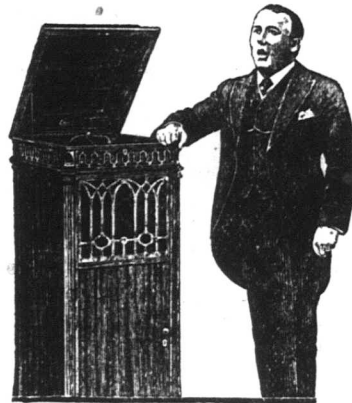
MISS ELINOR BYRNS.

the outlying country districts who could not be away from home so long that it was decided to compress the dozen sessions into three days.

"It's no pink tea we are planning," says Miss Byrns, assuming the role of stern schoolma'am.

"There are to be reviews after each lesson and examinations at the end. Nobody need expect just to sit still and

Is Your Musical Ear Keener than Zenatello's?



KNIGHTED by the King of Italy—acclaimed in the musical centers of the Old World and The New—one of the great tenors of all

times—Zenatello has delighted thousands with his "voice of golden tone, prodigal in its expenditure, yet responsive to every emotional shade." Zenatello is the leading tenor of the Boston National Grand Opera Company.

In the above picture, this great artist is singing in direct comparison with

The NEW EDISON

Re-Creation of his voice. Over three hundred musical critics say that the New Edison Re-Creation of the voice is indistinguishable from the original.

Is your musical ear keener, truer than Zenatello's? Make the test. Hear the New Edison Re-Creation of Zenatello, Anna Case, Thomas Chalmers, Albert Spalding and other great artists.

48

We will gladly arrange a concert for you and your friends, so that you may hear these Re-Creations.

R. B. ALLEN, . . . NAPANEE, Ont.



This is the



SEW UP TO DATE.

Wool jersey natty set off of white wool, knitted. collar is interesting, as are the sleeves of the coat.

ATTACHED EDGES.

or Medallions to Make a Scarf.

Thread in ecru or linen. Use linen for your shuttle and ball. P. 3 d s, ed by 2 d s, 3 d s, close; chain 2, d s, 6 p, separated in work, join to center p repeat. Here is a pretty medallion to match which is an attractive scarf.

Knitting (Using Shuttle and ball). 1 p, 4 ds, 1 p, 2 ds, 1 p, 1 p, 4 ds, 1 p, 5 ds and work—ch 3 ds, 1 p, 2 ds, 1 work; P 5 ds, join to first p; P 5 ds, 1 p 5 ds, close; 1 3 ds, 1 p, 2 ds, 1 p, 3 ds, times; join end of last ch ed.

1 ds, 1 p, 5 ds, 1 p, 6 ds, 1 6 ds, close; turn work, ch 3 ds, 1 p, 3 ds, turn work; join on large ring; 5 ds, close; 1 ds, close; turn work and 1 p, 2 ds, 1 p, 3 ds, turn s, join to p on small ring, 1 third p, mode 7 ds, 1 p, turn work, ch 3 ds, 1 p, s, turn work; P 5 ds, join s; P 5 ds, 1 p, 5 ds, close work; ch 3 ds, 1 p, 2 ds, rn work; P 6 ds, join to s, join to third p, mode on ls, 1 p, 5 ds, 1 p, 1 ds, work, ch, 3 ds, repeat from

For Dessert.

am.—Take the well beaten egg, one-fourth cupful or more of table-spoonful sugar; boil in a boiler until it thickens, then remove from the fire, stir into the white of the egg which has been beaten dry; beat this quantity fills two

lesson and examinations at the end. Nobody need expect just to sit still and be entertained by pleasant speeches. Every pupil will have to learn to make a good speech on every subject studied. Oh, yes, there are to be home lessons also to be prepared outside of this twelve hour day. Each woman will be assigned a certain topic, will receive literature concerning it and told to prepare a speech upon it for the next day. I'm sure I don't know how they are going to manage it," she added.

"Much of the suffrage work done in the past by untrained workers lost effectiveness because of that very lack of training. Now we are going to find out those who are good at public speaking and train them for that. Those who can't make speeches, but are good at answering questions, are to have their special talent developed. Others who show aptitude for canvassing will be drilled for that particular and important duty."

The "college" will visit all the prominent cities in New York state.

Your Coiffure.

There is no longer any necessity for loading the hair with braids, rats, puffs and curls. The fashions today are so simple that the woman who has only a small crop of hair can easily dress it well. In dressing your hair consider the shape of your face. The back of the head is of importance, but the frame made by the hair must be becoming to the face. Women of severely classic features and fine brows can wear the hair brushed straight back from the forehead and coiled at the back of the head or at the nape of the neck.

Simple hairdressing necessitates cleaner hair, therefore healthier hair. The hair must be thoroughly washed every week or two, especially if one exercises much. Some women boast of washing their hair but once in six weeks. Imagine the scalp, with its myriads of oil glands and its heavy growth of hair to retain the dust, being bathed only once in that long period.

Plying the Needle.

You can utilize to good advantage the tops of the children's worn-out white hose by turning them into socks. Stitch the hem on the machine and crochet around twice to hold the edge in shape.

To join lace and embroidery button-hole the edges together instead of seaming them. It will be found that this makes a much smoother seam and will launder nicely.

The mother of boys knows how unsightly the drawstrings used in their blouses look when they show (which they always do). But if she will substitute elastic the same as she uses in her own blouses she will find the result much neater.

When tatting use a crochet hook instead of a pin for the joining and the work will be found to go much easier and quicker.

An Attractive Blouse.

A particular chic blouse has a novel shoulder yoke cut in one with portions of the front, the rest of which are slightly gathered, the juncture of the pieces being maneuvered with those little openwork seams which are so decorative in themselves that no other trimming is required.

This is the Economical Paint to Use

CERTAIN inherent qualities are essential in paint to ensure your permanent satisfaction with its application.

Of these, the more important are Endurance and Covering Capacity. The extent to which these qualities are present, accurately determines the real value of your paint.

B-H "ENGLISH" PAINT 70% Pure White Lead
30% Pure White Zinc
100% Pure Paint

made in over fifty artistic shades, combines these virtues in such a manner as to produce a result no other paint can excel, and few can equal.

It is economical because it will cover more surface and wear longer than other paints. A cheap paint does not permit of the use of the best ingredients, and always is expensive in the long run.

B-H "English" Paint—costing but little more than a cheap mixture—produces a better job that lasts three to four times as long.

McCABE & SHAVER, Napanee, Ont.

are our authorized agents. They will gladly give you color cards and prices. Or you may write our Service Department direct for advice on your painting problems.

BRANDRAM-HENDERSON
MONTREAL, HALIFAX, ST. JOHN, TORONTO, WINNIPEG, EDMONTON, CALGARY

Hose in Plaid Patterns.

Lisle stockings come now in the soft Scotch plaid patterns so fashionable for sport wear with dark brown sport boots of glazed kid, and these stockings are more comfortable—to the idea of many wearers—than the wool woven stockings sold for winter sport wear. The knowingly got up sport girl wears a loosely cut, belted coat of colored material with a cap to match. On its reverse side this material, which has a smooth, waxed, waterproof finish on the outer side, is of silk or cloth, and sometimes the two sides contrast in color. A good many of the best looking winter sport coats are so put up, and always there is the becoming, rakish little hat to match.

Take a Deep Breath.

Early morning breathing is one of the best aids to health and beauty.

Start to breathe deeply the minute you open your eyes. Jump out of bed, slip on a good warm robe and stand in front of an open window. Empty the lungs of all that sleepy air. The first thing to learn in breathing is rhythm.

Stand erect, hands on hips, shoulders square, head up and breathe in fresh air, counting from one to three on the intake and with the same regularity in the exhalation. Begin now and you will feel like a new person when you start out on your day's labor.

Open to Conviction.

"Do you, Mr. Stacks, think that a rich man can go through the eye of a needle?"

"I don't know. I will, however, admit that my lawyers have dragged me through some very small loopholes."

How It Works.

Mrs. Crawford—Her mother slaved all her life in order to give her an education. Mrs. Crabshaw—Now she's turned around and is trying to educate her mother.

ASTHMA COUGHS

WHOOPING COUGH SPASMODIC CROUP
BRONCHITIS CATARRH COLDS

Vapo-Cresolene
Est. 1879

A simple, safe and effective treatment avoiding drugs. Used with success for 35 years. The air carrying the antiseptic vapor, inhaled with every breath, makes breathing easy, soothes the sore throat, and stops the cough, assuring restful nights. Cresolene is invaluable to mothers with young children and a boon to sufferers from Asthma. Send us postal for descriptive booklet. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS
VAPOR-CRESOLENE CO.
Leeming Miles Bldg. Mon't'l



Children Cry
FLETCHER'S
STORIA

THE MARKET MEAT SHOP

FOR EASTER

We have a Specially Selected Stock of

Beef, Pork, Lamb, and Veal.

We are sure you would appreciate a cut of our Meat for Easter.

E. R. TODD, Proprietor

'Phone 121.

ORANGES

California Seedless Navels are good now. All sizes, 20c. to 50c. per dozen.

Grape-Fruit 4 for 25c. and 5 for 25c.

Cranberries, Apples, Also some nice Farmers' Dried Apples.

Something better in Japan Tea. Try it.

FRANK H. PERRY.

Dundas St., Opposite Royal Hotel
Phone 130.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP

HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.

Everything Neat and Sanitary.
Best of Service Guaranteed.

GIVE US A CALL.

ANGUS THIBAULT,

Licensed Auctioneer.

Prince Edward County and Lennox and Addington.

TERMS REASONABLE

For full information inquire of Edward Thibault, of the Beverly McDonald Grocery Store, or phone 272, Picton. 47-3m

W. T. BAIRD

ORGANIST AND CHOIR DIRECTOR

of Trinity Methodist Church.

Teacher of Piano, Organ, and

Damaged Oats

For Feed

C H E A P

Chas. Stevens, - Napanee

5-11

SPENCER & ROSE

We have a full Car of
**Buggies and
Spring Wagons.**

WE ALSO SELL

Brantolas, Karn-Morris and Heintzman Pianos.

Kitchen Cabinets, Fanning Mills, Beitz's Goods including Stable Outfits, Hay Forks, Churns, Power Washers, Etc.

Brantford Wind Mills.

Gasoline and Coal Oil Engines, Grinders and Scales.

A full line of McCormick Machinery, new and second hand.

DeLaval and Lilly Cream Separators, Etc.

John Goodson Thrashing Outfits

Several 14 h.p. portable Steam Engines rebuilt for silo filling.

Dawson Ditch Diggers.

Call and Get Our Prices

12-6-m

GRACE METHODIST CHURCH

Rev. Chas. E. Cragg, B.D., Pastor

EASTER SUNDAY

8.00 a.m.—Early prayer and praise service.

10.30 a.m.—Morning worship. Subject, "Resurrection Morn."

11.45 a.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.

7.00 p.m.—Evening service. Subject, "Differences of Redeemed in Glory."

SPECIAL EASTER MUSIC

Morning

Anthem—"They have Taken Away My Lord"—Stamer.

Solo—"Seeking the Master"—Miss L. Wheeler.

Anthem—"Why Seek Me."—Simper.

Evening

Anthem—"They Have Taken Away My Lord"—Stainer.

Solo—"The Resurrection,"—Miss G. Oliver.

Anthem—"King of Kings"—Simper.

Duet—Selected—Miss Green and Mr. Black.

Monday, 8 p.m.—Young People's Meeting. Annual election of officers.

Wednesday, 6.30—Annual Congregational Banquet. The Rev. Dr. Scott, late of British Columbia, will be the principal speaker.

Try our cooked and cured meats.

JUDSON'S Grocery.

Mail your Blackleg Vaccine order to WALLACE'S Drug Store, Napanee. Full information FREE to each customer.

Anyone having cans belonging to the Napanee Creamery, kindly report same at once.

BELLEVILLE CREAMERY, Ltd.

18-b

The Odessa Red Cross wish to thank the L. O. L., of Odessa, for their generous donation of \$19. Also those who have responded to the monthly and other donations to help carry on our work.

In respect to the summary of receipts, by the British Red Cross, from Lennox and Addington, published in our issue of two weeks ago, our attention has been called to the fact, that the Red Cross workers from Selby, sent a substantial contribution through the treasurer of the Napanee fund. We understand that there were two or three other instances of this kind, making a total of about \$150.00 from the rural districts, which went forward with collections from Napanee.

Mr. R. E. L. Harkness, of Iriquois, delivered a splendid address on back yard gardening, in the Town Hall, on Wednesday evening. While the attendance was not as large as could be desired, those present, were satisfied that Mr. Harkness had given them information of much value. Mr. Harkness dealt with his subject in a way as to show everyone, contemplating a garden, how to have a successful garden without too much hard work. The speaker also outlined a number of vegetables which every family should grow for themselves, and described the cultivation of those vegetables.

Canadian Casualties.

Wounded— Ross Hart, Camden East.

Louis Fish is reported in hospital in England, suffering from bayonet wounds.

Its the Satisfaction and Comfort

Our customers derive it

FIT

of their Clothes, that is our trade.

Clothing cut to your measurements, Good Trim and care in the making, a lasting, shape-retaining garment.

JAMES WALTER

Merchant Tailoring,

ST. ANDREWS' CHURCH

(PRESBYTERIAN)

Rev. A. J. Wilson, B. pastor.

10.30 a.m.—Morning service

11.45—Sunday School Classes.

7.00 p.m.—Evening service

The pastor will preach a series of

ST. MARY MAGDALENE

Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M. pastor.

Services at S. Mary Church :

GOOD FRIDAY

Services at 8.30 a.m., 10 5 p.m. and 7.30 p.m.

The "Story of the Cross" sung at the evening service

EASTER DAY

8.00—Holy Communion.

10.30—Matins and Choral

3.00—Sunday School and service.

Special Easter Music.

Vestry Meeting, Monday,

East End Barber Shop.

Everything neat; first class men; cigars and tobacco.

J. N. OSBORNE

Bicycle Tires.

We have never had as varied a stock of tires as

The prices are the lowest for good goods. Can sell you at prices.

W. J. NOBLE

Hogs and Calves

Will ship Hogs and Calves day, April 10th. Will pay for Calves. Highest market prices for Hogs and Cattle.

FRED

'Phone 226.

THE NEW GROCERY.

Fruits in season—banana

Teacher of Piano, Organ, and Voice Culture.

A few Pupils more will be accepted.

Studio :—Dundas Street. 38tf

Call and Get Our Prices
12-6-m

**Best 30c. Tea in Nap-
anee, at JUDSON'S.**

Frown or Smile?

EVERYONE responds to face-to-face courtesy. How pleasant it is to meet the cordial, genial man.

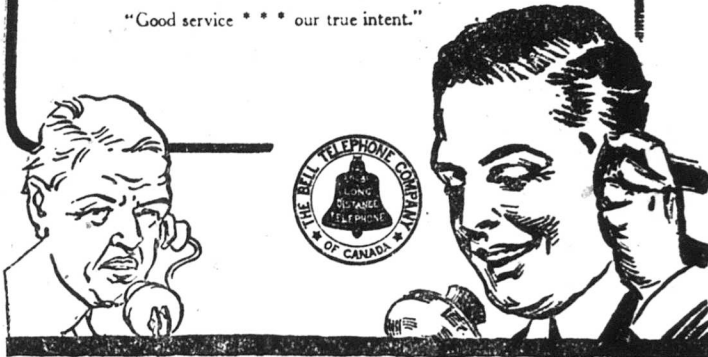
¶ And over the telephone—how one appreciates the courteous, pleasant, friendly voice!

¶ **Telephone Courtesy**, promptness in answering, the pleasant, cordial tone—these have been the making of many a modern business and this fact is being appreciated more and more every day.

¶ **Get the smile into your voice.** Practice cordiality, friendliness over the wire, and insist that all those who use your telephone do the same.

**The Bell Telephone Co.
of Canada**

"Good service * * * our true intent."



Produce All You Can

Every patriotic farmer intends to produce more food stuffs this year than ever before. Because smut was not as bad last season as in 1915, is no reason we may not have smut this year. Every year from 5 per cent. to 10 per cent. of our grain crops is destroyed by smut. For this reason

Treat all Your Seed for Smut

The method usually adopted is as follows:—Mix one pint of FORMALIN with 40 gallons of water or 2 tablespoonsful to 1 pail of water. Place the grain to be treated in a heap on clean canvas or floor. Sprinkle the Formalin solution over the grain, then shovel.

Repeat this UNTIL EVERY GRAIN IS MOISTENED by the solution; then COVER THE PILE WITH SACKING and leave for 3 or 4 hours. At the end of this time spread the grain out thinly to dry; shovelling it over three or four times will hasten the drying. Forty gallons of the Formalin solution is sufficient to sprinkle thirty or forty bushels of grain, smaller amounts in proportion.

Immersing the grain in a bag is sometimes practiced, and is equally effective.

Those requiring further information, apply to

SIR W. H. HEARST,
Minister of Agriculture,
Toronto, Ont.

GEO. B. CURRAN,
Ontario Department of Agriculture,
Napanee, Ont.

Louis Fish is reported in hospital in England, suffering from bayonet wounds.

Box Social At Hayburn.

Thursday, April 12th., fine programme, address by J. L. Haycock ex-M. P. P., on "politics." Songs by Mr. F. Lasher and Master Ralph Lasher, the U. E. L. Dramatic Club trio etc. Admission 25 cents.

ADOLPHUSTOWN CIRCUIT.

Easter services, Sunday, April 8th, as follows:

10.30 a.m.—Adolphustown.

3.00 p.m.—Hayburn.

7.30 p.m.—Conway.

The churches will be decorated and there will be special music.

Time to Pay Taxes.

All taxes due the Township of Richmond must be paid on or before the 20th day of April, or costs may be added. They may be paid at the Northern Crown Bank, Napanee.

C. N. LUCAS, Collector.

17-c

THE RIGHT VARNISH.

For furniture, linoleums, hard wood floors, vehicles, boats, inside or outside, there is nothing better than Copalline Varnish, because it dries hard, has a beautiful glossy finish, and will not turn white with water. All sizes from 25c. per 1/2 pint to \$4.00 per gallon, at WALLACE'S Drug Store, agents for Napanee.

POULTRY.

POULTRYMEN wishing to improve their stock can get fine young COCKERELS of the LEADING BREEDS, both exhibition and utility grades from M. B. MILLS, the poultry man. Call at once and get the pick of some extra good ones. Also sells the famous CYPHERS and BUCKEYE Incubators and Brooders, fully guaranteed, Incubators, \$10.60 up. Rhode Island Red Eggs for Hatching.

17-c

254th Battalion Notes.

Lieut. Blakeney reported for duty at this centre on Sunday, having returned from the School of Musketry, at Toronto.

Lieut. Denny, of the 254th Battalion, was a visitor to town on Saturday.

Private Storings has been made an Acting Sergeant.

Capt. Ingram went to Tamworth, Enterprise, Centreville and Newburgh on Monday and brought in two men.

There will be no Church Parade on Sunday (Easter Day,) as most of the men will be away on pass. The Parade on the following Sunday will be to Grace Church.

Private Mathers reported for duty this week. He is the proud possessor of a handsome wrist watch, presented to him by the patriotic people of his neighbourhood.

The plan of reserved seats for the 254th Battalion Minstrel Show, to be held in the Armouries, Napanee, will be open on Friday, April 6th, at Fred L. Hooper's Drug Store.

Thirty-five cent rush tickets will be on sale on the streets. Anyone wishing to change a rush ticket for a reserved seat, may do so by going to Hooper's Drug Store and paying an extra fifteen cents.

Order your Ford Car now. We cannot promise you present prices very long.

W. J. NORMILE.

Phone 226.

THE NEW GROCERY.

Fruits in season—bananas, grape fruit, lemons, prunes, dates, evap. peaches, cranberry dried apples.

G. W. I.

'Phone 236.

RED CROSS PROGRESSIVE HRE.

Preparations for the monthly Euchre Party to be held in the Armouries on the 10th inst. are apace, and the success of the party is already assured. It is being made to fill up as fully as possible in advance, are doubtless many who will attend, who have not yet received. No one should wait for an invitation, but should their names to Mrs. W. S. who will provide tables and seats in the galleries will be extended for those who do not wish to attend. A welcome will be extended whether they play or not. 50 cents.

NOTICE TO HORSE BREEDERS.

Mr. G. B. Curran, District Representative of the Ontario Department of Agriculture, wishes to call attention of farmers that the Ontario Department of Agriculture pay 40 per cent. of the cost of purebred stallions, under conditions. This is done to encourage the raising of more and better horses, as owing to the war there is a great world shortage of draft horses. Applications are that a group must hire a horse, that in the approval of the Dominion Stock Branch. Farmers, who take advantage of this offer to communicate at once with Mr. Curran.

THANKFUL FOR SO.

Mrs. R. Milligan of Enterprise received Letter From Soldier.

Mrs. R. Milligan of Enterprise received a letter from "Somewhere in France" from Pte. John Lanigan, Transport Section, Highlanders of Canada. He has picked out a pair of socks for Mrs. Milligan's name. The socks arrived just in time as the weather was cold.

A large number of soldiers on hand for the arrival of socks, and the writer stated named Stetham was acquainted with the sender of the socks. This has been doing his bit in the war and is now engaged with the war.

The writer pays a warm tribute to the work of the women of the war and says that the boys at home will never allow the old flag to fall as they are backed up by great workers as the Canadian women. He returned sincere thanks to the women.

Mrs. Milligan also received a letter from Mildred Lamb wife of I. Lamb, who lives at Winnipeg and is her kind gift to her.

It is of interest to note that socks sent overseas by Mrs. Milligan were just a year reaching their destination. They were shipped on Feb. 1, 1917, and were received by Pte. Lanigan on Feb. 7th, 1917.

Buy your boy a E Stock complete. right. W. J. NORMILE.

ie Satisfaction nd Comfort

omers derive from the



Clothes, that bring us
our trade.

g cut to your individual
nents, Good Trimmings,
in the making give you
shape-retaining gar-

IES WALTERS,
Tailoring, Napanee.

VDREWS' CHURCH RESBYTERIAN.)

J. Wilson, B. A., B. D.,

1.—Morning service.
day School and Bible

—Evening service.
r will preach at both ser-

MAGDALENE CHURCH
H. Coleman, M.A., Vicar
at S. Mary Magdalene

GOOD FRIDAY
t 8.30 a.m., 10.30 a. m.,
7.30 p.m.

y of the Cross" will be
evening service.

EASTER DAY
Communion.

ins and Choral Eucharist.
lay School and Children's

aster Music.
eting, Monday, 8 p.m.

erber Shop.

g neat; first class work-
s and tobacco. Give me a

J. N. OSBORNE.

s.
never had as large and
ock of tires as this year.
are the lowest possible for
Can sell you tires at all

W. J. NORMILE.

d Calves Wanted !

Hogs and Calves on Tues-
10th. Will pay \$c. to 12c
Highest market price for
Cattle.

FRED WILSON.

GROCERY.
season—bananas. oranges.

TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH

Rev. C. W. DeMille, B.A., Minister.
9.45—Morning Class.
10.30—Morning worship.
11.45—Sunday School.
7.00—Evening worship.
Services appropriate to the Easter
occasion.

Wednesday, 7.30—Prayer service.
Thursday, 8.00—Choir practice.
(On Good Friday, 3 p.m., in School
Room, the W.M.S. Easter thank-offer-
ing). Good programme.

PERSONALS

Mr. Fred Blair left on Thursday fr
Toronto.

Miss Erma Solmes is spending a
week with friends in Kingston.

Mr. Frank Brown is home from
Toronto for Easter

Mrs. R. J. Solmes is spending a few
days with her son in Toronto.

Miss Millie Young spent a few days
this week with her friend, Miss Pansy
Jackson, Morven.

Mr C. A. Anderson was in Oshawa
this week.

Mrs. W. R. Lott is spending a week
in Toronto.

Mr. W. R. Lott spent a few days
this week in Oslawa.

Mrs. Dr. Bogart, Kingston, spent
the week-end the guest of Mrs. C. A.
Wiseman.

Miss Kathleen Greer and Miss Olive
Davis are spending a few days in Bel-
leville.

Mrs. Miller, and her daughter, Mrs.
J.S. Ham, go to Toronto to-day, where
they will be Easter guests of Mr. and
Mrs. Hugh Blain.

Mrs. Dr. J. P. Campbell, Montreal,
is visiting friends in Napanee.

Mrs. W. J. Jewell spent a few days
this week in Tweed the guest of Mrs.
Holgate.

Mrs. O. R. Laidley, Belleville, spent
a few days last week in Napanee the
guest of Mrs. Egerton Vanluven.

Miss Hattie E. Miller is spending a
month with friends in New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Cole, Deseronto,
spent Wednesday in Napanee.

Miss Francis Markle will leave on
Saturday for Toronto, to spend the
Easter Holidays.

Miss Checkley is here from Toronto
for a couple of months.

Miss Nellie Sills is spending a few
days in Toronto.

Mrs Frank Bogart is spending a
couple of weeks in Picton the guest of
Mrs. Young.

Mrs. Nettie Clarke, of Marlbank,
was the guest of Mrs. John Pollard
this week, on her way to Saskatoon,
Sask.

Pte. Earl Loucks and Pte. Kenneth
Cole, Napanee, spent Sunday with
friends in Kingston.

Miss Mary Shaughnessy spent last
week the guest of Mrs. Edward Mc-
Donald, Napanee.

Mrs. Noel Flemming spent Sunday
with her husband and brother at
Kingston.

Miss Edna Howie and Mrs. Bert
Gamble spent Sunday in Kingston.

Pte. John Earl Walker has returned
from England, and is at present at
his home in Napanee.

Mrs. Jas. D. Howell of Toronto,

Farmers' Attention !

Large lot of Buttermilk for sale.
Apply at Creamery, Napanee.

BELLEVILLE CREAMERY, Ltd.
18-b

Music.

If you are thinking of buying a
Piano, Organ, Talking Machine or
Sewing Machine see us before you
buy. We trade for anything. Terms
to suit purchaser. Hundreds of refer-
ences. We want 20 horses on deals.
Also want a good second-hand boiler
for a cheese factory.

VANLUVEN BROS.

Napanee and Moscow.

P.S.—See the new Brisco car at my
place, Napanee, before you order.

Egerton L. Vanluven.

50t-f

NEW

EMPIRE TYPEWRITER For Sale

Apply at This Office.

18tf

BICYCLES

How about a Bicycle. I sell the
BRANTFORD, PERFECT and
HYSLOP, also other makes.
Bring in your Bicycle and
have it repaired.

**Inside Tubes, Guaranteed,
for 95 Cents.**

Covers, \$1.25 to \$3.25.

Also Auto Tires, Auto Oil 50c. a
gallon. All kinds Bicycle Sup-
plies. Get my prices before
buying.

Gramophones Repaired.

Horse Clippers Sharpened.

—at—

ALBERT SMITH'S

Repair Shop West of Campbell
House.

18d

IMPORTANT NOTICE !

Geo. A. Hartman has con-
tinuously on hand

GREY DORT CARS

Willis Pianos,

Deering Machinery and Engines

J. I. Case Threshing Outfit.

The Great DeLaval Cream

Separator and Silos.

Tudehope Carriages,

MINER--Means Merit

RUBBER BOOTS

that have stood the test.

Try a pair of our **WHITE**
RUBBER BOOTS at..... **\$6.00**

Wear like auto tires and made
of the same stock.

—ALSO—

The Redman Rubber Boot
which gives good service.

WEISS BROS.

Largest Shoe Dealers
NAPANEE and TRENTON.



NEW SUITS

—AT—

\$15.00

New Serges, New Worsteds New
Tweeds—Tailored in the Latest Styles
and guaranteed the Best Range of
\$15.00 Suits in Canada.

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.,

Napanee, Ont.

SPRING IS COMING

It brings the natural desire to
refit the home and supply the
table with

**New Cutlery, Cut Glass,
Silver Plate and Sterling**

Anticipating the advance in
prices in all our lines we re-
stocked early for this year's
supply in **KNIVES, FORKS,
SPOONS** and all **TABLE CUT-**

GROCERY.
season—bananas, oranges,
t. lemons, prunes, figs,
t. peaches, cranberries and
s.
G. W. BOYES,
John St.

S PROGRESSIVE EUC.
ons for the monster Progr-
re Party to be held in the
on the 10th instant, go on
the success of the under-
dreadly assured. An effort
ide to fill up as many ta-
sible in advance, but there
ss many who desire to
o have not yet been locat-
o should wait for a person-
on, but should hand in
to Mrs. W. S. Herrington
rovide tables for them.
ie galleries will be provid-
e who do not wish to play.
will be extended to all
y play or not. Admission

D HORSE BREEDERS;
Curran, District Repres-
the Ontario Department of
wishes to call to the
f farmers that the Domin-
nent of Agriculture will
cent. of the service fees
stallions, under certain
This is done to encourage
of more and better horses,
the war there is going to
world shortage of horses,
draft horses. The condi-
hat a group of farmers
a horse, that meets with
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ch. Farmers, who wish to
tate of this offer, should
e at once with Mr. Cur-

NKFUL FOR SOCKS

illigan of Enterprise Re-
Letter From Soldier.
illigan of Enterprise has
etter from "Somewhere in
m Pte. John Lamb, of the
sport Section, Cameron
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ut a pair of socks that had
m's name attached to them.
rrived just in time as the
s cold.
number of soldiers were
for the arrival of the
he writer stated that one
ham was acquainted with
of his socks. The writer
ing his bit in the trenches,
engaged with the trans-
r pays a warm tribute to
f the women of Canada,
at the boys at the front
flow the old flag to fall, so
r are backed up by such
as the Canadian women.
d sincere thanks for the
gan also received a letter
d Lamb wife of Pte. John
lives at Winnipeg, thank-
her kind gift to her hus-
interest to note that the
verseas by Mrs. Milligan
year reaching an owner.
hipped on Feb. 5th, 1916,
ceived by Pte. Lamb on
17.

our boy a Bicycle,
complete. Prices
W. J. NORMILE.

Pte. John Earl Walker has returned
from England, and is at present at
his home in Napanee.

Mrs. Jas. D. Howell of Toronto,
who has been the guest of Mr. and
Mrs. Willet Vanalsime, has gone to
Montreal to visit her daughter, Mrs. J.
F. Scruton. Mr. Scruton is Manager
of the Montreal Branch of the N. J.
Heintz Co., of Pittsburgh, Pa.

Mrs. Bruce Sutherland and wee
daughter, of Edmonton, and Mrs.
Decker, her mother, who have been
guests of Mr. and Mrs. Mabey, Odessa,
for the last month have gone to
Guelph, their former home, and will
remain there during the absence of
Capt. Sutherland, who is overseas do-
ing special head and neck surgery.

MARRIAGES.

CAMPBELL—ARMSTRONG—At Rich-
mond, on Wednesday, April 4th, 1917,
by the Rev. J. F. Everson, Mr. Loch-
lan Campbell, of Croydon, to Miss
Olive Armstrong, youngest daughter
of Mr. and Mrs. J. Armstrong.

HAMBLY—PERRY—At South Nap-
anee, on Wednesday, April 4th, 1917,
by Rev. W. S. Boyce, Jennie Perry,
daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Perry,
to Geo. Hambly, both of North Fred-
ericksburgh.

WALKER—TROTTER—At Peterboro,
on Tuesday, March 27th, 1917. Pte.
John Earl Walker, Napanee, to Maggie
Trotter, of Belleville.

DEATHS

BROWN—At North Fredericksburgh,
on Wednesday, April 4th, 1917, Alvin
Brown, aged 62 years. Funeral to-day
(Friday), at 10 a.m., from his late resi-
dence, south river road, to Riverside
Cemetery.

McKEOWN—At Kingston, on Wed-
nesday, March 28th, 1917, Arthur Mc-
Keown, of Napanee, aged 72 years.

McWAIN—At North Fredericks-
burgh, on Sunday, April 1st., 1917,
Arthur B. McWain, aged 35 years, 11
months.

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Washing Machines, Harness,
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Siding.
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are looking for, the B. L. K.
Milking Machine.
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you purchase elsewhere.

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NAPANEE, ONT.**

10-2-m

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supply in KNIVES, FORKS,
SPOONS and all TABLE CUT-
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now, and from us. We have
always recommended the best
and guaranteed our qualities.

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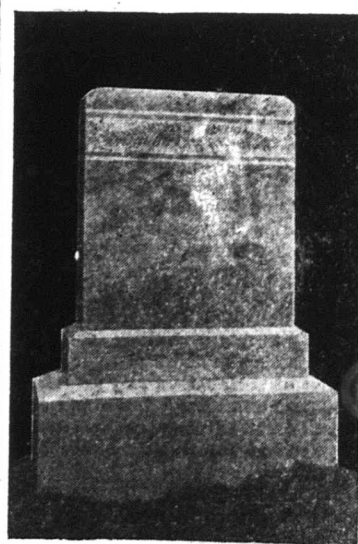
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